St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

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A. A. MELLIER, Jr.,

FOURTH AND WALNUT STS.

FOURTH AND WALNUT STS.

The finest assortment of

Fancy Goods!

Ever shown in St. Louis, imported expressly for the Holiday trade. Ladies will find novelties never before offered in the West, at prices that will astonish them.

A. A. MELLIER, Jr.,

Fourth and Walnut, Under the SOUTHERN.

SCRUGGS, VANDERVOORT & BARNEY

Special Christmas Jobs

NOW ON SALE IN

Children's Cloth Cloaks.

Several lines, comprising BROKEN SIZES and ODD LOTS, we have decided to CLOSE OUT. SUCH MARKED REDUCTIONS HAVE BEEN MADE THAT EARLY CALLERS ONLY will be at all likely to

Secure the Choice Prizes

COMMENCE IN PRICES AT $4 50.

Our Assortment of

Children's Cloth Jackets, Ulsters, and Havelocks

In REGULAR GOODS, is still complete. The last arrivals of the season are about all in.

WARNING AND ADVICE.

Santa

Claus.

LAST WEEK

Gave Timely Notice to the People of St. Louis that He Had Arrived in the City and was as usual at

BARR'S.

He would this week warn his friends of the approaching RUSH AND CRUSH, and ask them to call upon him at once, and he will in return have their selections carefully packed and delivered to suit. "A Word to the Wise," etc.

The most Wonderful Thing In St. Louis To-day is the

HOLIDAY

Exhibition at Barr's

AND NO FRIEND OF OLD ST. NICHOLAS SHOULD FAIL TO SEE IT AT

BARR'S The Largest and Leading Dealers in all kinds of LADIES' GENTS' AND CHILDREN'S GOODS in St. Louis or the West

AMUSEMENTS.

POPE'S.

"A Fool's Errand" was produced at this house, last night, to a good audience, by Steele Mackaye and his company. The play presents the strongly contrasting characteristics of society in the South during the years immediately following the close of the late civil war, and deals in several dramatic incidents that are to be found in Judge Tourgee's book, and that are particularly adapted for dramatic and scenic elaboration. Mr. Mackaye, the dramatist, has handled the story creditably, and as it is placed on the stage there is plenty of character and plot interest to amuse and hold the attention of the audience during the two hours and a half that are given to the performance. The play is put on, not only with a good cast, but with splendid new scenery by Mr. Ernest Albert. Mr. Mackaye plays the principal part, John Burleson, with a full appreciation of its artistic requirements, and makes it most acceptable to the audience as a type of the Southern gentleman. Mr. F. F. Mackay is a good Denis McCarthy, and Miss Louise Sylvester makes a splendid Achsha—a sort of recent Topsy. The other parts are well taken, especially Mr. Courtaine's John Brown, which was a splendid bit of character acting.

NOTES.

"The World" had another large house at the Grand last night.

Joe Murphy in "Kerry Gow" will be the attraction at the People's all the present week.

B., W., P. & W.'s Minstrels are giving at the Olympic the best variety entertainment ever seen in this city.

Englehardt's big whale will be on exhibition on the lot corner of Fourth and Spruce streets for a brief season, beginning December 19.

Miss Josie Bush will have a complimentary benefit at the Pickwick Theater on the evening of December 14, when she will play Parthenia, supported by several amateurs, in the play of "Ingomar."

Miss Clara Louise Kellogg will appear at the Mercantile Library Hall on the evenings of December 16 and 17 in farewell concerts.

AN economical woman saved a few dollars by putting bricks in the back part of the grate, and with that money purchased a beautiful Silver-Plated Table Castor at Simmons Hardware Company, greatly to the surprise and delight of her husband.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

J. B. Doyle, the forger, was granted a new trial, at Chicago, Monday.

Two unknown men were killed on Monday in a railway accident near Selima, Ala.

The murderer Patsy Devine is on trial at Clinton, Ill., for the murder of Aaron Goodfellow.

At Falmouth, Ky., Noah Goodpaster coldly murdered Louis Cummins. Goodpaster was intoxicated at the time.

Wyatt Osborne, of Danville, Ind., was placed under bonds Monday. He is charged with embezzling county funds.

The furniture establishment of A. D. Seaman, at Milwaukee, was badly damaged by fire Monday. Loss about $30,000.

Monroe Turner, who was so dangerously cut at Nilwood, Ill., last Thursday, by Bellis, is still alive, with prospects of recovery.

Hon. John Meacham, 75 years of age, a wealthy citizen of Battle Creek, Mich., was killed by a locomotive on Monday evening.

Two boys, Willie Johnson, aged 12, and Johnnie Lourback, aged 7, were drowned at Lyons, Iowa, on Monday, while skating on a pond.

At Ullwood, Ill., Monday, John McCulloch was sentenced to thirteen years in the penitentiary for killing John McCune several weeks ago.

Mrs. Auglin, of Antioch, Ga., fatally stabbed a woman named Mrs. Jackson, on Monday. She was jealous of the latter's attention to her husband.

Wm. Leslie, a notorious character, was shot in the neck and killed at Pittsburg, Pa., in a saloon fight with John Abernathy on the night of December 5.

A laborer by the name of Marcellus Kenzie, during a fight with John Turner, a miner, was kicked in the breast by his opponent, death occurring instantly. Turner escaped.

On Wednesday night of last week the office of the Circuit Clerk at Springfield, Ill., was burglarized of $130 and then set on fire. A warrant has been issued for Lewis Deyo, a deputy in the office of the County Clerk.

Orrin C. Thomas, connected with the grave robbery and insurance case at Buffalo, N. Y., was indicted for murder in the first degree on Monday, and David H. E. Coulton, James H. Kennedy, Chas. A. Holmes, and Parker, undertaker, for conspiracy.

The wife and three-year-old child of J. M. Lewis, a farmer of Antioch, Ga., were found lying side by side on the floor of their residence last Monday, having been beaten to death during the absence of the husband and father. A negro suspected of the crime is in jail.

C. O. WOODBURY, Esq., of Milford, Mass., states that the application of St. Jacobs Oil cured a valuable span of white horses of a severe lameness, induced by straining the veins. This led to a personal use, and we now declare it the best—the very best—in the market. Mr. W. is with a vast majority.

CITY NEWS.

The location of a new sub-Post-office in the neighborhood of the Union Depot is a matter under consideration.

Drs. Priest, Carson, Epstein and Renick, of the City Dispensary, are kept busy this week vaccinating.

All the trains at Union Depot were on time to-day, with the exception of the Wabash trains, both of which were one hour late.

A small band of Italians arrived at Union Depot on the Ohio and Mississippi to-day on their way to Arkansas, where they locate.

The Academy of Science met last night and discussed the Mound-builders, with a description of their copper tools and ornaments.

The bids for supply of meat and fish for three months to the city institutions were rejected yesterday as the quotations were too high.

The county people are to meet at Clayton next Monday to consider the establishment of a telephone line between St. Louis and the county seat.

Capt. Walbridge's company, formerly Company B of the National Guards, drilled last night at Second and Carr Streets. They have named it Company Q.

MacEvans, a clerk in the employ of Ticket Broker Garvey, who is in Europe, has mysteriously disappeared, taking with him the combination of the safe.

The pickpockets are busily engaged at this time working Fourth, Fifth and Olive streets during the shopping hours of an afternoon. Yesterday several losses were reported.

The Rev. Father Hughes, S. J., lectured last night in the post-graduate course at St. Louis University on "Some Essentials of Social Economy." There was a large attendance.

The faculty of the under-graduate department of Washington University has decided to admit no more partial students. They must enter regular classes or work toward a regular standing.

The Cotton Exchange Directory at its meeting yesterday afternoon refused to recommend a limitation of the membership. All applicants will be received upon payment of $1,000 initiation fee.

The Carondelet Gas Light Company yesterday elected the following directors: John R. Lionberger, Chas. Green, Geo. A. Madill, J. H. Lionberger, John Scullin, Erastus Wells and Thomas E. Tutt.

The Merry Knights Social Circle were surprised by their lady friends at the club rooms, 1206 South Seventh street, a few evenings since. The entertainment consisted of dancing and music, followed by a bountiful repast. It was a very pleasant affair.

The Board of Health yesterday afternoon considered the slop contract and the way in which he is executing his contract. The Commissioner complained but no action was taken and nothing was done in the matter of the slop contractor's bill for November.

The corner-stone of the colored Methodist Church on Morgan, between Eighteenth and Nineteenth streets, was laid on Sunday by the Grand Lodge of Colored Masons. A collection of $400 was taken up for the church.

Secretary Morgan, of the Exchange, was yesterday relieved of the clerical and booking duties connected with receipt and disbursement of margins. Securities on time contracts are to be deposited with banks and brokers.

Prof. Ives lectured last night at Memorial Hall upon the art treasures of the South Kensington Museum. There was a large attendance. Prof. Snow will conclude the course of lectures on London next Monday, when Westminster Abbey will be the subject.

A company of thirty-two soldiers recruited at the stations in Chicago, Louisville, Cincinnati, Philadelphia, Indianapolis and other points left Union Depot for New Mexico this morning. They enter the Fourth Cavalry there. They were collected and fitted out in this city.

The St. Louis Gas-light Company yesterday returned its past year's officers to the directory of the ensuing year, with the exception of Ellis N. Leeds, who withdrew by consent. The directory is composed of R. J. Lackland, John R. Lionberger, Gerard B. Allen and Geo. A. Madill.

The city having failed to improve and beautify Exchange Square as a park, in lieu thereof leasing the property for warehouses, etc., the heirs of the donors, Chambers, Wright and Christy, claim the ground, and it will be sold, the proceeds being divided between the city and the heirs.

The crowded condition of the Insane Asylum and Poor-house, which is likewise filled with insane patients, was a matter of discussion yesterday by the Board of Charity Commissioners. When funds permit, the Assembly is to be asked to consider additional building accommodations.

The thin attendance at the night schools was discussed by the Teachers' Committee of the School Board yesterday afternoon. The principals are to report each week to the Superintendent and a room in the Penrose School was ordered to be closed. Miss Abbie Park, director of the Madison afternoon kindergarten, having married, the Superintendent reported her, and under the rule she is required to resign. The present Compton school site and building, it is recommended, shall be sold and a new school will be erected between Park, Russell, Iowa and Nebraska avenues.

The annual meeting of the Law Library Association took place last evening, Col. Slayback in the chair. There are 404 members and 378 books have been added during the year, making a total of 9,958 volumes. The treasury shows a balance of $2,021 48; the expenditure for the year has been $1,-296 33. The privileges of the library for life were extended to W. B. Napton. The following officers were elected for the year: Arba N. Crane, president; Ed. T. Allen, vice-president; Geo. Denison, treasurer; Frank W. Peebles, secretary; L. B. Valliant, John W. Dryden, John D. Lawson and Geo. M. Stewart, directors. About fifty new members were elected in executive session.

HOW do the Simmons Hardware Company manage to sell their goods so much lower than other houses ask for the same quality of goods?

ANSWER—They buy such large lots for cash for their wholesale trade that they buy them very much cheaper than others can possibly do, and hence sell lower.

The Harpers' Stereotype Plates.

New York Cor. Cincinnati Gazette.

One of the most peculiar and striking features in our great printing houses is their immense stores of stereotype plates. They are stored in vaults beneath the sidewalk, and are hence safe from fire. Booksellers never keep such property in their own possession. The printer sets the type and casts the plates, which are then used for presswork. When the printing is done these plates are packed in small boxes, each containing about thirty pounds of metal, and stored in the vault. When another edition is called for the plates are got out and again placed on the press. A set of stereotype plates will print 100,000 impressions, after which it should be recast, but it is seldom that any book reaches such a sale as this. A volume which reaches 5,000 does very well, and few ever exceed that number, while of the greater number hardly 1,000 are sold. You can see in Harpers' vaults nearly a shipload of boxes containing such material. Each box is labeled with the name of the book, and thus all confusion is avoided. Harpers' stock of plates must have cost $150,000. If any book ceases to sell, the plates are melted for fresh use, and every year this house thus renovates a portion of their stock. Very few people have any idea of the immense quantity of metal thus put into use. An ordinary novel will fill eight boxes weighing forty pounds apiece. Such a work as Appletons' Encyclopedia would require 200 boxes or about four tons of metal. When you enter a book-store and gaze on the varied works, and then remember that they are in almost every instance stereotyped, you may form some idea of the amount of metal thus employed.

Antidote for Small-pox.

Go to Harless' drug store, southwest corner of Fifth and Market streets, and get a bottle of Maguire's *Improved* Cundurango Bitters, purge the bowels well with it twice a week to cleanse the stomach and blood, and you need have no fear of small-pox.

How Can You Tell a Good Cigar?

From the Boston Transcript.

They used to say that a good cigar could be known by the light brown specks on it. These were made by worms, the story was, and the worms were epicures in tobacco and would touch only the best. But the chemists soon found a way of simulating these worm specks. So that spoiled the test. Then there was no other guide but the ashes. If these burned white the cigar was good; if not, bad. But the enterprising tobacconists soon found a way to make the vilest cabbageneia burn as spotlessly white as the best Havana. Another test gone. Finally the makers of choice cigars put a little red label around each. This was thought to be something which would always be a sure guide. And so it would be, but unfortunately some of the manufacturers have, by a strange mistake, put the labels on the cabbagenias as well as the Havanas.

SUFFER on, groan on, sicken on, die on, if you will not use Hop Bitters and be cured.

Last Edition.

WASHINGTON.

The President's Message Delivered To-Day.

A Document That Treats of All Public Questions.

XLVII. CONGRESS.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, December 6.—The Senate met at noon.

A committee was appointed to wait on the President to notify him of their readiness to receive the message.

The committee reported the President's communication to both houses in waiting forthwith.

A bill was introduced by Ingalls granting the franking privilege to Lucretia R. Garfield.

A bill was introduced by Pendleton to regulate and improve the civil service of the United States; also a bill to prevent extortion from persons in public service, and bribery and coercion by such persons.

The President's Message.

WASHINGTON, December 6, 1881.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States:

An appalling calamity has befallen the American people since their chosen Representatives last met in the hall where you are now assembled. We might else recall with unalloyed content the rare prosperity with which throughout the year the nation has been blessed. Its harvests have been plenteous; its varied industries have thrived; the health of its people has been preserved. It has maintained with foreign governments the undisturbed relations of amity and peace. For these manifestations of His favor we owe to Him who holds our destiny in his hands the tribute of our grateful devotions.

To that mysterious exercise of will which has taken from us the loved and illustrious citizen who was but lately the head of the nation we bow in sorrow and submission. The lustre of his exalted character, of his noble achievements and of his patriotic life will be treasured forever as a sacred possession of the whole people. The announcement of his death drew from foreign governments and peoples tributes of sympathy and sorrow which history will recount as the signal tokens of the kinship of nations and the federation of mankind. The feeling of good will between our own people and that of Great Britain was never more marked than at present. In recognition of this pleasing fact, I directed on the occasion of the late

CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION AT YORKTOWN

that a salute be given to the British flag.

FOREIGN RELATIONS.

Save for the correspondence, to which I shall refer hereafter, in relation to the proposed canal across the Isthmus of Panama, little has occurred worthy of mention in the diplomatic relations of the country. Early in the year the Fortune Bay claims were satisfactorily settled by the British Government paying in full the sum of £15,000, most of which has already been distributed. As the terms of the settlement included compensation for the injuries suffered by our fishermen at Aspe Bay, there has been retained from the gross award a sum which is deemed adequate for these claims. The participation of Americans in the exhibitions at Melbourne and Sydney will be approvingly mentioned in the reports of the two exhibitions soon to be presented to Congress. They will disclose the readiness of our countrymen to make successful competition in distant fields of enterprise. Negotiations for an

INTERNATIONAL COPYRIGHT

convention are in nopeful progress.

THE SURRENDER OF SITTING BULL

and his force upon the Canadian frontier has allayed apprehension, although bodies of British Indians still cross the border in quest of sustenance. Upon this subject correspondence has been opened which promises an adequate understanding. Our troops have orders to avoid in every possible collision with alien Indians.

The presence at the Yorktown celebration of representatives of the French Republic and

DESCENDENTS OF LAFAYETTE

and his gallant compatriots who were our allies in the revolution has served to strengthen the spirit of good will which has always existed between the two nations. You will be furnished with the proceedings of the bi-metallic conference held during the summer at the city of Paris. No accord was reached, but a valuable interchange of views was had, and the conference will next year be renewed.

At the

ELECTRICAL EXHIBITION

and Congress, also held at Paris, this country was creditably represented by eminent specialists, who, in the absence of an appropriation, generously lent their efficient aid at the instance of the State Department. While our exhibitions in this almost distinctively American field of achievement have won several awards, I recommend that Congress provide for the repayment of the personal expenses incurred in the public interest by the honorary commissioners and delegates. No new question respecting the status of our

NATURALIZED CITIZENS IN GERMANY

have arisen during the year, and causes of complaint, especially in Alsace and Lorraine, have practically ceased through the liberal action of the Imperial Government in accepting our often expressed views on the subject. The application of the treaty of 1868 to the lately acquired Rhenish provinces has received very earnest attention. A definite and lasting agreement on this point is confidently expected. The participation of the descendants of the

BARON VON STEUBEN

in the Yorktown festivities, and their subsequent reception by their American kinsmen, evinced the ties of good will which unite the German people and our own.

Our intercourse with Spain has been friendly. An agreement concluded in February last fixes a term for the labors of the Spanish and American Claims Commission. The Spanish Government has been requested to pay the late awards of the commission, and will, it is believed, accede to the request as promptly and courteously as on former occasions. By recent legislation onerous fines have been imposed upon American shipping in Spanish and colonial ports for slight irregularities of the manifest. One case of hardship is specially worthy of attention. The bark "Masonic," bound for Japan, entered Manilla in distress and is there made to lie confiscated under Spanish revenue laws for an alleged shortage in her transhipped cargo. Though efforts for her relief have thus far proved unavailing, it is expected that the whole will be adjusted in a friendly spirit.

RESOLUTIONS OF CONDOLENCE

on the assassination of the Czar Alexander II. were appropriately communicated to the Russian Government, which in turn has expressed its sympathy in our late national bereavement. It is desirable that our cordial relations with Russia should be strengthened by proper engagements, assuring to peaceable Americans who visit the Empire the consideration which is due to them as citizens of a friendly State. This is especially needful with respect to American Israelites, whose classification with the native Hebrews has evoked energetic remonstrances from this Government.

A consular agreement with Italy has been sanctioned and proclaimed which puts at rest the conflicts of jurisdiction in case of crimes on shipboard. Several important internat onal conferences have been held in Italy during the year. At the Geographical Congress of Venice, the Bonifice Congress of Milan and the Nice Congress of Turin this country was represented by delegates from branches of the public service or by private citizens duly accredited for the purpose. It is hoped Congress will give such prominence to the results of their participation as they may seem to deserve.

The abolition of all

DISCRIMINATING DUTIES

against Dutch colonial productions of the Dutch East Indies as are imported hither from Holland has been already considered by Congress. I trust that at the present session the matter may be favorably concluded.

The insecurity of life and property in many parts of Turkey has given rise to correspondence with the Porte, looking particularly to the better protection of American missionaries in the Empire. The condemned murderer of the eminent missionary, Dr. Justin W. Parsons, has not yet been executed, although the Government has repeatedly demanded that exemplary justice be done again.

THE SWISS GOVERNMENT

has solicited the good offices of our diplomatic and consular agents for the protection of its citizens in countries where it is not itself represented. This request has, within proper limits, been granted. Our agents in Switzerland have been instructed to protest against the authorities of certain communes in permitting the emigration to this country of criminals or other objectionable persons. Several such persons, through the co-operation of the Commissioner of Emigration at New York, have been sent back by the steamers which brought them. A continuance of this course may prove a more efficient remedy than diplomatic remonstrance. Treaties of commerce and navigation and for the regulation of consular privileges have been concluded with Roumania and Servia since their admission into the family of European States. As is natural with contiguous States having like institutents and like aims of advancement and development, the friendship of the United States and

MEXICO

has been constantly maintained. The Government has lost no occasion of encouraging the Mexican Government to a beneficial realization of the mutual advantages which will result from more intimate commercial intercourse and from the opening of the rich interior of Mexico for railway enterprise. I deem it important that means be provided to restrain the lawnessness unfortunately so common on the frontier, and to suppress the forays of the reservation Indians on either side of the Rio Grande.

The neighboring States of

CENTRAL AMERICA

have preserved international peace and their outward relations toward us have been those of intimate friendship. There are encouraging signs of their growing disposition to subordinate their local interests to those which are common to them by reason of their geographical relations. The boundary dispute between Guatemala and Mexico has afforded this Government an opportunity to exercise its good offices for preventing a rupture between these States and for procuring a peaceful solution of the question. I cherish strong hopes that, in view of our relations of amity with both countries,

The Costa Rican Government lately formed an engagement with Colombia for settling by arbitration the boundary question between those countries, providing that the post of arbitrant should be offered successively to the King of the Belgians, the King of Spain and the President of the Argentine Confederation. The King of the Belgians has declined to act, but I am not as yet advised of the action of the King of Spain. As these certain interests in the disputed territory which are protected by our treaty engagement with one of the pact, it is important that the arbitration should not, without our consent, affect our rights, and this government has accordingly thought proper to make its views known to the parties to the agreement as well as to intimate them to the Belgian Government.

The questions growing out of the proposed

INTEROCEANIC WATERWAY

across the Isthmus of Panama are of grave national importance. This Government has not been unmindful of the solemn obligations imposed upon it by its compact of 1846 with Colombia, the independent and sovereign mistress of the territory crossed by the canal, and has sought to render them effective by fresh engagements with the Colombian Republic looking to their practical execution. The negotiations to this end after they had reached what appeared to be a mutually satisfactory solution here were met in Columbia by a disavowal of the powers which its envoy had assumed and by a proposal for renewed negotiation on a modified basis. Meanwhile, this Government learned that Columbia had proposed to the European powers to join in a guarantee of the neutrality of the proposed Panama canal—a measure which would be in direct contravention of our obligation as the sole guarantee of the integrity of Colombian territory and of the neutrality of the canal itself. My predecessor felt it his duty to place before the European powers the reasons which make the prior guarantee of the United States indispensable and for which the interjection of any foreign guarantee might be regarded as a superfluous and unfriendly act.

Foreseeing the probable reliance of the British Government on the provisions of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty of 1850 as affording room for a share in the guarantees which the United States covenanted with Colombia four years before, I have not hesitated to supplement the action of my predecessor by proposing to her Majesty's Government the modification of that instrument and the abrogation of such clauses thereof as do not comport with the obligations of the United States towards Colombia, or with the vital needs of the two friendly parties to the compact.

This Government sees with great concern the continuance of the hostile relations between

CHILI, BOLIVIA AND PERU.

An early peace between these republics is much to be desired, not only that they may be spared further misery and bloodshed, but because their continued antagonism threatens consequences which are, in my judgment, dangerous to the interests of Republican Government and calculated to destroy the best element of our free and peaceful civilization. As in the present excited condition of popular feeling in these countries there has been serious misapprehensions of the position of the United States, such as separate diplomatic intercourse with each through independent ministers is sometimes subject, owing to the want of prompt reciprocal communication, to temporary misunderstanding, I have deemed it judicious at the present time to send a special envoy accredited to all and each of them and furnished with general instructions, which will, I trust, enable him to bring these powers into friendly relations.

The Government of Venezuela maintains its attitude with great regularity in its payment of the monthly quota of the diplomatic debt. Without suggesting the direction in which Congress could act, I ask attention to the pending questions affecting the distribution of the sums thus far received. The relations between Venezuela and France growing out of the same debt have been for some time past in an unsatisfactory state, and this Government, as the neighbor and one of the largest creditors of Venezuela, has interposed itself since with the French Government with the view of producing a friendly and honorable adjustment.

I regret that the commercial interests between the United States and

BRAZIL,

from which great advantages were hoped a year ago, have suffered from the withdrawal of the American lines of communication between the Brazilian ports and our own. Through the efforts of our Minister resident of Buenos Ayres and the United States Minister at Santiago a treaty has been concluded between the Argentine Republic and Chili, disposing of the long pending Patagonian boundary question. It is a matter of congratulation that our Government has been afforded the opportunity of successfully exercising its good influence for the prevention of disagreements between the republics of the American Continent.

I am glad to inform you that the treaties lately negotiated with

CHINA

have been duly ratified on both sides, and the exchange made at Peking. Legislation is necessary to carry its provision into effect. The prompt and friendly spirit with which the Chinese Government at the request of the United States conceded the modification of existing treaties should secure careful regard for the interests and susceptibilities of that Government in the enactment of any laws relating to Chinese immigration.

Those clauses of the treaties which forbid the participation of citizens or vessels of the United States in the

OPIUM TRADE

will doubtless receive your approval. They will attest the sincere interest which our people and Government feel in the commendable efforts of the Chinese Government to put a stop to this demoralizing and destructive traffic. In relation both to China and Japan some changes are desirable in our present system of jurisdiction. I hope at some future time to lay before you a scheme for its improvement in the entire East.

The intimacy between our country and

JAPAN,

the most advanced of the Eastern nations, continues to be cordial. I am informed that the Emperor contemplates the establishment of a constitutional government, and that he has already summoned a parliamentary congress for the purpose of effecting a change. Such a remarkable step toward complete assimilation with the Western system cannot fail to bring Japan into closer and more beneficial relationship with ourselves as the chief Pacific power.

A question has arisen in relation to the exercise in that country of the judicial functions conferred upon our Ministers and Consuls. The indictment, trial and conviction in the Consular Court at Yokahama, of John Ross, a merchant seaman on board an American vessel, have made it necessary for the Government to institute a careful examination into the nature and method of this jurisdiction. It appeared that Ross was regularly shipped under the flag of the United States, but was by birth a British subject. My predecessor felt it his duty to maintain the position that during his service as a regularly shipped seaman on board an American merchant vessel Ross was subject to the laws of that service and to the jurisdiction of the United States Consul and authorities. I renew the recommendation which has been heretofore urged by the Executive upon the attention of Congress, that after the reduction of such amount as may be found due to the American citizens the balance, of the indemnity fund heretofore obtained from China and Japan and which are now in the hands of the State Department be returned to the government, of those countries.

The King of Hawaii, in the course of his homeward return after a journey around the world, has lately visited this country. While our relations with that kingdom are friendly this Government has viewed with concern the efforts to seek a replenishment of the diminished population of the Islands from outward sources to a degree which may impair native sovereignty and independence, in which the United States was among the first to testify a lively interest.

Relations of

UNIMPAIRED AMITY

have been maintained throughout the year with the respective governments of Austria, Hungary, Belgium, Denmark, Hayti, Paraguay and Uruguay, Portugal and Sweden and Norway. This may also be said of Greece and Ecuador, although our relations with those States have for some years been severed by the withdrawal of appropriations for diplomatic representatives at Athens and Quito. It seems expedient to restore those missions even on a reduced scale and I decidedly recommend such a course with respect to Ecuador, which is likely within the near future to play an important part among the nations of the Southern Pacific.

At its last extra session the Senate called for the text of the

GENEVA CONVENTION

for the relief of the wounded in war. I trust this action foreshadows such interest in the subject as will result in the adhesion of the United States to that humane and commendable engagement. I invite your attention to the propriety of adopting the

NEW CODE OF INTERNATIONAL RULES

for the prevention of collisions on the high seas and of conforming the domestic legislation of the United States thereto, so that no confusion may arise from the application of conflicting rules in the case of vessels of different nationalities meeting in tidal waters. These international rules differ but slightly from our own. They have been adopted by the Navy Department for the governance of the war ships of the United States on the high seas and in foreign waters, and through the action of the State Department in disseminating the rules and in acquainting the shipmasters with the option of conforming to them without the jurisdictional waters of the United States, they are now very generally known and obeyed. The State Department still continues to publish to the country the trade and manufacturing reports received from United States officers abroad. The success of this course warrants its continuance and such appropriation as may be required to meet the rapidly increasing demand for these publications with special reference to the

ATLANTA COTTON EXPOSITION.

The October number of the reports was devoted to a valuable collection of papers on the cotton goods trade of the world.

The International Sanitary Conference, for which in 1879 Congress made provision, assembled in this city early in January last, and its sessions were prolonged until March. Although it reached no specific conclusion affecting the future action of the participant powers, the interchange of views proved to be most valuable. The full protocols of the sessions have been already presented to the Senate.

As pertinent to this general subject I call your attention to the operations of

THE NATIONAL BOARD OF HEALTH

established by act of Congress approved March 3, 1879. Its sphere of duty was enlarged by the act of June 2, in the same year. By the last named act the board was required to institute such measures as might be deemed necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease from foreign countries into the United States, or from one State to another. The execution of rules and regulations prepared by the board and approved by my predecessor has done much to arrest the progress of epidemic disease, and has thus rendered substantial service to the nation.

THE INTERNATIONAL SANITARY CONFERENCE

to which I have referred adopted a form of a bill and recommended it to all vessels seeking to enter the ports of the countries whose representatives participated in its deliberations. This form has since been prescribed by the National Board of Health and incorporated with its rules and regulations, which have been approved by me in pursuance of law. The health of the people is of supreme importance. All measures looking to their protection against the spread of contagious diseases and the increase of our sanitary knowledge for such purposes deserve the attention of Congress.

THE REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY

represents in detail a highly satisfactory exhibit of the state of finances and the condition of various branches of the public service administered by that department. The ordinary revenues from all sources for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1881, were: From customs, $198,159,616 62; from internal revenue, $135,264,085 51; from public lands, $2,221,363 17; from tax on circulation and deposits of national banks, $8,116,115 12; from repayment of interest by Pacific railway companies, $810,883 80; from sinking fund for Pacific railway companies, $805,180 54; from customs fees, fines, penalties, etc., $1,225,514 86; from fees consular, letters patent and lands, $1,214,215 73; from the proceeds of sales of Government property, $5,247,400; from profits on coinage, $6,848,761; from revenues of the District of Columbia, $2,016,399 24; from miscellaneous sources, $6,276,880 13. Total ordinary receipts, $360,782,292,157.

The

ORDINARY EXPENDITURES

for the same period were: For civil expenses, $17,941,177 19; for foreign intercourse, $1,093,954 92; for Indians, $6,574,161 09; for pensions, $50,050,279 62; For the military establishment, including river and harbor improvements, and arsenals, $40,466,469 58; for the naval establishment, including vessels, machinery and improvements at navy yards, $15,867,037 66; for miscellaneous expenditures, including public buildings, light houses and coast survey, $14,331,397,820 50; for expenditures on account of the District of Columbia, $3,543,912 03; for interest on the public debt $82,502,741 18; for premium on bonds purchased, $106,124,578. Total ordinary expenditures, $260 712,887 59, leaving a surplus of revenue of $100,069,404 98, which was applied as follows to the redemption of bonds for

THE SINKING FUND:

$74,431,300 fractional currency for the sinking fund, $100,001,005 loan of February, 1861, $7,418,000 10-40s of 1864, $2,006,150 5-20s of 1865, $18,300 5-20s of 1864, $3,400 5-20s of 1865, $37,300 consols of 1867, $143,150,000; consols of 1867, $95,915,000; consols of 1868, $337,400. Loan in demnities, stock, $1,000,000; old demand, compound interest and other notes, $18,350, and to the increase of cash in the treasury, $14,637,022 99. Total, $374,663,404 98. The requirements of the sinking fund for the year amounted to $30,786,661 02, which sum includes a balance of $19,817,128 78 not vided for during the previous fiscal year. The sum of $74,430,221 35 was applied to this fund, which left a deficit of $16,205,873 47. The increase of the revenues for 1881 over those of the previous year was 29,352,991 10. It is estimated that

THE RECEIPTS

during the present fiscal year will reach $100,600,000 and the expenditures $250,600,000, leaving a surplus of $130,000,000 applicable to the sinking fund and the redemption of the public debt. I approve the recommendation of the Secretary of the Treasury that provision be made for the early retirement of silver certificates and that the act requiring their issue be repealed. They were issued in pursuance of the policy of the Government to maintain silver at or near the gold standard and were accordingly made receivable for all customs, taxes and public dues. About sixty-six millions of them are now out-standing. They forme and unnecessary addition to the paper currency a sufficient amount of which may be readily supplied by the national banks, in accordance with the act of February 28th 1878. The Treasury Department has monthly, caused at least two millions in value of silver bullion to be coined into standard silver dollars 102 million of these dollars have been already coined while only about 34 millions are in circulation.

For the reasons which he specifies I concur in the Secretary's recommendation that the provision for the coinage of a fixed amount each month be repealed, and that hereafter only so much be coined as shall be necessary to supply the demand. The secretary advises that the issue of gold certificates should not for the present be resumed, and suggests that the national banks may properly be forbidden by law to retire their currency except upon reasonable notice of their intention to do so. Such legislation would seem to be justified by the recent action of certain banks, on the occasion referred to in the Secretary's report.

Of the $15,000 of

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY

still outstanding only about $8,000 has been redeemed the past year. The suggestion that this amount may be properly dropped from future statements of the public debt seems worthy of approval. So also does the suggestion of the Secretary as to the advisability of relieving the calendar of United States courts in the Southern District of New York by the transfer to another tribunal of the numerous suits there pending against the Collectors.

THE REVENUE FROM CUSTOMS

for the past year was $198,159,676 02, an increase of $11,637,611 42 over that of the preceding. $168,098,562 39 of this amount was collected at the port of New York, leaving $50,251,113 63 as the amount collected at all the other ports of the country. Of this sum $47,977,157 63 was collected on sugar, and molasses; $37,285,624 78 on wool and its manufactures; $21,462,534 34 on iron and steel and manufactures thereof; $19,038,665 81 on manufactures of silk; $10,825,115 21 on manufactures of cotton and $6,469,642 04 on wines and spirits, making a total return from these sources of $133,558,720 81. The expenses of collection for the past year were $3,419,345 20—an increase over the preceding year of $387,410 04. Notwithstanding the increase in revenue from customs over the preceding year, the gross value of the imports, including free goods, decreased over twenty-five millions of dollars. The marked decrease was the value of unmanufactured wool, $14,023,682, and on that of scrap and pig iron, $12,870,671. The value of imports of sugar, on the other hand, showed an increase of $7,457,474, of steel rails $4,345,521, of barley $2,134,204, and of steel in bars, ingots, etc. 620,016. Contrasted with this the imports were as follows: Domestic merchandise $90,829,259 47, foreign merchandise $18,451,319. Total $902,377,246. Imports of merchandise $642,664,628. Excess of exports over imports of merchandise $59,712,718. Aggregate of exports and imports $15,450,419 74. compared with the previous year there was an increase of $66,738,88 in the value of exports of merchandise, and a decrease of $25,290,118 in the value of imports. The annual average of

INCREASE OF IMPORTS

of merchandise over exports thereof for ten years previous to June 30, 1873, was $104,806,922, but for the last six years there has been an excess of exports over imports of merchandise amounting to $1,180,668,103, an annual average of $196,778,017. The specie value of the exports of domestic merchandise was $376,616,473 in 1870 and $883,925,947 in 1881, an increase of $307,309,474 or 81.5 per cent. The value of imports was $435,408,408 in 1870 and $642,664,628 in 1881, an increase of $206,782,20,0 or 47 per cent. During each year from 1862 to 1879 inclusive, the exports of specie exceeded in the imports. The largest excess of such exports over imports was reached during the year 1861, when it amounted to $92,264,929, but during the year ended, June 30, 1880, the imports of coin and bullion exceeded the exports by 75,891,391, and during the last fiscal year the excess of imports over exports was $91,168,650. In the last annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury the attention of Congress was called to the fact that $169,651,060 in five per centum bonds and $203,563,750 in six per centum bonds would become redeemable during the year, and Congress was asked to authorize the refunding of these bonds at a lower rate of interest. The bill for such refunding having failed to become a law, the Secretary of the

THE TREASURY

in April last notified the holders of the $195,690,000 six per centum bonds then outstanding that the bonds would be paid at par on the first day of July following, or that they might be continued at the pleasure of the Government to bear interest at the rate of three and one-half per centum per annum. Under this notice $178,665,150 of the six per cent bonds were continued at the lower rate, and $17,635,250 were redeemed. In the month of May a like notice was given respecting the redemption or continuance of the $839,811,350 of five per cent bonds then outstanding and of these $40,1501,900 were continued at once and a half per centum per annum and $38,836,4 0 redeemed. The six per centum bonds of the loan of February 8th 1868 and of the Oregon war debt amounting together to $14,125,500, having matured during the year, the Secretary of the Treasury gave notice of his intention to redeem some, and such as have been presented have been paid from the surplus revenue. There have also been redeemed at par $16,179,100 of funded certificates of July half per centum "continued" bonds, making a total of bonds redeemed or which have ceased to bear interest. estimates during the year of $125,760,600. The reduction of the annual interest on the public debt through these transactions is as follows: By reduction of interest to 3½ per cent, $1,647,395,227; by redemption of bonds, $665,251,000; total, $1,682,629,225. The 3½ per centum bonds being payable at the pleasure of the Government, are available for the investment of surplus revenue without the payment of premiums. Unless these bonds can be funded at a much lower rate of interest than they now bear I agree with the Secretary of the Treasury that no legislation regarding them is desirable. It is a matter for congratulation that the business of the country has been so prosperous during the past year as to yield by taxation a large surplus of income to the Government. If the revenue laws remain unchanged this surplus must year by year increase on account of the reduction of the public debt and its burden of interest and because of the rapid increase of our population. By the

CENSUS OF 1880

it is now found to exceed fifty millions. It is estimated that, even if the annual receipts and expenditures should continue as at present, the entire debt could be paid in ten years. In view, however, of the heavy load of taxation which our people have already borne, we may well consider whether it is not the part of wisdom to reduce the revenues, even if we delay a little the payment of the debt.

It seems to me that the time has arrived when the people may justly demand some relief from the enormous burden and that by due economy in the various branches of the public service this may readily be afforded. I therefore concur with the Secretary in recommending the abolition of all international revenue taxes except those upon tobacco in its various forms and upon distilled spirits and fermented liquors, and except also the special tax upon the manufacturers of and dealers in such articles. The retention of the latter tax is desirable as affording the officers of the Government a proper supervision of these articles for the prevention

The Guiteau Trial.

WASHINGTON, December 6.—Upon the opening of the court this morning Guiteau announced that he had prepared an order for the attendance of the witnesses he had suggested on Saturday and would desire to sign it at once. The order was handed Judge Cox. Scoville called Geo. Gorham, editor of the Republican, but he did not respond. Chas. B. Farwell, member of Congress from Chicago, took the stand and was questioned on the feelings between the factions of the Republican party just prior to the election of President Garfield. Judge Porter objected to taking up the time of the court by this kind of witness.

Witness was questioned as to his acquaintance with the prisoner. The prisoner called upon him (witness) at Chicago and, showing him some newspaper slips, said he was about to purchase the Inter-Ocean, and told the witness that if he would loan him $200.00 he would make him (witness) President of the United States.

Guiteau (emphatically): That is false. I never made any such a proposition. I asked him to invest some money in the enterprise, but he said he had already put $10,000 into the Inter-Ocean, and would not put in any more.

Witness again saw the prisoner in this city in March last. The prisoner had a recommendation for the Paris Consulship, and wanted witness to sign it.

The witness never thought the prisoner a sane man. Upon cross-examination witness was asked if in the conversations mentioned he had any opportunity to form an opinion whether the prisoner is able to judge between right and wrong.

Scoville objected to the question and argued at great length in support of his objection. Guiteau continually broke in and insisted the question had no bearing on the case, that his mind all through was blank on the question of right and wrong, that he was impelled by inspiration which he could not resist.

Judge Cox held the question could be entertained, and it was again put. The witness thought there were grades of insanity, and did not think the prisoner so insane but that he could distinguish between right and wrong. Scoville desired to note an exception. Guiteau again broke in excitedly: "I want this understood right here—it will put a stop to all this irrelevant nonsense: I acted from inspiration."

Judge Cox: "Well, that will do, prisoner; you have said that a good many times, and you must not interrupt the court again."

GORHAM

took the stand. A discussion ensued between counsel upon the form of questions, in which Guiteau insisted on taking part. Turning to Scoville, he said: "You are getting a little cracked yourself on this subject. I want to leave your line of defense. It is altogether too narrow." Gorham was told to step down, when Guiteau shouted out: "Come back, Mr. Gorham; I want to ask you a few questions. I want you to state whether you did not write and publish in last April, May and June a great many bitter items denouncing President Garfield for wrecking the Republican party."

STOVE DEALERS may send their wives to the reliable dry goods store of B. Nugent & Bro., and thereby avoid houses that strive to undersell them on waille irons.

BOOT AND SHOE DEALERS can buy their wives and daughters handsome Christmas dresses without helping on their mortal enemies, by patronizing the reliable dry goods store of B. NUGENT & BRO.

RECEPTION by E. Jaccard Jewelry Co. this day and evening, Fifth and Olive.

BOOK DEALERS are probably too well posted to need to be told that in buying dry goods at the reliable dry goods store of B. Nugent & Bro., they not only save money, but also avoid helping to build up an arch enemy to their business.

A SCENE OF SPLENDOR.

The Remarkably Brilliant Exhibition of the E. Jaccard Jewelry Co.

Objects of Art in Endless Variety—Some Charming Goods for Christmas.

If the hundreds of people who stop in front of the windows of the E. Jaccard Jewelry Company and admire the miniature expositions, a dozen or more in number, contained therein, each abounding in objects of art as rich as beautiful and otherwise attractive as one could wish to look upon, would only step inside and, after passing through the vast and brilliant store-room, would accept the invitation extended to everybody to visit the exhibition on the lower floor, they would be both delighted and surprised at the splendor and richness of their surroundings, for the scene there presented is one of extraordinary beauty. It surpasses anything of the kind the POST-DISPATCH reporter has yet been privileged to view. The sights in the windows and the multiplicity of gleaming articles and charming decoration in the upper storeroom had been a source of measureless pleasure to him. The eloisonne gold, bronze and enameled clock designed like a Gothic cathedral, and with every minutia of elaboration carefully and artistically considered and carried out, which, with a pair of candelabra in enamel and gold bronze, is seen in the window near Fifth, on the Olive street side, and is valued at $900, was itself the occasion of much astonishment and admiration. This clock, which is a marvel of skilful workmanship, strikes the hours and quarters and has a Westminster chime sweeter and more extensive than the carillons of the Pilgrim Chapel here. The variety and elegance of the interior of the store, with its leafy and floral ornamentation, its shining show cases and glistening shelves, its tables heaped high with Christmas cards and its cabinets made doubly attractive by the quantity and quality of Christmas goodies they hold, to the reporter's eye, was higher in its appreciation of the taste and wealth of the proprietors of the place. But when he got down stairs, and Mr. Durgin turned him over to Mr. Eugene Cuendet, who piloted him through the mazes of the glorious exhibition there given, his appreciation of the scene surpassed expression in word, and could be but poorly presented in type to the readers of the POST-DISPATCH, who must see before they can believe in the existence of so much beauty and brilliancy as are here to be witnessed.

The entire lower floor is given up to this free exhibition, which will be open to the public to-day and to-morrow, remaining open until 10 o'clock each evening. The room is larger than the store above, as it extends under the Fifth and Olive street sidewalks. A half dozen elegant candles flood the place with light and bring out in all their fulness the brightness and value of the articles there displayed. Cases with glass doors stand against the walls and are filled with vases, clocks, statuary and other costly and charming articles in porcelain, marble, bisque, bronze, gold, etc. The other space is given up to long tables, show cases, pedestals, large vases and antique furniture, with plaques, bronzes and statuettes generously distributed everywhere. Micely the florist, has festooned the room and the stairway leading thereto with strings of evergreen, while huge foliage and bright flowers break through the picture at various points, and colored feather grasses hang in spreading branches from frequent points in the ceiling. Ebony cabinets were laden with small Viennese and other decorative bits, and one large case near the door was provided with plaques handsomely painted, principal among which was one entitled, "Coming from the Fishing," in which a string of hard-featured and strong-limbed women of Brittany were represented leaving the sea coast for home. Another plaque had a beautiful iridescent effect in the gold decorations on its surface. It is impossible to do justice to the exhibition. Every article is worthy of note and would furnish a descriptive writer with a splendid opportunity to wield his pen. The POST-DISPATCH reporter will, therefore, confine himself to mentioning a few objects he saw. An old Dutch bureau that came from the hands of the cabinet-maker 150 years ago awakened childish recollections of stories in which the good son found the will of his great grandfather or some book-loving ancestor in a secret panel, and on the front of this bureau was a full set of secret panels, besides being a beautiful specimen of marqueterie work with gilt brass mountings. Bronze cats and bronze monkeys, for which there is a present rage, were there in profusion. In plush goods there were large easels with scarfs thrown around them and presentation cushions handsomely embroidered with gold. "Chloris" is the name of a small Hortense Richard painting from the Paris salon. Immense sarreguemines vases from Lorraine were exquisitely finished. Bronze applique leaves on faience vases were among the novelties in this line. A Nubian figure in bronze had all the breadth and freeness of expression of one of Fortuny's color pieces. A fish girl is another piece of bronze by Carpeaux, the author of "The Dance," a famous group outside of the Grand Opera house, Paris. Brass pedestals, designed as columns, forged iron panels with mediæval figures, cast-iron, stamped and chiseled bronze panels, some of them with plush mountings. A new and hand-some piece of bisque styled "Venus and Cupid," satsuma and cloissone vases, large musical boxes, Viennese and other decorative articles in endless variety, clocks in faience, cloisonne and bronze, banquet lamps, small bronze sevoyards, gold and silver bronze figures, and beautiful paintings by Hilliard, of Boston, were among the objects to be seen. A cloisonne clock swinging between two arches of gold bronze with gold candelabra at either side was valued at $325. It came here too late for the Fair. The exhibition is altogether, in general arrangement and detail, remarkably beautiful and brilliant, and speaks volumes for the enterprise of the E. Jaccard Jewelry Co., and the appreciation its managers have for the high degree of artistic taste that is possessed by the people of St. Louis. The E. Jaccard Jewelry Co. is the only jewelry house outside of Atlanta represented at the Atlanta Exposition. They have a $50,000 exhibition there.

FIVE YEARS.

Con. Delaney Sentenced for Aiding an Indecent Assault on a Woman.

Con. Delaney appeared in the Criminal Court to-day and asked to be allowed to withdraw his plea of not guilty to a charge of an attempt to commit an immoral assault and to enter a plea of guilty to the charge. Delaney was arrested on June 2d this year on a warrant charging him with being present, aiding and assisting John Slinger and John Murphy in an assault on Mary Jaskson, a married woman living in Carondelet. When arraigned to-day and asked if he had anything to say, he said: "Your Honor, I did not know where Murphy was going when I met him, and when he entered Mrs. Jackson's house I didn't lay hands on her." Judge Laughlin said he did not see a single palliating circumstance about the matter. The three young fellows entered the house and attempted to overpower Mrs. Jackson. After hearing the statements Judge Laughlin said if Murphy had succeeded in his purpose the punishment would be from five years in the penitentiary to death. It had not succeeded, but that according to Mr. Jackson's testimony, was no fault of theirs. "I do not think I would be executing the law if I did not give you the severest penalty. I sentence you to imprisonment in the penitentiary for a term of five years.

SATURDAY NIGHT there was a most delightful party at the Roller Skating Rink. The same kind of skates used there can be purchased at Simmons Hardware Company.

INTERESTING EXHIBITION of useful and ornamental articles for Holiday gifts to day. E. Jaccard Jewelry Co., Fifth and Olive.

An Elegant Addition to the Livery Accommodations of St. Louis.

The new and commodious stables of our fellow-citizen, Patrick Monahan, located at Nos. 928 and 930 North Seventh street, opposite his old stand, is now open and ready to accommodate such of our people as may need the use of first-class vehicles of every description. The undertaking department of the establishment is so far advanced as to enable Mr. Monahan to promptly attend to all business of this character intrusted to his care. An experience of eighteen years gives Mr. M. an advantage in this line possessed only by few in our community.

A SAVING

WHICH APPRECIABLY LESSENS

Household Expenses

LADIES,

You are Interested

In our great sale of BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING. A saving of $2 50 or $1 50 or even $1 on a Boy's Suit or Overcoat makes a material difference in the course of a year, and assists greatly in solving the ever-perplexing question of Domestic Economy.

Every BOY'S AND CHILD'S SUIT AND OVERCOAT in our stock is marked down in PLAIN RED FIGURES far below value. We are going to improve our present premises and must sell. We urge you to call soon, ascertain the truth of our clearing sale and secure some of our great bargains in

Boys' and Children's Suits,
Boys' and Children's Overcoats,
Boys' and Children's Extra Pants,
Boys' and Children's Shirt Waists,
Boys' and Children's Department.

POLACK'S

S. E. Cor. Fourth and Olive.

ABOUT TOWN.

EIGHT cases made up the docket of the Second District Police Court to-day.

THE St. Louis Hungarian Society will Wednesday, December 7, 1881, 8 p. m., at J. Rombauer's, 1949 Lafayette.

RUDOLPH HENRICH, a destitute sick man, was removed from Third and Schirmer streets to Carondelet, to-day to the City Hospital.

THURSDAY will be the feast of the Immaculate Conception, and will be a holiday of obligation in the Catholic Church. Masses in the various churches will be held as on Sunday.

MRS. HEATH, a colored woman, reported to the police last evening that when she returned to her home, No. 1402 Morgan street, she found her husband dead on the floor. He died of bronchitis.

PATSEY NORTON, who was fined $500 on Sunday in the Second District Police Court for vagrancy, and granted a stay for twelve hours, failed to leave the city. He was re-arrested this morning the execution was ordered to-day, and Patsey was sent down.

THE committee appointed by the National American Association to make final arrangements for the concert given by them for the benefit of the poor met last evening and completed their labors. They have secured the services of Prof. Sherwood, of Boston, the great American pianist, and various local celebrities. It will be given at Mercantile Library Hall the 23d of December.

GLASSWARE MEN, you can buy your wives a Christmas silk dress without patronizing your competitors, by dealing with the reliable dry goods store of B. Nugent & Bro.

TILL 10 p. m. this day the Art Parlor of the Jaccard Jewelry Co. will be open to the public, Fifth and Olive.

TOY DEALERS, for reasons altogether too numerous to mention, will never—never—never—buy a stitch of dry goods anywhere than at the reliable dry goods store of B. NUGENT & BRO.

NORTH ST. LOUIS ITEMS.

From the advance sheet of the Gruner Timbers Lumber Company's annual report, the following is taken: Sales $40,000,000 feet; including hard woods, 13,000,000 feet; now in stock 8,000,000 feet. The largest monthly sale was in August, when between 3,500,000 and 4,000,000 was taken in.

Yesterday noon an accident occurred to Herman Rowe, which will in all probability cost him his life. Rowe was at work repairing a chimney on the two-story brick dwelling No. 3421 N. Tenth, when he slipped and fell to the ground. He was picked up and conveyed to his residence, No. 3416 Klem street. Drs. Bell and Summa were called in and pronounced his injuries as fatal. An examination showed that the right eye of the unfortunate man was knocked out, the base of the skull and lower jaw broken and

COAL.

The Status of the Miners' Strike This Morning.

How the Union Views the Russian Hebrew Exodus.

The Arguments of the Strikers Are Arson and Bulldozing."

General Survey of the Situation in the Coal-Fields.

The situation in the coal regions this morning was no better than yesterday. Quite a number of the miners have gone to work, but a careful survey of the whole district shows that there are between twelve and thirteen hundred men out on the strike and not more than between three or four hundred at work. The strikers are a peculiarly lawless and desperate set of men. Many of them are from the mines of Wales and Cornwall, the latter from the coal fields of Pennsylvania, and they are men used from their babyhood to strikes and trades unions. A POST-DISPATCH reporter after a rather exhaustive study of the situation came to the conclusion that not more than twenty per cent of the striking miners were men whom he would admire to meet in a lonely lane on a dark night. The strikers are not essentially better men than the others. They are the same class with the addition of having gone back on their employers. These being the men who are at the bottom of the disturbances in the Belleville district, it need surprise no one to learn that outrages are occasionally committed. Ignorant, intemperate, with nothing to lose, striking coal miners may be expected to provide some interesting reading matter for the people of St. Louis during the coming winter. The Belleville District, to which this article is confined, is an arbitrary patch of country including St. Clair county and part of Madison. It includes the territory covered by the subordinate lodge of the Belleville Coal Miners' Association, an organization which was supposed to have died, but which, in the last two weeks, has accomplished a most successful resurrection. Years ago the coal miners working in the fields just across the river formed a very strong union, which was able in a short time to dictate terms to the coal operators and consumers. It ran the mines in every sense of the word, and it took a fight of nearly two years to break the organization up. The break-up was accomplished in the end more by internal dissensions than by outside influences.

The strike, which began about two weeks ago was at first supposed to have been engineered and fomented by the pooled coal operators, but this supposition proved at once unfounded, as the chief violence of the strikers was directed at once against the pool operators. Mr. Harris, the largest operator outside of the pool, has a contract with his men by which they have agreed to work for the present year at three cents per bushel, and his men have stuck by him during the present struggle despite the desperate efforts of the union men to take them out of office.

TALKS WITH MINERS.

As to the temper of the miners the following interviews will give a clear view: James Ogilvie, formerly an employe of Donk Brothers in the mines near Centerville, was asked about the strike. "I am a union man," said he, "have been all my life. They are down on us and are trying to starve us out of the union altogether, but they won't succeed. That is the real state of the case: We go to work whenever there is work to do. We are willing and are willing to work all the time. They won't let us work more than half time and do our best we can't make more than $30 a month. Now, I have a wife and kids to take care of, and I'd like to know how it is going to be done on that sum?" "Why don't you go to work at something else?" "There is nothing else that I know how to do. This whole trouble is got up by the operators themselves. They are limiting the supply of coal, you know, and so are regulated. They say we will be driven out of business—but they are forced out of business. I think, just taking operator after operator, and miners man for man, we have a right to make sixty dollars a month than we have to make six hundred. Of course a man should don't go for a damn in this country, but that's the way we look at it." "Then they say there are too many miners here?" "There are not. The trouble is that there is not enough coal mined. They wouldn't make any profit, though, and the people of St. Louis wouldn't have to pay as much for coal." "And what are you going to do?" "We are going to get four cents a bushel on coal or two cents on foot time, or there will be mighty little coal mined in the Belleville district this year." "Will you resort to violence?" "We will resort to anything to live, and it's a fight to the death with us."

Miles Evans, another Centerville miner, a few moments later. "Yes," said he, "I am a union man, and that's about the only thing you'll find about here. I was a union man in Wales, and I was a union man in La Salle Valley. What do you want?" "Only a little information—what are you going to do?" "We are going to get four cents a bushel for our coal. And we are not going to let a lot of Jews come in here and take the bread out of our mouths either." "Those Russian Jews have gone to work already, haven't they?" "Yes, some of them have. I don't wonder at it. Those who knew how to drive 'em out. The beggars is the sort of coves that would cut in on any one and take the bread out of his mouth. Why, I'll tell you that we mean business. The fellows don't seem to know what kind of a hornet's nest they've got into; but if they've got any idea over in St. Louis they had better come over and take them out of the mines before some of them get hurt. There's plenty of work for them to do without coming here, and if they mean to stay here my name's Evans some of them will have to be lugged away in nearses." "Have the union men tried to get them out peaceably?" "Committees have gone there and talked to them, but you might as well talk to the walking machines—they can't understand anything but that they have work—and they mean they are going to stick." "I have heard something of a shooting affray near the mines, but I don't believe there was anything of it. Anyhow nobody was hurt."

SHERIFF ROBINSON'S REPORT.

Sheriff Robinson this morning reported the situation all along the line. The only trouble anticipated trouble was at the Belleville mines, where deputies were employed. At Freeburg, about six miles south of there, he had taken all the precautions he could and awaited the result. "I don't imagine that there will be any trouble. I think there will be any to-day, at least. I don't think the union is quite as strong as they evidently up to some mischief. They are evidently up to something, and I am watching every point as closely as I can." "What precautions have you taken?" "I have sworn in about twenty Deputy Sheriffs, who are stationed around at the different mines, and in some cases I have provided a supply of Springfield rifles for the non striking miners. Of course these guns will not be used unless there is decidedly necessity, which, I hope, will not arise." "Sheriff, Mr. Robinson, that there should be trouble, what resources have you at your command for maintaining law and order, that are not already employed." "There is no militia here." "There are companies, but they don't amount to much. There are only about fifteen of them, and they will not move without the Governor's command." "You are just taking the chances?" "That's about it. I am doing all I can with what means are at work?"

THE MINERS.

Over at Belleville, Dutch Hollow, Harris', Reinecker's, Donk's, Voorh's, Tay Lines' and the Northwestern Mining Company. Of course all of them except Harris' are only working a few men. Some of them are paying four cents."

THE OPERATORS.

Almost all the operators are sticking close to their mines, watching the strikers and working what men they can get. Mr. Lajou, the oldest operator in the mines, was seen by a reporter. "You can take my word for it," said he, "that the trouble all comes from employing union men. I wouldn't have a union man in my mines. A miner can strike on me once, but I'd like to see him do it a second time. If you say anything about this strike you can just say this, that the coal miners have only two arguments—arson and bulldozing. You can look out for them at night, and when there is a hundred of them against a couple of men. They know me, d—n 'em, and if they come fooling round my mines I'll be d—d if I don't fill some of them with buckshot, and that's all there is about it."

Mr. Donk has not yet got as many hands as he wants. The Russian Jews are hard workers, and he means to protect them to the end. Of course there would be some effort at intimidation, but he does not anticipate any serious trouble.

The feeling of the Russian emigrants is said to be one of serious alarm at the situation. They have fled from one persecution to get into the heat of one no less bitter, and as they are men whose spirits have been entirely broken they are liable to be badly imposed upon.

DRESSMAKERS know what's what too well to buy a dollar's worth of dry goods anywhere else than at the reliable dry goods store of B. NUGENT & BRO,

EAST ST. LOUIS.

The Men Who Shot the Mayor Found Guilty and Fined.

The case of John J. McLean vs. Marcellius Moucherout was given to the jury in the Belleville Circuit Court about seven o'clock last evening, and at half-past nine a verdict was rendered finding Moucherout guilty. The suit, it will be remembered, grew out of a dispute over a piece of property in the suburbs of the city. Moucherout and McLean both claimed the same piece of property. Moucherout held possession, and on the 28th of last April, when the high water was at its highest stage, McLean and two police officers went to the disputed ground for the purpose of having a fence built and trying Moucherout's mettle. The piece of property was under about seven feet of water when the Mayor and his bodyguard arrived, but this did not deter them from their purpose. Two negroes, whom the Mayor had taken with him, were ordered to begin work. Moucherout appeared and ordered the Mayor and his men to leave the premises. A war of words followed, in which McLean and his men were apparently successful, Moucherout retreating towards his house. He reappeared shortly afterwards with a shotgun and pointed it at the Mayor's party. The two police and negroes scrambled behind trees, but McLean was not so fortunate, some of the shot striking him in the face, ruining the sight of one of his eyes. McLean returned fire with a revolver, the bullet striking Moucherout in the neck, inflicting a flesh wound. McLean was carried home, where he lay for a month in a very dangerous condition. The trial attracted a very large crowd and was watched with interest by many interested parties. Both sides secured able attorneys, Holder, Halbert and Noetling appearing for McLean and Moucherout being defended by Bennett, Perrin and Dill. The defense built their hopes of acquittal on showing the Mayor and police to be desperate characters, and had no regard for the feelings of the prosecuting witnesses. The unfortunate affair of McLean's, which terminated in the shooting of Sadler, his best friend, was vividly pictured to the jury. The troubles of 1878 and 1879 were all reviewed to show the character of Officer Wallace, and the riot which took place on the 30th of June, '79, which resulted in the death of three men at the hands of the party, in which Wallace took a prominent part, was retold to the jury, and had a lasting effect, McLean was deeply moved, and regretted the necessity of calling those events, which was a disgrace to the city and so repugnant to all who had the misfortunes of being implicated. His own sad affair with Sadler he regretted most sincerely and would not have it recalled for all East St. Louis. The shooting was purely accidental, the intended victim being Bill McLaughlin. The jury were divided at the close of the arguments, and, a ter two hours' wrangling, compromised on a verdict of guilty, with a recommendation to the Judge to impose the lightest fine possible. The Judge, after a lengthy address, fined Moucherout $50 and costs, but on motion of Mr. Bennett reduced the fine $10. The fine and costs will amount to about $70.

The Catholic Knights of America will hold their regular semi-monthly meeting at St. Patrick's Hall to-night. Business of importance to the members will be transacted.

PICTURE-DEALERS can buy dry goods and not help build up an institution that's trying to spoil their little game on cheap chromos by sticking to the reliable dry goods store of B. NUGENT & BRO.

Two Chinamen Embark on Roller Skates.

Among the fashionable visitors at the Natatorium last night were Hing Lee and Ah Sam, two Chinamen. They are the two most enterprising Celestials of this city, and as they had read about the Roller Skating Rink they determined to try it. With a guileless grin on their fine open countenances they paid their entrance fee and passed in. They presented a vision of rare loveliness, arrayed in rich black silk polonaises with a single file of buttons down the front. After asking for and receiving a pair of "shoes on wheels" they put them on and started off at a terrific rate of speed, but alas! they had forgot ten to put on the air-brakes and soon they saw that a collision with the pretty young lady coming towards them was inevitable. "Whoa, stopee," yelled Hing Lee and Ah Sam, but the Chinamen's skates responded not to the cry, and four Chinese legs flew into the air and two Chinese pigtails cracked like whips, while each essaying to pull himself up by the other left them for some time struggling in confusion. As soon as they recovered their self possession, Hing Lee said: "Let's takee off blad skatee;" to which Ah Sam replied: "Yes, we will; and glow to Simmons Hardware Co. and gletee goodee skatee, that no makee Chinaman fallee." Moral: Buy the best Roller Skates and don't fall.

I HAVE the utmost confidence in the mails. Enclose $1, for two boxes, or $2 50 post-office order for six boxes of Celery and Chamomile pills and I will take all risk for money and goods. Dr. C. W. Benson, 106 North Eutaw street, Baltimore, Md.

DEALERS IN BRONZES AND STATUETTES know that excellence in all departments of trade is not attainable by any one house; therefore, when they want dry goods, they are going to patronize the only reliable dry goods store of B. NUGENT & BRO.

Ready for Work.

The Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company have almost completed their office in the rotunda of the Lindell. This morning the instruments were put in and a handsome young lady was on hand receiving telegrams. She stated that business was not exactly rushing, but that she was doing very well. The Western Union has as yet made no answer to Mr. Scudder's demand for the payment of rent. It is pretty certain, however, that the company will not stick to its former threat to withdraw, but will quietly settle down to business in the hotel. The Mutual Union has secured space beside the Western Union and will begin work at the office next week.

Fine Cakes and Candies

At very low prices at L. Mohr's Confectionery, 1424 Chouteau avenue.

"Move On."

Chief Kennett has notified the proprietresses of the houses of ill-repute on Ninth, between Pine and Chestnut streets, that their removal to some other streets would meet with official approval. The real estate men and owners of houses in this locality are objecting to this, but the women must go, the police say. Many of the proprietresses have spent thousands of dollars in fitting up and renovating these houses, and they also object to being moved.

ROLLER SKATES.

All Kinds at Simmons Hardware Company.

Fruit Cakes.

Order your Christmas and New Year's Cakes of L. Mohr, 1424 Chouteau avenue.

THE EX-DISBARRED DOWNED.

He Has to Retract His Statement Concerning the Boland Letter.

Dismissal of the Johnson Damage Suit Against Simmons and Kennett,

But Gov. Johnson Holds Maxon and the Mayor Responsible—Scene in Judge Lindley's Court.

A large gathering in Judge Lindley's court this morning at the opening hour indicated that something of an unusual character was about to transpire. The Judge arrived late and looked down from his bench upon a crowded bar, the prominent figures of which were the counsel connected with the Police Board scandal and the gambling imbroglio. As soon as the ear of the court could be obtained John D. Johnson said: "In the suit of Chas. P. Johnson against Wm. L. Ewing and others, which was an action for libel based upon the publication of an affidavit made by one Morgan Boland and one J. D. Black, I desire here to enter a dismissal as to Ferd. Kennett, E. C. Simmons and Frank J. Bowman. The remaining parties defendant in this suit whom we hold liable are William L. Ewing and John H. Maxon. From information which has come to the knowledge of the plaintiff we are satisfied that at the time of the alleged publication neither Chief Kennett nor the other two parties, Bowman and Simmons, were responsible for its procurement. We are satisfied from the information since received that these parties knew nothing of the means or circumstances attending the procurement of such affidavit. The attorney defendant, we are convinced, acted solely as a counselor at law in the matter. There have been certain allusions made."

The Court: "Mr. Johnson will you allow the Court to interrupt you? The Court is sitting here to try cases and not to hear any statements and explanations in the matter to which you allude. If any ventilation is sought it can be done elsewhere; the press is only too anxious to give publication to such matters."

Mr. Johnson: Your Honor, this is a public forum, and the statement I desire to make bears directly upon the dismissal as to some of these defendants. There are public interests involved in the issues of this suit.

The Court—Well, you desire to dismiss as to certain parties, and that is all there is in it. I am waiting to go on with my docket, which is heavily burdened, and I shall not sit here to listen to anything but the trial of cases before me. Too much use is made of the courts to bring matters before the public, and it cannot be done here.

Mr. Johnson: Your Honor, I have the right to let our motives be known here for dismissing as to some of the defendants.

The Court, sharply: The plaintiff finds that these parties have not been offensive to him and he dismisses as to them. What more is necessary to be said?

Mr. Johnson: If the court will bear with me only a moment I wish to say that certain statements were made on Saturday to the effect that Clerk Clabby, of the Criminal Court, would testify as to the plaintiff in this suit, and that one Boland had in his possession a certain letter purporting to be from the plaintiff which would be produced. The attorney against whom we now dismiss is here to make a statement.

The Court, sharply: I see him here, but I do not propose to hear from him. I will see whether I preside over this court and its proceedings or not.

Mr. Johnson: The attorney defendant is prepared to state that he is now convinced that such letter is not in the possession of Boland, and that Mr. Clabby would not testify in the way requested.

The Attorney: I am here prepared to make a statement to that effect, and—

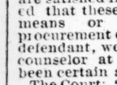
The Court, firmly: Mr. Bowman, I will not hear you.

Mr. Johnson: Such a statement is entirely proper at this time, and should be made here.

The Court: Hire a hall! That is my feeling on such a subject. [Suppressed laughter.] Having thus been firmly sat down upon, no further statement was made on either side and the parties withdrew from the court-room followed by the crowd.

MILLINERS can certainly see the point at once—the only proper place for them to buy dry goods is at the reliable dry goods store of B. NUGENT & BRO.

STEAMBOATS



FOR SALE—The light draught steamer RED WING. 232 feet long, 32¼ feet beam; engines 20 inches and 7 feet stroke; all in good repair and one of the best investments now on the Levee. Inquire of P. P. Manion, 809 N. Levee.

"NOTICE TO SHIPPERS SOUTH."

No freight will be received on St. Louis and Vicksburg Anchor Line wharfboat after 5 o'clock p. m.

JNO. A. SCUDDER.

Lower Mississippi.

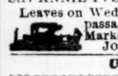
ST. LOUIS AND VICKSBURG ANCHOR LINE U. S. Mail Line

For Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg, Leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Str. BELLE OF MEMPHIS.....McKee. Master
Will leave on Tuesday, Dec. 6, 5 p. m.

Packets for Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman and Memphis, leave Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays
Str. JOHN B. MAUDE.....Brolaski, Master
Leaves Wednesday, Dec. 7, at 5 p. m.

Packets for Ste Genevieve, St. Marys, Chester and Grand Tower.
Str. E. O. ELLIOTT.....Postal, Master
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4 o'clock p. m.
JOHN BIRD, Agent.

ST. LOUIS & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRANSPORT'N CO.
Office on wharfboat, foot of Elm street.
H. C. HAARSTICK, Prest. H. LOUREY, Vice-Prest.



For New Orleans
Str. OAKLAND and Barges.
Leaves Thursday, Dec. 8, at 5 p. m.
For freight rates to New Orleans and points in Texas, apply to
WM. F. HAINES, Ft. Agt.

FOR NEW ORLEANS AND WAY LANDINGS.
The Magnificent Steamer
Str. ANNIE P. SILVER.....Keith, Master
Leaves on Wednesday, Dec. 7, 5 p. m. For freight or passage apply on board wharfboat foot of Market st.
JOHN W. CARROLL, Gen. F'g't Agt.

Upper Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND ST. PAUL PACKET LINE.
For Hannibal, Quincy, Canton, Warsaw and Keokuk.
Str. MINNEAPOLIS.....Dave Asbury, Master
Leaves Tuesday, Dec. 6, 4 p. m.
For passage, or freight rates, apply at general office on wharfboat foot of Olive street.
JENKINS & SASS, Agts.
JOHN F. BAKER, Gen. Freight Agt.

ST. LOUIS AND CLARKSVILLE PACKET.
For Point Hastings, Cap au Gris, Falmouth, Hamburg, Clarksville and all Way Landings.
Str. DORA.
Alex. Lamont.....Master
Leaves Wednesdays, and Saturdays, 4 p. m., from foot of Cherry st.

Missouri River.

KANSAS CITY PACKET COMPANY—STAR LINE.
Rocheport, Boonville, Saline City, Miami, Waverly McQueens, Berlin and way landings
Str. MATTIE BELLE.....Ball, Master
Leaves Tuesday, Dec. 6, at 5 p. m.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent.

Illinois River.

CHICAGO FAST FREIGHT LINE.
For Hardin, Bedford, Montezuma, Florence, Griggsville, Naples, Beardstown, Havana and Peoria.
Str. CALHOUN.....Gray, Master.
Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays 4 p. m., from Company's wharfboat, foot of Market st.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent. C. S. ROGERS, Prest.

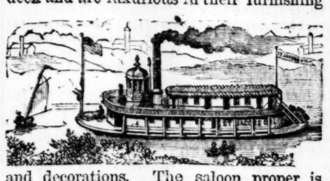
Ohio River.

PITTSBURG AND ST. LOUIS PACKET LINE—BIG 8.
For Cairo, Paducah, Evansville, Owensboro Louisville, Cincinnati, Huntington, Wheeling Pittsburg and all way landings.
Str. JOHN L. RHOADS.
H. B. Cock, Master.....J. C. Fisher, Clerk
Leaves Tuesday, Dec. 6, at 5 p. m
From upper Keokuk Northern Line wharfboat.
JENKINS & SASS, Agents, 508 N. Commercial.

P. P. MANION,
BLACKSMITHING AND WRECKING COMPANY
Corner of Levee and Morgan sts., St. Louis, Mo.

A FAIRY AFLOAT.

The following description of the fairy vessel represented on this page is from the Cincinnati *Commercial*: The hull is of the finest selected white oak, braced, bolted and riveted in the most skillful and workmanlike manner, and is 64 feet in length, 14 feet breadth of beam, 2½ feet depth of hold, and draws twenty inches of water. She carries a tubular boiler, and two beautiful little engines, made expressly for her, by the Ohio Machine Co., Middleport, O. The dining-room is situated between the boiler and engine rooms, and is artistically grained, with frescoed ceiling. It is furnished in the Queen Anne style, and the silver, china and table linen are of the finest character. The pilot-house, cabin, main *Salon* and Captain's office are on the saloon deck and are luxurious in their furnishing



and decorations. The saloon proper is frescoed and gilded in Eastlake style, and the flooring is covered with Turkish carpet The furniture, in raw silk and walnut, of the Queen Anne pattern, like that of the dining-hall, and rich curtains of damask complete the impression of a veritable floating palace. The four state-rooms, containing two berths each, are also carpeted with Brussels and handsomely furnished. The boat belongs to and was built under the directions of Messrs A. Vogeler & Co., Baltimore, Md., for their own exclusive use upon the Ohio, Mississippi and other Western rivers, and is run by a picked crew of officers and men in their employ. The object of this little steamer is to carry neither freight nor passengers. She was built for the firm above named, to be used exclusively by them for distributing their printed matter in the river towns for St. JACOBS OIL, the Great German Remedy for rheumatism and other painful ailments.

PIANOS

Of all grades for rent or for sale on $10 monthly payments. Old pianos taken in exchange at
H. KOERBER, No. 1103 Olive Street.

PERSONAL.

ALL Cast-off Clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 808 Locust street.

ALL CAST-OFF clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 307 Locust street.

CALF SHOES $3 50, to measure, at John Lotz trup's, 614 North Fourth street.

FOR THE BALD.

Prof. Stoehr, at 307 S. Fourth street, restores the hair on bald heads and stops the hair from falling out.

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

NOTICE. Parties wishing to purchase holiday presents will find it to their interest to call and examine our stock of UNREDEEMED PLEDGES, both new and secondhand, in gold and silver watches, chains, diamonds and jewelry of all descriptions, opera glasses, musical instruments and a variety of other articles generally found in a pawnbroker establishment. All goods warranted as represented at the Golden Eagle Loan Office, 12 South Fourth street.

FOR RENT.

For Business Purposes.

FOR rent for business purposes—3205 Olive street, new store; desirable location, suitable for a grocery store. Apply to E. S. WARNER & CO., 205 N. Eighth st.

SALOON on a good corner for rent to responsible party only. Address C. 5., this office.

TO all manufacturers: A large factory, No. 1858 S. Eleventh street, for low rent. C. M. Seaman, 623½ Olive street, up stairs.

Dwellings.

2139 HICKORY ST.—Stone front, six rooms, furnished attic, front hall, side entrances, gas and water, marble mantels, plenty of closets. Will rent to family without small children for $21 25 per month. Call at 910 Monroe street for keys. References required.

Rooms.

908 PINE STREET—A pleasant room, with fire, for four business young ladies at reasonable rates.

925 PARK AVE.—Rooms on second floor for small family.

1009 GRATTAN STREET—Large, well-ventilated second-story front, or two rooms en suite, for rent, neatly furnished, hot and cold bath, southern exposure. Large yard.

1525 OLIVE ST.—Front parlor, suitable for doctor's office or music-room; also desirable bed rooms, large and single. 2

1529 PINE ST.—Pleasant second-story room, nicely furnished, convenient, and price reasonable.

1834 LUCAS PLACE—One pleasant room southern exposure, with breakfast and supper, to one or two gen'ls.

2601 MORGAN ST.—A very pleasant and comfortable second-story front room; location healthy and respectable; suitable for two persons; those wishing the comforts of a home will apply.

A NICELY furnished room with board in a strictly private family, with all convenience; terms moderate; on Clark near Summit avenue; best of reference given and required. Address R. 23, this office.

A NICELY furnished third story front room, with board, fire, bath, gas and all home comforts, two gents $15, one $12; in West End, at Thirty-fifth and Olive sts. 1

FOR RENT—Two rooms for light housekeeping in a private family; all conveniences; carpets on the floors; reference required. Address O. 70., this office

FOR RENT—2111 Franklin ave., furnished front room, by a colored lady.

FURNISHED ROOM.—Pleasantly situated, well furnished room, with light and fire, at No. 1218 Madison street; excellent day board near by. Call after 5 p. m. by the same. Terms very reasonable.

FOR RENT—Two comfortable furnished rooms for housekeeping in private family. Address L. 14, this office.

FOR RENT—A small furnished room, with first-class board in private family. 906 N. Twenty-first.

FOR RENT—1215 Ohio st.—A furnished front room on first floor, southern exposure; will rent cheap.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished second-story back room, fire and bath, for two or three gents. Rent low. 1216 Clark avenue.

FOR RENT—One or a suite of four handsomely furnished rooms; small family; no children; refs. ex. Call at 2926 Olive street. 5

FOR RENT—2220 Morgan street, large, neatly furnished room, second floor, for two gentlemen or lady and gentleman.

FOR RENT—Back parlor, first floor, furnished; also, third story front with board; 2650 Olive street.

FOR RENT—Two rooms, one furnished or both unfurnished, to gentleman and wife, at $15 per month; 24 Center street, second floor.

FOR RENT—Furnished room; southern exposure, fire, gas and bath. 1608 Pine st.

FOR RENT—One large, newly furnished front room, with small ball room if so desired in strictly private family to elderly gentleman and wife, with accommodations; only respectable parties need call or address G. W. S., 1511 Morgan street.

FOR RENT—Nice large second story front, furnished, stove or grate fire, gas, bath. 2007 Lucas avenue.

FOR RENT—2206 Olive st.—Rooms single or suite, with or without board; a room on the second and third floor.

FOR RENT—Furnished room with fire at 615 South Fifth street. $10 a month.

ONE furnished and one unfurnished room, S. E. corner of Seventh and Lafayette sts.

TO RENT—1509 Pine st.—Pleasant room, nicely furnished; fire, gas, etc.; second story; very convenient.

FREE OF CHARGE.

Situations wanted, male and female; help wanted, male and female, not exceeding three lines, will be inserted free of charge. All other advertisements for this column will be charged for at the very low rate of TEN CENTS for three lines, each insertion.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

A GOOD hotel clerk, fifteen years' experience wishes position. Address Y. 31, this office. 3

A MAN competent to take care of horses and a good driver would like a situation; will work for small wages. Highest city references. Address E. E. Lennox, 804 North Sixth street. 3

A PRACTICAL STOCKMAN, who understands treatment of horses and cattle, wants situation. Add. E. E. Lemon, 804 N. Sixth street. 5

A YOUNG MAN of good address wants a situation in an office; has had such experience. Address Will, this office. 3

A HANDY man willing to work would be glad of work of any sort. Address Y. 43, this office. 3

ANYTHING!—Writing, translating, teaching, type-setting, hammering, filing, engraving, sawing, upholstering, etc., anything! Address Parisien, 1215 Chestnut street. 3

BY a steady, sober man, situation as steward of hotel or restaurant; best references. Address K. 98, this office. 3

BY a druggist of six years' experience. Speaks German. Joseph Heilborn, Sherman House, City. 3

BY a young married man, anything respectable. References given. Address S. 88. 3

MAN and wife want a situation in same family; woman as cook, man to do anything; have no children; are German. Please address K. 84, this office. 3

TO Hotel or Large Boarding House Proprietor—A situation by a good house painter, furniture varnisher, etc., for the winter months, at a small salary. Reference given if required. City or country. Address John Roberts, 1311 Broadway, City. 3

WANTED—By a man of large experience as machinist and engineer, a situation as engineer where his services would be appreciated; competent to take charge of machinery, and keep it in repair. First-class reference as to character and ability if required. Address "E.," Box 626, Jacksonville, Ill.

WANTED—By a young man of good address, situation as bartender. Address H. C. H., 2111 Exchange street. 3

WANTED—Situation by a young man of four years' experience in the drug business. Address B. X., this office. 2

WANTED—Situation by a man 30 years old (single) as shipping clerk, porter, or driving delivery wagon; has railroad experience; at present foreman River Improvement Works; best references. Address J. 7, this office, until 9th inst. 5

WANTED—Position as entry or shipping clerk, by a young man of experience. Address S. H. W., this office. 5

WANTED—A young man, a good and rapid penman, on evenings or part of the time, desires writing to do at home—envelopes to address, copying to do, etc; best of references. Address Q. J., Missouri Republican office. 5

WANTED—By two young men some in-door employment; best of city references. Address R. 76, this office. 5

WANTED—Copying by a student who has been a copyist three years; will copy at low rates. Address K. 54, this office.

WANTED—Situation by a man, good penman, writing or assistant book-keeper or to take care of horses. Not afraid of work. Moderate wages. Best of city reference given. Address E., 904 North Nineteenth street. 5

WANTED—Situation as clerk or salesman; over six years' experience; refs. Ad. Y. 30. 3

WANTED—Situation by a young man of excellent business qualifications. Address Y. 33, this office. 3

YOUNG MAN who acts as bill clerk and assistant bookkeeper would like to have writing or other light work to do after 7 p. m.; would act as a sistant. Add. N. 16, this office. 5

HELP WANTED MALE.

WANTED—You to try a good dinner from 2 to 4 o'clock for 10 to 15 cents at What Cheer Restaurant, 625 Morgan st.

WANTED—A boy with city reference to attend to horse and be useful about the house. Apply at 110 N. Third st.

WANTED—A boy to take care of two horses and work about house. Apply at 2222 Broadway at 7 a. m. or 1 p. m. 5

WANTED—A young man that neither lies, gambles nor drinks liquor, to do light, steady work at $ per day. Call at room 2, 1107 Clark avenue, up stairs. 3

WANTED—Experienced engineer; German preferred. Ad. B., this office.

FOR SALE.

ALL kinds of desks for sale; store desks, railing and office fixtures made to order. F. Bollhagen 713 Pine.

BARGAIN—A pretty cottage west of Grand avenue, for small cash payment and monthly installments. C. M. Seaman, 623½ Olive street, up stairs.

BLACKBOARDS—For the children, for the parlor, all styles and sizes, for Christmas presents. Call at 704 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE.

Lots and farm lands. Inquire of PAGE & BUCKLAND, East St. Louis, Ill.

FOR SALE—$ 0.000 bankrupt stock of boots and shoes at 50c on the dollar. 1028 Broadway and 1131 N. Fifth st. WM. OGLE.

FOR SALE—Corrugated iron for roofing ceiling or siding. It supplies a fire-proof, durable and elegant building. Manufactured by E. E. Souther & Bro., 922 North Second street. 12

FOR SALE—A No. 1 grocery, butcher shop and bar-room; cheap; a bargain. The owner is sick. Inquire at 1315 Morgan street, to-day or to-morrow. Charles Frederick.

FOR SALE.

AUTOMATIC SEWING MACHINE FOR SALE CHEAP AT ED. WRIGHT'S SEWING MACHINE OFFICE, 802 OLIVE STREET.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A good work horse. Call a No. 1611 Rosetta street. J. M. Kline.

FOR SALE—One-eighth of the capital stock of a manufacturing company; the party to act as director and president for the company; office in this city. Address N. 58, this office.

FOR SALE—One 20x42 Corliss engine, now running, Wood, Maude & Co.'s mill. Apply to Smith, Beys & Ranken, 800 Main st.

FOR SALE—A confectionery in western part of the city; proprietor going to Texas for his health; married man preferred. Ad. G. 26

WANTED—DWELLINGS.

WANTED—Four thousand dollars will be paid cash for two small, six or seven room houses. Address E. G. C., 500 N. Commercial st

WANTED—For cash—Five to eight-room detached house; modern improvements; nice location. State price and location. Add. O. 71, this office.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—1302 Washington avenue, suit of rooms on second floor, with board.

BOARD—By a young lady in western part of city; state price. Ref. req. O. 18, this office.

BOARD WANTED—A young lady desires room and board in a private family near Lafayette Park—Lafayette or Park avenue preferred. Address S. O., this office.

WANTED—Day boarders for first-class board near the corner of Gratiot and Sixteenth sts.; bus. reas.

MEDICAL.

DR. ROBB, Electro-Therapeutist, southeast corner of Fourteenth and Pine streets, by his mode of electric treatment, cures Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Debility and all nervous diseases. Best references

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

TELEGRAPH Steam Laundry does first-class work. Collars and cuffs done Troy style, 25c per doz. Calls for and delivers. Send postal. 1019 Pine.

HIGHEST cash price for cast-off clothing. Send note or call. J. Lampert, Sixth and Morgan.

WANTED—Ladies, have your furniture repaired and upholstered at Schnieder's, 1028 N. 7th.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A young black and tan setter dog. Wore leather collar and license. Reward at 3013 Easton avenue.

LOST—A large Newfoundland black dog. A reward will be paid by returning him to 3317 Cass avenue.

SITUATIONS WANTED FEMALE.

A RESPECTABLE woman wishes to go out by the day or week sewing, or would take a situation to care for children, or would do chamber-work. No objection to the country. O. 76, this office. 30

A LADY wishes a place where she can sew for her board. Address Seamstress, this office. 5

A YOUNG LADY will teach music and English branches for 25 cents per lesson; will write letters. Address Miss Fannie Hill, City P. O. 3

A COMPETENT LADY desires a position in some family; would leave the city or travel. Parties of culture and ample means preferred. Please address R. 31, this office. 3

A GIRL wishes to do housework in private family. Call at 1416 Belmont street. 3

EXPERIENCED dressmaker will go out in families; $1 50 per day. Address M. 2, this office. 3

FIRST-CLASS laundress wishes to take home gentlemen's washing at reasonable price. Inquire at 1416 Belmont street. 3

LADIES' and children's suits wanted to make; 1701 N. Grand avenue. 3

PLACE wanted to cook. Address 1701 N. Grand avenue. 3

SITUATION wanted by a German girl in a confectionery or restaurant. Address 103 North Ninth st. 3

SITUATION wanted by two girls; one is good cook, the other housework and assist in washing; best of reference; call at 1231 N. Seventeenth st.; no objection to country. 3

TWO GIRLS wish sits. in first-class family as cook and housegirl. Address 1232 North Fourteenth street. 5

WANTED—By a young lady, a situation as nursery governess and music teacher. Good recommendation. Address O. 72, this office. 3

WANTED—A situation to assist in general housework by a young girl. Please call at 1109 South Sixth street. No postals answered. 3

WANTED—By a widow lady position as housekeeper, companion or nurse. Address N. 15, this office. 5

WANTED—A place to assist in general housework. Call at 1726 N. Eleventh st. No postals answered. 3

WANTED—Situation by a first-class laundress; good reference; country preferred. 1231 N. Seventeenth st. 3

WANTED—A position as cook in a private family by a first-class cook, with references. Address 611 Hickory street. 3

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

GIRL for housework; small family; pleasant home for quiet girl. Refs. req. 2722 Gamble st. 3

HOUSEKEEPER wanted a short distance in the country; 1701 N. Grand avenue. 3

TWO cigarmakers wanted; 1701 N. Grand avenue. 3

WANTED—A young girl to assist at general housework at 3417 Olive street. 3

WANTED—A good colored girl for general work. Apply at 1412 Chestnut street. 5

WANTED—Dress cutting taught in two days; satisfaction guaranteed; Moody's perfect system only $2. No. 1343 North Seventeenth street. 3

WANTED—A good girl for general housework; no washing. 2811 Washington ave. 3

WANTED—A competent cook at 3554 Pine st. 12

WANTED—First-class white laundress to work by the day. Apply at 3025 Morgan street. 5

WANTED—A girl from 12 to 15 years old; she will be treated as one of the family. Address K. 82 this office. 5

WANTED—A good colored girl for general housework. Apply 3830 Washington avenue. 5

WANTED—A neat, smart girl to cook and do general housework; German preferred. Call at 2750 Olive street. 5

WANTED—A general house girl, at 1511 Olive street. 9

WANTED—Woman for light housework in family of two. Call at 730 South Eighth street.

FINANCIAL.

MAVERICK NATIONAL BANK.
BOSTON.
CAPITAL - - $400,000
SURPLUS - - $400,000
Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Mercantile Firms solicited.
Dealers in United States Bonds.
Foreign Exchange and Cable Transfers.
New England Collections made.
Drafts received for acceptance, and satisfactory names discounted at current rates.
Correspondence Invited.
ASA P. POTTER, President.
J. J. EDDY, Cashier.
J. W. WORK, Ass't Cashier.

At 6 and 7 Per Cent,
MONEY TO LOAN
On City Property,
In sums to suit. Those who wish loans will find it to their interest to call on us.
LEON L. HULL & CO.,
(Successors to S. D. Porter & Co.)
519 Pine Street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Money to Loan.
$30,000, $5,000, $2,000, $1,000, at 6 per cent on real estate.
JOHN LADY & CO.,
305 Olive street, up stairs.

MONEY loaned on household goods; no removal; lowest rate. D.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch

BY JOSEPH PULITZER.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$8 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 50
One month (delivered by carrier)	85
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	80
Six months, postage paid	50

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed POST-DISPATCH, 111 North Fifth street.

The POST-DISPATCH has a LARGER CITY CIRCULATION, on each day of publication, than ANY OTHER PAPER published in St. Louis. Advertisers are at all times welcome to call and satisfy themselves of the strict accuracy of this claim.

For Latest Telegraphic and Local News see inside pages to-day.

THE President's Message will be found on our inside pages to-day—if delivered in time.

THE death of Gen. KILPATRICK, our Minister to Chili, is announced to-day. He died at Santiago.

THE announcement that DAVID DAVIS contemplates marriage is evidence that the old gentleman has fully made up his mind to stop playing the independent dodge.

GUITEAU is anxious to appear in history as a time, Stalwart statesman. He says that he would rather be hung as a man than acquitted as a fool. His wishes should be considered in this matter.

LOGAN very promptly presented his bill in the Senate yesterday to make GRANT a national pensioner. As a ward of the Administration his living is assured for nearly four years. Let the bill slumber.

WE observe that Mr. CHAUNCEY I. FILLEY has taken up his permanent abode in Washington City. Whether called to the head of the Postal Department or not, Mr. F. will be needed in Washington as a sort of sub-pilot to the Ship of State. His present address is K street, corner of New York Avenue.

THE committee charged with the duty of selecting a bust for the BLAIR monument is having a very serious time of it. One of the peculiarities of the American artist is to so design his busts and statues as to have them look as much like one man as another. This gives them a greater marketable value. They are more diffuse, as it were.

AFTER KEIFER, of Ohio, hopped into the chair of the House yesterday he proceeded to make a series of blunders which at once demonstrated his utter unfitness for the place. The fact is KEIFER is an unctious sort of blatherskite whose highest usefulness is attained at a county convention or a meeting of the Grand Army of the Republic.

IT is given out that old Pig-iron KELLY will be appointed Chairman of the House Committee of Ways and Means as a reward for Pennsylvania's devotion to KEIFER. As a man of mean ways KELLY would make a very appropriate head for the committee. He is a howling Greenbacker and is crazy on the subject of tariff. He believes in prohibiting the importation into this country of every article that can be produced in Pennsylvania. He would build a "tar-eef" wall around the United States, make a solitude and call it Prosperity.

IF the authorities care to know anything about the loathsome Variety Show dead-falls of the city they have only to read the POST-DISPATCH. We are pleased to know that since we began our work of illustrating these social ulcers the ESHERS have to some extent reformed their den. They have closed their wine-room and have opened a private box in which greenhorns are permitted to pay double prices for drinks for "the ladies" and have their skulls cracked when they dispute the reckoning. The building occupied by the Alhambra was erected by Vestryman J. M. THOMPSON with especial reference to the Variety Show business, and in the closing of the wine-room and the opening of a private guzzling cage we find evidence that the moral influence of Mr. T. is beginning to manifest itself on the wicked partners.

PERSONAL.

—Beecher says he is both Calvinist and Arminian "in spots." Beecher is always making rash remarks.

—Mr. Keifer seems to have been elected in the same manner that the Irishman played the fiddle—by main strength.

—Mr. William Waldorf Astor has waltzed off to Europe. The whirligig of politics may yet make him a bonanza Senator.

—A New York paper says that "Gen. Grant's eyesight is failing." The immediate friends of the ex-President should provide themselves with larger sizes of poker checks at once.

—The swallow tail of the Hon. Hannibal Hammerlin is attracting immense applause in Spain. The veteran statesman is treated with as much consideration as if he were the advance agent of a Pinafore troupe.

—Mark Twain's new book, "The Prince and Pauper," has been published in London in advance of its American issue. The author is temporarily residing in Canada, and will superintend the Canadian copyright edition to be published soon.

—Mr. G. Delauney is the author of an article in the Popular Science Monthly to prove that women are in every way inferior to men. It is hardly necessary to state that Mr. Delauney did not touch on the subject of doing up back hair.

An Active Old Sick Man.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

It is now charged that Mr. Tilden furnished Gibson with the bottom facts in regard to the Star Route thieves. We have always claimed that Mr. Tilden can get on his back and take medicine and pester the Republicans to death.

Early in the Field.

From the Chicago Times.

The negroes of Charleston, S. C., are loyal to the "old man." They have a club which is called the Grant and Arthur. By 1884 the first may be last and the last may be first.

A Slight Satisfaction.

From the Washington Critic.

The plumbers have started a paper in New York. It will be some relief to know what becomes of our money.

Answers to Correspondents.

E. T.—The colored population in the United States in 1860 was 4,441,830. The longest workhouse term is one year.

SUBSCRIBER.—The D'Oyley Carte Opera Company has not arranged to play in St. Louis this season.

MUTINY ON THE HIGH SEAS.

Capt. Haskell's Experience With a Treacherous Crew in Mid-Ocean.

From the New York Times.

The brig Sarah and Emma, which arrived at this port on Friday night from Pernambuco, brought as prisoners from that port four men who are accused of mutiny on the high seas. The crime was committed on board the American bark Sonntag, of Boston. The men are John Lynch, Mathew Preston, John Anderson and John Peters. The Sonntag left this port on August 23, under command of Capt. Charles J. Haskell, on a voyage to Batavia. She had on board a crew shipped in Boston, including the four prisoners. Soon after getting to sea the crew showed a rebellious and sullen disposition, and there were frequent indulgences in what sailors call "growls" with the officers over matters connected with the working of the ship. On August 8, while the Captain was aft, a seaman named Thompson went aft with a strap for studding sail gear, which he had been splicing. The Captain found fault with the way in which the splice was made, and Thompson made an impudent reply and held a marlinspike in a threatening manner. Capt. Haskell told him to drop the spike, and Thompson refused to give it up. The Captain called the mates, and they took the spike from Thompson. When the Captain struck him with the strap Thompson gave a cry of alarm, which his shipmates in the forecastle seemed to understand, and they came running aft with Lynch acting as their leader. Lynch asked the Captain what he was doing, and said: "If you strike one of us you strike all!" The Captain ordered Lynch and the rest of the men forward. Lynch refused to go, but the men moved away sullenly. Capt. Haskell went into the cabin and at once came back with a revolver, and the men then went forward with more alacrity. Lynch went with them and got a revolver instantly from his trunks in the forecastle, remarking that he would fire at the Captain were it not that a sailor stood in the way. In a little while the men went to work, but that night Lynch was heard to make covert threats against the Captain, and it was resolved to put him in irons. Next morning the two mates got the irons and put them on him, but by a concerted signal he rallied the men again, and a wordy quarrel ensued. The Captain ordered the men back and they hesitated. Then he drew his revolver and drove them to the forecastle, and Lynch was put in the lazarette, in irons. Anderson at once assumed the leadership of the mutineers and defied the officers. The Captain said that he would put him in irons too, and Anderson dared him to do so. At the direction of the Captain the mate undertook to seize Anderson, but he drew a knife, and said he would cut the first man that touched him. Capt. Haskell pointed his revolver at Anderson and ordered him to submit. Just as the Captain lowered his pistol Anderson raised his knife again to strike. At this moment Preston grasped the Captain's pistol and took it from his hand, and the fight at once began, the Captain, the two mates and the steward on one side and a large part of the crew on the other. The mates ran aft for weapons, and got two capstan-bars and when they returned they found the Captain covered with blood and Preston following him closely and threateningly. Preston fired at the first mate and shot him in the leg. The Captain fell to the deck fainting from his wounds, and the mates, the steward, Pinto, and the cabin-boy lifted him and carried him into the cabin. The fight then ended. The Captain was found to have received nine stab wounds, one of which, in the abdomen, was so deep and wide that the intestines were visible. The first mate took command of the ship, and Preston went to him and demanded that Lynch be set free from the irons and from the lazarette. The mate, already wounded himself, yielding to discretion, released Lynch, with the understanding that the men would make no further aggressions. In the fight Anderson was shot in the leg and Peters was cut on the head.

The ship was put out of her course and steered for Pernambuco. Meantime Pinto, who is a native of one of the Australasian islands, and was a sort of charm or herb doctor there, dressed Capt. Haskell's wounds and treated them successfully. On reaching Pernambuco the authorities were communicated with, and the American Consul, Mr. Atherton, had the men put under arrest, a Brazilian gunboat lending assistance and protection. Consul Atherton took the depositions of the Captain and the men who were faithful to him, and forwarded these sworn statements, with the prisoners, to this port. The men were taken from the brig yesterday by a police boat and turned over to the United States authorities. United States Commissioner Shields, before whom they were arraigned yesterday at noon, sent the four mutineers to Ludlow Street Jail to await an examination, which is to be held to-morrow. The cabin-boy, George W. Brown, and the second mate, Ameroux, who also came in the Sarah and Emma, are held in Ludlow Street Jail as witnesses merely. Capt. Haskell and the first mate recovered from their wounds, and, having shipped a number of new men, continued their voyage to Batavia.

SPRAY.

Most Americans arriving in France take Paris green.

The doctor puts out his sign, and then the small-boy puts it out.

Guiteau has a clouded intellect. This may be why he wanted Arthur to reign.

The Pope's Italian newspaper has failed. He didn't pay his paragrapher enough money.

Postmaster-General James is a type-setter. He has more stamps, however, than most type-setters.

Western lynchers are always careful to "identify" a bank officer before they ask him to pass in his checks.

Mr. Damit lives in Illinois, and a stranger always wonders why so many persons swear at so well-behaved a man.

Fifty sparrows bathe all at once at a Memphis fountain. After a sparrow has bathed, it should be made into a pie.

A Logansport, Ind., magistrate has refused to marry a white washerwoman to a colored upholsterer. The color line at Logansport appears to be the close line.

The Rev. Thomas Baskerville, a Congregational preacher of Bloomfield, Iowa, has eloped with his servant-girl, leaving his wife and two children with only $5.

Hannibal Hamlin was received with great cordiality by President Grevy and Gambetta. Both of these innocent Frenchmen now suppose that all prominent citizens of the United States appear every day in swallow-tail coats without ulsters.

If Mr. Blaine were passing along the sidewalk, and a banana skin were to suddenly come in contact with his boot-heel, would Gen. Grant project a feather pillow toward the Secretary's coat-tails with sufficient force and accuracy to mitigate the crash?

One of the festivals that may come to us by closer relations with Mexico is that of St. Guadalupe, beginning Dec. 8 and continuing sixteen days. Music, dancing, illuminations, games, bull-fights and other foolishness occupy the time during this festival. The Pueblo Indians take part in the celebration, and dance a war dance.

JAY GOULD AT HOME.

Some of the Views of the Great Wall Street Magnate.

New York Cor. Philadelphia Times.

"When the financial crash comes lots of you fellows will be smashed. Jay Gould will worm out, though." The gentleman who said this was Uncle Rufus Hatch, and he addressed a throng of brokers from the deck of a big steamship on which he was about to sail for Europe. Almost at that moment Jay Gould himself came through the companion-way, nodded pleasantly to Uncle Rufus and hurried down the gang-plank to his cab. His presence had the effect on those scoffing brokers that a task-master's exerts over slaves. It was greatness passing mediocrity; it was the winner of the big game recognizing the chaps that couldn't play very well; it was the utility people making room for the star.

In this little is furnished an illustration of how Jay Gould dominates Wall street. The Stock Board, individually represented, take off their hats to him and tremblingly defy him when they band together. The movements of the Treasury Department create no more concern than his. His name is one more powerful to conjure with than that of Vanderbilt, Keene or the Rothschilds.

In fact, Jay Gould is the first power in speculative circles in this country. How much of it is real and how much fancied I am not prepared to say, and I don't think anybody is going to tell me, do you? How far he exerts that power for good or ill is a matter of opinion; how much of the good he fails to get credit for and how much of the ill is placed upon his shoulders that he should not bear is not in discussion. One thing is certain, that no man in the world who is anywhere near so prominent as he has so few kind things said and printed of him. Few people know Jay Gould. Retiring, suspicious, scheming, grasping, ambitious, uncommunicative, crafty and dyspeptic, as he is thought to be, those who sought his companionship gained it only at a cost to themselves and relinquished it without regret. In business he has two associates, Russell Sage and his son's partner, William Connor. The first is a profane, shrewd, ignorant man, rich, unpleasant in manner and noisy, the other a quiet little chap about 30 years old, with the physical incongruity of flaming red hair and jet black eyes that sparkle and flash like diamonds and intensify the effects of the odd contrast. Not that Mr. Gould confines himself to any broker. He himself is not a member of the Stock Exchange. Like the wind that bloweth where it listeth and no man knoweth whence it cometh or where it goeth, so the great speculator moveth.

Recently I had an interview with Mr. Gould. It took place by appointment at his house on Fifth avenue, just opposite the Windsor Hotel. It is a handsome brown-stone high-stoop house with large plate glass windows, hung with handsome woven curtains. The hall is wide and carpeted with Persian rugs. The staircase is neither imposing in size nor handsome. A splendid Sevres vase stands on a pedestal at its base. The parlor is a three-roomed affair, tastefully and plainly, but extensively furnished, with sliding doors between and an extension back, which Mr. Gould uses as an office and study. He calls it a library. There are a number of books in it—"Poor's Railroad Manual," reports, statistics, maps, and globes, specimens of cable telegraph wire, a few models, some profile drawings. There are also some steel engravings of familiar subjects, a long table, some stiff chairs, a sofa, one easy chair, a shrouded post in the corner that I suppose contains a gold and stock telegraph machine, a pile of letters on the table, a clock, with a most unmusical tick, on the mantelpiece; a sea coal fire blazing orightly in the grate, a soft light from an argand burner and the financier standing with his head inclined forward and brown-black eyes regarding me intently through his glasses. He is dressed plainly, without jewelry of any kind, indeed; his beard, which he wears full over his face, well trimmed and cared for, his hair neatly brushed and his hand, which he rested on the table beside him, as white as it could be.

He indicated a chair with his hand and indicated his objection to formal interviews. Then he said that business had a charm for him that extended to nothing else. Even in his boyhood days up in Washington county he liked to barter. He saw the Washington County Railroad building, and worked as a surveyor's assistant upon it. He thought he would like to own it, and finally did control it. But it was too narrow a scope for his ambition. Besides that, the geography of the United States would never allow a north and south railroad to become as great as those which run east and west—the star of empire goes that way. A smile of self-appreciation for apt reference probably goes around the mouth and causes the ends of the black whiskers to tremble a little. "Yes," he continues, "from east to west and vice versa there must always be the great movement of things. Lines of railroad built that way will always be the great lines and those that cross them will always be feeders."

The Fat Tragedian.

New York Letter to the Chicago Tribune.

When Salvini stepped upon Booth's stage, his cameo-cut features, his splendid speaking eyes, his fine teeth, his classic bearing, his beautiful dress setting off his magnificent limbs, made him so handsome and attractive that not a woman in the audience but saw the possibility of loving so grand a creature, even if his cuticle was a little off color. Now Rossi is fat where Salvini was an athlete. Rossi has a big paunch and slim legs and small arms; he has a round head and fat cheeks, and puggy nose and thick lips, and not very white teeth and little eyes; and when he put the color on his face, he became in an instant a Southern darkey cook, and so much sympathy as we would feel for any white girl who went down in the kitchen and kissed the cook, so much we felt for Rossi's Desdemona. He was dressed in showy colors without taste in the blending, and looked to all of us as if a bottle of jockey club would be the proper sort of investment for any one in his vicinity to make. Therefore I was his Othello a semi-failure. He received a salvo of applause from his countrymen when he got on top of Iago and chattered, and grimaced, and shook him up very much as a monkey would a cat; and again, when he greets Desdemona after long absence, standing before an archway leading to their private apartments, he rolled his eyes from that floor to the young woman he had in his grasp, back and forth, till a Herald personal was nowhere in wicked suggestiveness.

A picture in the lobby of Rossi as Hamlet makes one wish he wouldn't do it. He looks like a raised Connecticut doughnut fried in whale's blubber: his tights appear distended, his head is fat, and even the skull he holds in his hand has an unusual amount of cheek on it for a skull.

Mr. Rossi did Romeo Tuesday night, and to see the, large fat-faced gentleman ramping under Juliet's balcony one would suppose it was the nurse he came after. It was a very torrid performance in spots, and introduced some new business here and there. In the balcony scene, Juliet dropped him the end of her scarf, and they both took it in their teeth as we recollect seeing country swains "chew tape" in the game of forfeits. In the last act Romeo would'nt stay dead, but came back to life and took another look at the lovely Capulet, who stabbed herself very naturally, after such a sad surfeit of sweets and suspended animation.

Patti Twenty Years Ago.

From Artemus Ward's Book.

Miss Patty is small for her size, but as the man sed about his wife, O Lord! She is well built, & and her complexion is what might be called Broonetty. Her ize is a dark bay, the lashes bein long and silky. When she smiles the jawjince feels like axing her to do it sum moor, and continuer doin it 2 an indifinit extent. Her waste is one of the most bootiful wastisis ever seen. When Mr. Srackhorse led her off I thawt some pretty skool gal who had just graduatid from pantalets and wire hoops was a cumin out to read her first composishun in public. She cum so bashful like, with her head bowd down, and made sich an effort to arrange her lips so thayed look pretty that I wanted to swaller her. She reminded me of Susan Skinner, who'd never kiss the boys at parin bees till the candles was blow'd out. Miss Patty sung suthin or ruther in a furrin tung. I don't know what the sentiments was. For awt I know she may have bin denouncing my wax figgers & sagashus wild beasts of prey, & I don't much keer if she did. When she opened her mowth a army of martingales, bobolinks, canaries, swallers, mockin' birds, etsettery, bust 4th and flew all over the Haul. Go it, little 1, sez I to myself in a highly excited frame of mind, & ef that kount or royal duke which you'll be pretty apt to marry 1 of these dase don't do the fair thing by ye, you kin always hav a home on A. Ward's farm, near Baldinsville, Injianny, When she sung Oumin' threw the Rye, & spoke of that Swayne she dearly loved herself, individooally, I didn't wish I was that air Swayne. No, I gess not. Oh, certainly not. [This is Ironical. I don't meen this. It's a way I have of goakin.] Now that Maria Pickleborninny has got married [which I hope she likes it] & left the perfesbun, Adeliny Patty is the championness of the opery ring. She karries the belt. That's no draw fite about it. Other primy donnys may as well throw up the sponge first as last. My eyes don't mislead my earsite in this matter.

GUITEAU ANALYZED.

The Opinion of an Eminent Expert in Lunacy.

"Gath" in the Cincinnati Enquirer.

I was talking last night to a distinguished superintendent of lunatics, who has about fourteen hundred insane people on his hands all the time, and who has been to Washington examining Guiteau privately, and watching him publicly. He said to me: "Guiteau is a product of an ignorant household, in which the religious egotism preceded everything. The household was narrow, opinionated and more or less sensual. They had not been anywhere to compare their superficial theology and philosophy with that of the world. Too much of the religious family life of the North and Northwest breeds just such selfish sensationals as Guiteau. When the Oneida Community was advertised, that family seized upon it; it was a brilliant thing, and the father and the son wanted to join. Guiteau," added the Doctor, "has had the syphilis, and has admitted it to us. He has also abused himself. Yet these are not features of insanity. There is no doubt that Guiteau was encouraged in his claims for office by a number of men from Illinois who knew him. A home Senator, for instance, would say: 'Charley, how are you getting along with that office? I guess you will be all right, Charley.' A distinguished lawyer would stop and shake hands with Guiteau on the street, and say: 'Charley, are you going to get your appointment? I think you ought to have it.' Besides, Guiteau attended one of Mrs. Garfield's receptions, and his name is down on the book. Mrs. Garfield talked to him some considerable time, and it is evident that she was not aware that he was an insane man.

"Whenever Guiteau wanted to make any money he could do it. We have the evidence of two or three insurance companies that he was a good solicitor, and would bring in his man and get his commission. Then he would wander off to some of his hobbies, spend his money and turn out a dead-beat. You see him now as he has been in jail, with the acitation following the murder; but there is no record that previously he was not a presentable-looking man, reasonably well dressed. The persons will not now come forward who gave him that encouragement about getting an office, because in the light of subsequent evidence they feel alarmed. Guiteau, in short, had encouragement enough to make him perfectly certain of the office, considering his sanguine, confident temperament and egotism. When Mr. Blaine suddenly raised the veil from his eyes and said he could have nothing, it aroused his ferocity. He would have killed Blaine, perhaps, had it not occurred to him that Garfield's death would produce a greater sensation, and change the Government itself.

"He wrote to Garfield to get rid of Blaine, and no attention was paid to his letters. The idea then deepened that, while he would prefer to kill Blaine from hate, he had better kill Garfield to accomplish a great revolution. Garfield's fall would include Blaine's. The Stalwarts would triumph. Then everything happened to encourage the idea in his mind. He saw the Senate adjourn, the people around the Capitol disperse, and finally the President go away and make his arrangements for a final departure, to be gone several weeks. Here he was dropped from the ninth heaven of confidence to beggary. He reasoned to himself: If I can make Arthur President they will not punish me; I will get off some way. I will put up a plea of being inspired, which will be taken for insanity."

I asked this gentleman if Guiteau ought to be hanged. "Unquestionably," said he.

How a Lord Used to Swear.

From the Hartford Courant.

We were once talking about the profanity of a very distinguished American statesman, not now living. Mr. Sumner (who never swore himself) said: "Well, I have heard him swear severely, but as a rule nobody swears in my presence. The greatest mortification I ever received in my life, in this way, was when I was at a breakfast abroad with Lord Brougham. We had sat down at the breakfast table when somebody brought a newspaper to Lord Brougham. It contained a personal attack upon him. The article was marked and he read it through. When he had completed it he began a volley of the most scathing oaths that I ever heard fall from the lips of man. There was no limit to curses he rained upon the head of the author of this piece. I was shocked and stricken dumb," said Mr. Sumner. "The other occupant of the table, except Lord Brougham and myself, was Brougham's mother. She sat at the head, opposite her son, a venerable and courtly lady, with an elegance and grace of manner that I never saw excelled. I dared not look at her for some moments, but when I ventured to turn my eyes in that direction I found that not a muscle of her face was moved. She was as calmly unconscious of what her son was saying as if he was talking in Arabic. The breeze soon blew over, and we had a very enjoyable breakfast."

Glass Eyes That Seem Natural.

From an Interview with an Oculist.

"What's the cost of a glass eye?" "From $40 to $15. Perhaps the doctors charge more." "Sometimes they move like a genuine eye, do they not?" "Oh, yes. Surgical operations are performed on the eye more delicately than formerly, when it was deemed necessary to take the eye out entirely. Then the artificial eye was a fixed, glassy, staring object. Now amputations of portions of the eye can be performed quite often, and the glass eye fitted on the stump, which moves quite naturally. Some people have several glass eyes with pupils painted in them, which are of different sizes, so as to represent the dilations which occurr at different times in the day. Thus a man will have a morning eye, an afternoon eye and a large-pupiled eye to wear of an evening at a party." "What colored eyes are the most sold?" "That depends. In New Orleans almost all are dark eyes: in Chicago and Cincinnati light eyes are more common."

A Man Fired Like a Mortar Shell.

From the Norristown Register.

Everybody who has visited Reading from this place knows something of Fred Lauer and his big brewery. Well, one of his men had a queer experience on Saturday evening, having been shot out of the man-hole of a mammoth beer vat, like a shell from a mortar. He had gone into the vat for the purpose of varnishing it before it was sufficiently cool. He took a lamp with him, but soon put his head through the man-hole to get a little fresh air. Alcoholic gas had been accumulating in the vat, which answered for powder, the lamp furnished the match and John Goerner the projectile. John was hurled with great force through the hole at which he was trying to get air. When picked up it was found that his hands and the left side of his neck were badly burned and the hair on his head was nearly all singed off. In addition to his burns he sustained some bruises when hurled from the vat.

CUSTOM.

'Tis for the wife, not for the maid, to say
"I love," till wooer waits for yea or nay;
She bides her time, a slave to custom's thrall;
She silent is till he who conquers all,
Or loses all, pleads in the usual way.

Forms mask much truth. Rules linked with certain codes
Are shorn of power when weighed with other modes.
The world will bend to Custom's iron heel,
As slaves before their Queen do lowly kneel,
Though old, undying: so the past forebodes.

Truth is at par when we must gage its worth
By forms ere we set seal to woe or mirth.
By words whose import we have known an age,
While all that's fair in silence can assuage
Misgiving for the much not voiced on earth.

I voice my thoughts. "Nay, nay, you slave—not all;
Once leave me, you may into error fall."
I hear. I muse if truth is sweetest, best,
When on the shores of sound, or only guessed:
Or if a thought, tho' chained, has merit small?

IDA EATON.

MAMMOTH CAVE.

Facts About the Temperature—A Poor Sanitarium.

From a Letter to Cincinnati Commercial.

The entrance to the cave is at the end of a ravine back of the Cave Hotel, and 118 feet below the building. The visitor goes down a winding path until he arrives at the place where the ravine seems to have run up against a precipitous bluff and knocked a huge hole in the hillside. The hole is the mouth of the cave. It is twenty-four feet in height and thirty wide. A small stream of clear water flows from between the rocks above the opening and falls upon the rocky bed below with pleasing effect. At nearly every season of the year a constant fog or bank of mist obscures the entrance, caused by the meeting of two atmospheres, one of which is colder than the other, and thus condenses the moisture in the air where the meeting takes place. Upon the day we entered the cave the temperature inside and out happened to be about the same, and the fog was absent, something that rarely occurs. The temperature of the air of the cave never rises. Until recently it was declared that the constant temperature inside the cave, winter, spring, summer and autumn, was 59° Fahrenheit. But very recent scientific tests have shown that this measurement was marked five degrees too high. The temperature is shown to be but 54°, and from that it never varies. The atmosphere is very pure. Oxygen and nitrogen bear the same relation to each other in the cave atmosphere that they do in the air outside; but there is much less carbonic acid gas in the cave than is found in the air we breathe. In the dryer parts of the caverns the proportion is about 1-5000th, and near the river it is still less. Not a trace of ammonia has ever been found in the cave proper. The humidity of the atmosphere varies as you descend to the river and lake regions. In the upper avenues and chambers, upon the walls and floors of which nitrate of lime is deposited, there is a destitution of moisture almost absolute. Here animal matter mummifies instead of decaying by putrefaction. A dead body left in these passages would turn to a mummy. In these same regions, for the same reasons, dust never rises. Not a trace of ozone can be detected. It is said that the atmosphere of the cave is the most exhilarating on the face of the earth. Fragile, delicate women have been known to travel on foot over ten and even twenty miles of the rocky, rough passages in the cave, experiencing little or no fatigue, whereas they could not walk one-third that distance in the open air. The great purity of the cave's atmosphere is not fully realized until the explorer emerges into the "sweet, pure country air" of the outside world. The passage from one to the other at first is like transition from the air of the streets into a close dormitory, where a score of sleepers have spent the night.

This extreme purity of the atmosphere of the cave founded the impression, some fifteen years ago, that a residence there would cure, or at least check, consumption. The test was a sorrowful one. A half dozen consumptives, about 1843, entered the cave for the distance of a mile or more, where they erected huts of stone and some of wood, in which they took up their residence. During the first few days they were greatly encouraged by the effect. Then began a reaction. Several of them soon died in the cave, and all the rest expired soon after their return to the external air. Let physicians explain the cause of this effect. Short trips into the cave are advantageous to people afflicted with lung trouble, inflammatory rheumatism and dysentery. The public ought to be warned, however, delicate as may be the subject of the warning, that there are certain constant periods in every lady's life when under no circumstances should she enter the cave. Serious results, and even death, have frequently followed this violation of nature's law, when the victim was entirely ignorant that she was defying death.

An Heiress' Secret Marriage.

Old Point Comfort Letter.

A romance has just come to light here in regard to the marriage of Miss Fargo, the heiress of six millions, made by her father in Wells & Fargo's Express. She became engaged during the past summer to Lieutenant H. G. Squires, of the army, stationed at Fort Monroe. Her mother opposed the match, but the young lady, having a spirit of her own, determined to circumvent parental opposition; so on the 11th of last October she and Lieutenant Squires went for a walk to the Hygeia Hotel, to Hampton. On reaching Hampton they went to the house of the Rev. Mr. Gravatt and announced their intention of being married then and there. Mr. Gravatt made no objection to tying the knot, but owing to the serious illness of his wife the party adjourned to the house of a neighbor, Mr. Heffelfinger, where the ceremony was performed. Mr. and Mrs. Squires then returned to Old Point. Nobody suspected they were married, as the clergyman and witnesses had been bound over to secrecy. Towards the last of October Miss Fargo, as she was still called, left with her mother for their home in Buffalo, and a few days afterwards Mr. Squires followed her and claimed his wife. Locking the stable door was no use then, so Mr. and Mrs. Squires returned to Fort Monroe and the marriage was published as having taken place on the 11th of October. So well had they kept their secret that not the least suspicion was awakened in regard to the true state of the case and the announcement was a thunderclap to their most intimate friends.

Where Key West Cigars are Made.

From the Key of the Gulf.

The population of Key West, inside and outside of the corporation boundaries, is variously estimated at from twelve to sixteen thousand. It is asserted by persons well acquainted with the place that it does not contain half a dozen families from the Southern States of the Union, and not twenty families from the Northern States, and that of the whole population, exclusive of the garrison and the United States officials, there are not twenty-five unacclimated adults. About one-half of the population are supported directly or indirectly by the trade in tobacco and the manufacture of cigars; and the other half are dependent upon fishing and sponging. The tobacco is brought from the West Indies and most of it from Cuba. The cigars manufactured from it are shipped almost exclusively to New York, either directly by ocean steamers or through Cedar Key and Fernandina.

BAD dreams, disturbed sleep, indigestion, stomach gas, all vanishes before Hop Bitters.

Fashion Notes in Brief.

From the New York Sun.

Bodices grow longer and longer. Short visites are by no means out of vogue. Cheviot dresses look better when tailor-made. Flannel-finished cloths are much in demand. None but æsthetes wear short waists just now. The eagle's claw is again a fashionable ornament. Short waists will remain perdue until next spring. Curly plush is one of the prettiest trimming materials. Light-colored heavy wraps are much worn this winter. Plush basques with more collars and cuffs are much admired. The tailor-cut jacket retains its place among fashionable winter wraps. Large poke with sugar-loaf crowns take precedence of all other bonnets. Satin and plush must take the place of fur ones in all but the severest weather. For all cloth-finished fabrics self trimmings and machine stitching should be preferred. Rhine crystal lace-pins, combs and bracelets retain their place among fashionable ornaments. Immense felt hats, with plush-like edges to the brim, are worn side by side with small capotes of velvet. Dark bronze and olive green are very fashionable, especially when relieved with a dash of bright red, pale blue, or vivid yellow. Imitation jewel embroideries of white cream and pale-tinted satins appear on the costliest and most elegant evening dresses.

IS HE HUMAN?

Exhibition of Extraordinary Contortions Before Medical Students.

From the Cleveland Herald.

The announcement that Mr. Charles H. Warren, the celebrated contortionist, would give an exhibition berore the students at the Erie Street Medical College yesterday morning found a Herald reporter in the amphitheater at the appointed hour. Mr. Warren is, in his line, undoubtedly the greatest wonder ever brought before the medical profession. The fact that Dr. Hamilton has devoted several pages to his case in his "New Surgery" is ample guarantee that his contortions are really phenomenal and worthy the consideration of medical science. Concerning him Dr. Hamilton says: "I think it may safely said that if Mr. Warren does not dislocate his hips, then none of those seven or eight cases hitherto reported and referred to by me in my 'Treaties on Fractures and Dislocations' were veritable dislocations. No case has yet, so far as I know, been verified by an autopsy. And it is to be hoped that, in the interest of science, Mr. Warren will leave a request that upon his death a careful dissection of his hip joints shall be made by competent persons."

His exhibition Wednesday morning was the most remarkable one, notwithstanding that he professed himself hampered by a temporary attack of rheumatism. He began by displaying a dislocation of his thumb, which was perfect. The students were permitted to examine with the sense of touch this peculiar phenomena. The subject then exhibited a dislocation of the wrist, equally remarkable. Next he produced by muscular contraction a partial subglenoid dislocation of both shoulders, which Dr. Kitchen pronounced a most remarkable feat. This was followed by a dislocation of the scapula upwards and a partial dislocation of the tarsal bones.

But the most remarkable feat, that which brings the greatest consternation to the medical profession, was a complete luxation of both hips upwards and backwards. This accomplishment, which has been the subject of the most careful study by Dr. Hamilton, was commented upon by Dr. Kitchen at some length.

Mr. Warren also twisted his ankles as if his feet hung upon a swivel, and produced a subluxation of the lower jaw. Another performance of his was the withdrawal of the viscera from the abdomen, and forcing them into the chest. This feat he performed with alternate efforts, producing an effect so unnatural as to call forth most enthusiastic applause from the students.

Dr. Kitchen then measured the chest expansion of the subject, stating that the customary limit is about three inches. The result was two measurements, thirty and a half inches in a state of contraction, and thirty-nine inches in a state of expansion, making a difference of eight and a half inches. This difference has been as high as twelve inches. On a former occasion, when Dr. Kitchen measured the exhibitor, the difference amounted to eleven inches. This falling off, coupled with a cough of Mr. Warren's, suggested the fear, which was afterwards corroborated by testimony, that the gentleman is a candidate for the grip of that prince of diseases, consumption. The exposure of such an exhibition as that of Wednesday morning, together with the abnormal nature of his work, cannot be very conducive to longevity.

Mr. Warren concluded his performance by wiggling his ears, and then performed a series of gyrations and contortions which are simply indescribable. During all the exhibition the display of muscles and surface marking of the body was most instructive to those interested in the study of anatomy. The anomaly of Mr. Warren's case is the fact that he is able to produce by muscular action a voluntary dislocation of nearly every joint in the body.

Mr. Warren is now traveling and exhibiting his physical versatility to the medical profession at the leading medical colleges in the land. He has been, in former years, connected with different organizations as an athlete, but now devotes all his time to the cause of medical science.

English Jackals.

London Special to New York Herald.

The startling news of the stealing of the body of the Earl of Crawford and Balcarres is the subject of universal discussion. The body was stolen from the family mausoleum at Dunecht, near Aberdeen. The Earl died at Florence, in December, 1880, and his body was embalmed, transported to Scotland and interred in the vault beneath the private chapel. This was the first interment in the place. After the burial the vault was closed by heavy stone slabs, six feet square, and then covered with earth and planted with flowers. The most extraordinary feature of the case is that in May the agent for the present Earl of Crawford and Balcarres received an anonymous letter informing him that the tomb had been opened and the body removed, but, regarding the matter as a hoax, he took no notice of it, and did not even make inquiries, although during the summer a strong smell was noticed issuing from the vault, which was attributed to decay of the flowers. The body-snatchers unscrewed the outer casket and chiseled away the ends of the others. The remains of the Earl were dragged out feet foremost. The silver mountings of the coffin were untouched, the object of the violators being evidently ransom. No suspicion exists in Aberdeen as to who are the perpetrators, but doubtless the relatives will soon receive information that the body will be restored on the payment of ransom.

An Oriental Police Item

From the Bombay Gazette.

Four noted housebreakers named Girdaree Himuthrum, Gowrishunker Muiraj, Praglall Pursulali and Jewa Lalla, who have committed several depredations by night at the Peswar since March last, have been arrested. On the 26th of August the warehouse of Rahimtoola Dossajee, a dealer in elephants' tusks, was broken into. A week ago Rahimtoola obtained information that his lost goods had been sold to Ruttunchund Kurrumchund & Co., at Baroda. Ruttunchund Kurrumchund said he had bought them from Girdaree Himuthrum and Gowrishunker Muiraj, of Bombay, on Shumsoodeen Vahidoodeen recommending him to purchase the goods. At the request of Rahimtoola Shumsoodeen agreed to accompany him and Ruttunchund to Bombay to point out the parties. Girdaree, on seeing Shumsoodeen, Ruttunchund and Rahimtoola coming towards his shop, absconded. A strict search was instituted for Girdaree which soon proved successful; and after his apprehension the police also caught Gowrishunker, Praglall and Jewa, concerned in thefts of property belonging to Rahimtoola Kufoorchund and to Dunichund Sowdargar mull, residing at Bholeshwar. Mr. Inspector McDermott and Khan Bahadoo Meer Abdool Ally, of the detective establishment, have been chiefly instrumental in finding the thieves. Charges of house-breaking were preferred against Girdaree Gowrishunker, Praglali and Jewa before Mr. R. S. Jayakar yesterday.

THE oldest friends are to-day the staunchest friends of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. They have proven its great worth in all cases of coughs, colds, hoarseness, tickling in the throat, irritation of the bronchial tubes and lungs, etc.

PROMINENT AND TRUE.

The Outspoken Views of Well-Known People on a Subject of Great Importance.

Merit of the Highest Order Confirmed Beyond Dispute.

It is no easy matter to bring our minds to believe that such men as Cæsar, Cicero and other ancient worthies ever lived, largely owing to the fact that they are so far removed by time and distance from our own lives and surroundings. The same principle is true regarding statements and indorsements. We look with more or less suspicion upon statements coming from unknown sources, but where these indorsements are made by persons whose existence and veracity are thoroughly known and attested by their own signatures, their truth and value are beyond question. Such, precisely, are the voluntarily testimonials which follow, and which all who read cannot for a moment question.

TREMONT HOUSE, CHICAGO, ILL., Oct. 2, 1881.
H. H. Warner & Co.: DEAR SIRS—I have used your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure for kidney disease and found it very beneficial. I can recommend it to any one who has kidney trouble, and I think it will cure the disease.

Geo Adee

MOLINE, ILL., July 11, 1881.
Messrs. H. H. Warner & Co.:
GENTLEMEN—Your remedy, the Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, has been used by both my wife and myself. She used it "on general principles," as a system and liver regulator; I took the medicine for a long-standing kidney trouble, which has been the source of much inconvenience, and which failed to yield to the doctor's remedies or any others, until I used your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. We both unite in pronouncing it to be the best medicine we ever used, and in recommending it to others as a safe remedy.

S. W. Mudd
Mayor of Moline.

OMAHA, NEB., May 24, 1881.
Messrs. H. H. Warner & Co.:
GENTLEMEN—I have frequently used Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure for local affections attendant upon severe rheumatic attacks, and have always derived benefit therefrom. I have also used the Safe Nervine with satisfactory results. I consider these medicines worthy of confidence.

S. D. Kitlon
Deputy Treasurer.

PORTLAND, Mich., Aug. 25, 1881.
Messrs. H. H. Warner & Co.:
GENTLEMEN—A little over a year ago I was taken sick. I did not know what the trouble was, but I continued to grow worse, and my complaint baffled the skill of my physicians. At last my symptoms developed into that terrible complaint, Bright's disease of the kidneys. Last April I went to Ann Arbor, and went before the faculty of the medical college there, and after a critical examination they declared mine to be a clear case of Bright's disease, and I came home feeling that there was no help for me. I was advised by a friend to try Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, but I scoffed at the idea of that benefiting me, after having been treated by some of the best medical skill in the country, who had pronounced my case incurable. I at last purchased a bottle of the remedy and commenced using it according to directions. I cannot be too thankful that I made use of your medicine, and I must heartily recommend it to all sufferers of that fearful disease, as I can truly say that I owe my present existence and happy restoration to the use of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. I wish to say to every one suffering from any manner of kidney or liver trouble, use that remedy and recover.

J. S. Matthews

GENESEO, ILL., July 13, 1881.
Messrs. H. H. Warner & Co.:
GENTLEMEN—I know that here at home I am laughed at for my enthusiasm in praising your medicine, but we owe so much to your safe Kidney and Liver Cure that we hardly know how to express our thanks. My husband, Mr. Samuel Chamberlain, first used it, after suffering intensely from kidney disease. At the time he commenced using it, he was frequently confined to the house, and was considered in critical health. He has used all the remedies he could hear of, or that our home doctors could prescribe, but without any benefit, until he commenced using this. Then his improvement was remarkable, and he says he never knew of anything that gave him the temporary relief that this has permanently given him. Why, I believe Mr. Chamberlain thinks as much of your remedy as he does of his imported Normandy horses. The medicine had such a magical effect on my husband that I concluded to try it myself, as it was recommended for erysipelas, and I had been a great sufferer from that disease and liver trouble. The year before I was so afflicted with erysipelas that you could hardly have touched a spot with a pin that was not broken out; but this year I have been entirely free from eruption, and in every way in better health than in years, and I attribute it to the use of your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, which has proved an excellent system regulator. My husband and I have recommended your medicine until nearly half the town has been cured, and we are accused of being your agents; but you know that we have recommended it solely because we have been helped by it and wish to see others helped.

Mrs S. Chamberlain

MICHIGAN CITY, IND., April 11, 1881.
Mr. Warner:
DEAR SIR—Having been troubled with the liver and kidneys for four or five years and tried a great many remedies without relief, at last I tried your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure and I feel like a new man. I am traveling with Arlington's minstrels. There are twenty-four in number who are using your remedy. I also recommended it to my sister's family with the same success.

Thos Young

CHICAGO, May 20, 1881.
Messrs. H. H. Warner & Co.:
DEAR SIRS—For several years I have been a sufferer, and until your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure was suggested I have not known what it was to be free from pain. My family physician attributed all my suffering to a disease condition of my kidneys, and after he had failed to give me relief, I tried your remedy and am a well man to-day.

C. N. Harris
Carl Pfeil

Testimony of such high order and so outspoken in its nature cannot be questioned, and places the remedy to which it refers on the highest plane of value. For all diseases of the kidneys, liver or urinary organs nothing ever known in the history of the world can for a moment compare with it.

RIVER NEWS.

THE Mattie Belle leaves for the Lower Missouri this evening.

THE Jno. B. Maude, Capt. Harry Brolaski, leaves for Memphis to-morrow.

THE Clara has gone up the Yazoo as the advance boat of the Crescent City and Great Western Circus.

THE powerful towboat Oakland, of the St. L. & M. V. T. Co., is announced to leave for New Orleans Thursday.

SEE advertisement elsewhere of the steamer Red Wing for sale. She is owned by P. P. Manion, 800 North Levee.

COMMODORE W. F. DAVIDSON'S good steamer Minnesota dashes off for Keokuk at 4 p. m. David Asbury master.

PROF. MORSE put the Baton Rouge off the docks yesterday. She was taken out for the purpose of examining her bottom.

THE Josie of the Diamond Jo Line left for Alton Slough last evening to lay up for the winter. She took the company's wharfboat with her.

THE flag-ship of the Big Eight Line, John L. Rhoads, will sail for Pittsburg this evening. H. B. Cook commands and J. C. Fisher is clerk.

PATRICK BARKILL, deck hand on the Iron Duke, who shipped at Louisville, was drowned from the boat last Thursday morning at Coalport, near Middleport, Ohio.

A FEATURE of to-morrow will be the departure for New Orleans of the famous steamer Annie P. Silver, Keith master, and the veteran Green F. Shields clerk.

THE new Anchor Line steamer City of New Orleans will receive her outfit and furniture at once, after which she will take her departure for New Orleans.

THE Rohan Bros'. Fulton Boiler Works have had a most prosperous season, but are slacking up a little now, and will make additional improvement this winter.

THE elegant Belle of Memphis, Capt. Isaac H. McKee, departs for Vicksburg this evening. The Belle's passenger accommodations are not excelled by any steamer on the river

RIVER 18 feet and falling. The sand-bars will soon become troublesome unless there is a rise. Business is fair. It never is active at this season of the year. Some bulk is moving, and one tow a week will be able to get out.

THE new steamer City of New Orleans received a cordial welcome at the hands of the people of the Crescent City yesterday. In the evening she was presented with a piano and set of colors, and there was general rejoicing on board.

CAPT. JAMES HURST, of the European Hotel, has a fashion of going down to the landing once in a while and taking a look at the old Mississippi and the fine steamers. His early years were passed on the river, where he was held in high esteem by boatmen.

LIEUT. J. F. C. HEGEWALD, son of Mr. Chas. Hegewald, the well known engine builder of New Albany, was married on November 15th to Miss M. Conrad, a handsome, intelligent and prominent society young lady of Louisville. This wedding was the event of the month in Louisville society. After the ceremony the bride and groom left for New Orleans on a bridal tour. Lieut. Hegewald is a graduate of West Point, and, after serving in the army with distinction, resigned some months ago to engage in business at home. He is a brilliant young man, with bright prospects for the future.

HERE is a record of the winters running from 1854 to 1861 inclusive:

1854—River closed during January, and February 14 river open; navigation uninterrupted.

1855—Navigation suspended during the first part of January; mark twain rise about the 9th; navigation again suspended from January 20 to February 13.

1856—River closed during January and February; navigation resumed about March 3; ice floated as far down as Baton Rouge; some stated that a few cakes went by New Orleans; boats were ice-bound at Vicksburg.

1857—Navigation suspended during January; river open about February 10; the river was frozen over and gorged as low down as Fort Pillow; the steamer Niagara was sunk by ice at Island No. 34.

1858—Navigation was suspended about one week in January. River closed above Cairo about 15th February and remained closed until March 4. Steamer J. E. Woodruff sunk by ice at Hat Island about February 22.

1859—River open in January, and remained so during the winter.

1860—Navigation suspended until January 14; then open river.

1861—River closed during January, and navigation resumed February 28.

ROLLER SKATES.

All Kinds at Simmons Hardware Company.

Victor Emmanuel's Widow.

From the London Daily Telegraph.

We learn from Turin that Rosina, Countess of Mirafiori, the late King Victor Emmanuel's widow, lies dangerously ill at her Piedmontese country-house, and is not expected to recover. Ever since her royal husband's death she has lived in strict seclusion on her estates, and has never once visited Rome. With her step-son, King Humbert, and his family, she has held no communication throughout the past three years. Before her marriage to the Re Galantuomo she had borne him two children, a son and a daughter, who contracted alliances, during their father's life, with illustrious Italian families. Count Mirafiori formerly held a commission in the Piedmontese cavalry and took part in the grand tournaments held at Turin and Florence on the occasion of his half-brother's wedding, some thirteen and a half years ago. But his boundless extravagance and unconquerable contempt for discipline rendered his stay in the Italian army impossible, and the late King, finding that no regiment could be induced to keep him, compelled him to resign his commission. Subsequently he became the hero of a highly discreditable adventure with an American adventuress, already notorious for the part she played in an imperial tragedy, and, as a matter of fact, was a permanent source of trouble and perplexity to his august father through the last decade of the brave and sagacious monarch's life. The present King has steadfastly declined to hold any intercourse with his half-brother, whose debts have been repeatedly paid by "Mme. Rosine." Upon this lady Victor Emmanuel bestowed, at different times, grants of land and money of such value that the "drum-major's daughter" became one of the wealthiest women in Italy. Upon her death her large estates and funded property will be equally divided between her scapegrace son and only daughter, the wife of a Genoese Marquis.

The Latest in Stockings.

From Fashion Article.

Pretty stockings in old gold are vandyked up the sides in blue and have centers in rose, pink garnished with antique embroidery in floral designs, and for brides are white silk stockings with lace fronts and medallions of woven silk, embroidered in roses and leaves. Odd stockings have checkered boots with tops in various colors, cardinal, black, fawn-color, dark-blue, cream-color and flesh pink, with simulated inserted fronts in blue and black, with small figures in Moorish coverings.

Novelties just from Paris have uppers and boots in complemental colors, with side stripe in the shade of the upper portion, daintily laced across with white in embroidery or pale blue, pink, black and cardinal, and quite as handsome are those with ribbed tops in Roman stripes and dark olive, blue or cardinal boots, or the ribbed stockings in all the new colors, with vertical stripes and other novelties in black, garnet, green, blue and cardinal, with old gold, with ribbed tops and glove-lace fronts, together with the sandal lace stockings in rich colors, or evening tints, to wear with the low slipper, with Louis XV. heels, made of the fabric composing the dress and trimmed with rosette of lace.

A GOOD excuse for sickness of yourself and family is that you don't use Hop Bitters.

ANTI-MONOPOLY.

IN THESE DAYS OF GRASPING MONOPOLY

When the great aim of all business enterprise seems to be to concentrate all branches of trade under one head, it is fitting that

THE RELIABLE DRY GOODS STORE OF

B. NUGENT & BRO.

Should set itself right before the people and fully explain its position. It does not belong to that class of Dry Goods Houses which would like to do all the Tinware business, all the Chair business, all the Crockery business, Lamp business, all the Stove business, all the Hardware business, all the Furniture business, all the Boot and Shoe business, all the Book business, all the Picture business, all the Millinery business, all the Dress-making business, all the business in Fancy Ornaments, Bronzes, Statuettes, Silverware, Teaspoons, Shovels, Tongs, Baby Carriages, Brass Kettles, and all, in addition to what Dry Goods business they can get, though it converts their store into something like a junk shop. At this season of the year they would also monopolize the entire TOY BUSINESS of the city, although it is the one short and precarious harvest of dealers in those articles.

THE RELIABLE DRY GOODS STORE will go into none of these things; neither will it sell you a 10c tin cup for 5c and then charge you 50 per cent profit on a cashmere dress; nor sell you a 12c goblet for 10c, and then take 100 per cent profit out of you on a lace collar or a silk handkerchief; nor sell you a 25c book for 15c, and then take 75 per cent profit on a suit of flannel underwear; nor sell you a toy for a little less than you can buy it from the regular dealer, and then charge you double price for a pair of gloves, etc., etc.

IT'S A PERNICIOUS SYSTEM, and YOUR DUTY TO YOUR COUNTRY, TO YOUR FAMILIES, TO YOURSELVES, demands that you do all your Holiday trading IN THE DRY GOODS LINE with **THE RELIABLE DRY GOODS STORE**, which we are proud to say is the only Simon-pure legitimate First-class Dry Goods Store in St. Louis to-day. We wish the public to understand that we are not going to extend our business by dabbling in those outside lines. Our ambition is to have the best DRY GOODS STORE, to keep the BEST GOODS and give the BEST VALUE for your money of any house in the West.

HOLIDAYS! CHRISTMAS! HOLIDAYS! CHRISTMAS!

We have Just Received in Every Department of our Large Establishment

ELEGANT NOVELTIES ESPECIALLY INTENDED FOR

THE HOLIDAY TRADE!

To Which We Ask Your Attention.

Something Handsome, Useful and Acceptable as a Present May be Found in

Silks, Dress Goods, Black Cashmeres, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Mufflers, Laces, Ribbons, Calicoes, Ginghams, Cloaks, Shawls, Dolmans, Ulsters, Hosiery.

LINEN DEPARTMENT, LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS, FELT SKIRTS,

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT, NOTIONS, FANCY GOODS, POCKET BOOKS, ETC.

You can make no mistake if you come right along and spend your Christmas money at THE RELIABLE DRY GOODS STORE of

B. NUGENT & BRO.,

817, 819, 821 North Fifth Street, Bet. Franklin Avenue and Union Market.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas default having been made in the payment of a note and interest thereon secured by deed of trust of John Adam Swebel and Louise, his wife, dated the 19th day of December, 1873, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the county, now city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 485, page 256, and in pursuance of the power thereby vested in me, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I will, on SATURDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell to the highest and best bidder, for cash, the following real estate, to-wit: Lot numbered two (2) in block numbered three (3) of South Stoddard Addition, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, according to an amended plat thereof on record in the office of the Recorder for St. Louis, having a front in the south line of Manchester Road of twenty-four feet and four and one-half inches (24' 4½") by a depth of one hundred and twenty (120) feet to an alley twenty (20) feet wide, together with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, to satisfy said deed of trust.

GEORGE BORN, Trustee.

St. Louis, November 16, 1881. 77W

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1881.
Tuesday, November 22, 1881.
Fannie Stewart
vs.
Frank F. Stewart.

It appearing from the petition heretofore filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, wherefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony contracted between plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds of abandonment, failure of support and habitual drunkenness.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 23d day of November, 1881.

SEAL CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

John G. Boyle, pl'ff's att'y. 10

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1881.
Wednesday, November 16, 1881.
Lovice Barney
vs.
Henry C. Barney.

It appearing from the affidavit to plaintiff's petition that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, and that he has absented himself from his usual place of abode in said State, and that he has concealed himself so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, therefore, on motion of said plaintiff by her attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment and decree of this court authorizing the said plaintiff to sell and convey the following described real estate, to-wit:

Ninety-eight 90-100 acres in E. Patterson's survey 2412, in township 47, range 6 east, of the county of St. Charles and State of Missouri; bounded on the one side by Zara Cheraland on the other by John Bumberger, and on one end by a county road (for a more particular description reference is made to Moses B. Robbin's estate); and for leave to sell and convey any other real estate she may have or acquire or any part thereof, and to sell her personal property disposed of.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 18th day of November, 1881.

SEAL CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

M. M. Kesg, att'y for pl'ff. 20

Assignees' Notices.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT of the estate of Eugene Capelle. Notice is hereby given that Perry Bartholow, Assignee of the estate of Eugene Capelle, has this day resigned and exhonerated the Circuit Court of St. Louis from a statement of the accounts of his trust to the October term, 1881, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court in room No. 3 on Friday, the 16th day of December, 1881, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

SEAL CHARLES F. VOGEL,
Clerk Circuit Court City of St. Louis.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A MEETING of the stockholders of the South St. Louis Railway Company is hereby convened at their office in the People's Theater building, corner Sixth and Walnut streets, in the city of St. Louis, at 4 p. m., January 26, 1882, to vote upon the proposition to issue and increase the present bonded indebtedness of said company to one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, or any less sum, as may be determined at such meeting, and for such other purposes as may be brought before such stockholders.

M. A. WOLFF, President.

JNO. H. TERRY, Secretary.

NOTICE—For the purpose of providing money for improvement of road bed and equipments, paying the floating debt of the company, and for such other lawful purposes as may be directed, notice is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Benton Bellefontaine Railway Company on Tuesday, the 8th day of December, 1881, at 9 a. m., at the office of the company, to vote upon an increase of the capital stock of the company to four hundred thousand dollars.

GEO. H. CHASE,
CHAS. PARSONS,
GEO. E. LEIGHTON,
Directors.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 3, 1881.

OWNERS OF THE PLANTERS' HOUSE.—There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Planters' House held on Thursday, December 15, at 11 o'clock a. m., at the office of H. Bohlmann, No. 808 Chestnut street. All stockholders are requested to be present in person or by proxy, as matters of much importance, requiring the action of a majority of stock, will be submitted.

HY. L. PATTERSON, Secretary.

St. Louis, December 3, 1881.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

In the Matter of the

United States Savings Institution

Resale of All Remaining Assets of Said Estate, on Wednesday, December 7, 1881, at 3 O'Clock, P. M.

I will, for cash, subject to approval by the Circuit Court, RESELL IN BULK, and as a whole, all of the remaining assets of said estate, at the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis. Said assets consist of judgments, notes, accounts, policies of life insurance held as collateral—cratis, wild lands in Iowa, notes secured by deeds of trust, claims against assigned estates and estates of deceased persons, and a part of the insolvent and fractious little of every thing that would be likely to remain in the hands of a bank having done a large business in this city for about twenty years.

The aggregate face of the judgments notes, accounts, etc., amounts to about.....$21,000
Real estate, viz.: 24 acres at $5 an acre..... 120
Notes secured by deeds of trust..... 100
Insurance policies..... 1,000
Parties interested should call and get a detailed list and then attend the sale if they want to make a fortune. Be prepared to bid as they will not be sold for less than $8,500, which will be the first bid for an asset.

H. A. HAEUSSLER, Assignee,
14 and 16 N. Fourth st.

NOTARIES PUBLIC

List of Those That Have Qualified Under the Law of 1881.

Crawford, T. L., U. S. Circuit Clerk's office, Post Office Building.
Dyer, Thomas P., Notary and Attorney, 417 Pine.
Jonas, M. E., 215 N. 4th, room 12
Kappner, I. G., 111 N. Fifth street.
Lathrop, Joseph, 411 N. Third, room 3.
Newman, H. A., Room 10, Temple Building.
O'Neill, John J., 609 Locust; res. Boston & Sprina
Picot, L. D., 617 Pine street,
Robertson, Julius, 815 Olive; residence 2037 Morgan.
Stetenson, S. C. H., 720 Pine; res. 2108 Walnut.

HENRY ENGAU,
BOOKBINDER
6047 Olive Street, St. Louis.
All styles of binding, lettering on books, etc.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas by their deed bearing date the 22d day of September, 1870, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city (then county) of St. Louis, in book 506, at page 147, John Burton and Sibaine, his wife, conveyed to John H. Alexander the following described real estate, situated in the then county of St. Louis, now St. Louis county and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots four and nine (4 & 9) in "Laclede," a subdivision of the south part of survey 2029, township No. 45 north, range 6 east, made by R. M. Renick, guardian of C. J. S. Rannels, containing together six acres and thirteen one-hundredths of an acre (6 13-100 acres) more or less and being the same property acquired by said Burton of Edward J. Gay and wife by deed of even date therewith; which said conveyance was made to said Alexander in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of some of said notes, all of which are past due and part of which remain unpaid; and whereas it is provided in said deed of trust that in case of the absence, death, refusal to act, or disability in any wise of the said John H. Alexander, and in case of default in the payment of any of said notes, the then acting Sheriff of St. Louis county, Missouri, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, might proceed to sell said property, and fully to execute said deed of trust as is therein provided; and whereas the said John H. Alexander has removed and is now absent from the State of Missouri; and whereas the now acting Sheriff of St. Louis county, Missouri, and the now acting Sheriff of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, have refused to execute said deed of trust; and whereas the Circuit Court of St. Louis county, Missouri, upon the application of the holder of said notes in that behalf did, by its order entered the 21st day of November, 1881, appoint the undersigned, William S. Badley, of St. Louis county, trustee, to execute said deed of trust in place of said original trustees. Now, therefore, by virtue of the provisions of said order and of said deed of trust, and in pursuance of the powers in me vested in the same and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I, the undersigned, William S. Badley, as trustee, will, on

THURSDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of 10 in the forenoon and three in the afternoon, proceed to sell the property hereinabove described at public vendue, to the highest bidder at the Court-house door, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

WILLIAM S. BADLEY, Trustee.

St. Louis, November 23, 1881. 22Z

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Under order of the Circuit Court.—In pursuance of order of sale made by the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, on the 18th of November, 1881, in the case of Laura A. Le Beau et al. vs. Peter J. Hurck, administrator, et al., the undersigned will, on

SATURDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of 12 m. and 4 p. m. of that day, at the eastern front door of the Court house, city of St. Louis, sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, for one-third cash, and the balance payable in equal parts in one and two years, deferred payments to bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, and to be secured by deed of trust on the lots sold, four undivided ninth parts of the following described pieces or parcels of land, to-wit: Lots 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43 and 44 in block 75 of the City Commons, in block 1632 of the city of St. Louis, fronting 535 6-12 feet on Nebraska avenue, from or through which M. J. HARTNETT conveyed to Rose D. Rice.

Trustee under will of Rose D. Rice.

N. B.—As earnest money, the purchaser will be required to pay 10 per cent on amount of bid on the lots as sold. M. J. HARTNETT, Trustee. 28K

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—By virtue of the provisions of a deed of trust from Eliza Lee, the widow, who has now been dead more than nine months, dated the twenty-fifth day of May, eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 753, page 262, the undersigned trustee, having been made in the payment of the principal notes secured by said deed of trust at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I, the undersigned trustee, will, on

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7, A. D. 1881, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m. of that day, sell at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate, lying in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered from (2) two to (9) nine, both inclusive, and from (22) twenty-two to (33) thirty-three both inclusive, of block (17) seventeen of the subdivision of the Washestate, as said lots and blocks appear by a plat recorded in book 537, page 349, of the records in the said Recorder's office.

ARTHUR LEE, Trustee.

St. Louis, November 16, 1881. 92V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas by deed dated 6th November, 1875, recorded in book 534 page 158, of present St. Louis city records, Missouri, John F. Lay and Lizzie P., his wife, conveyed to the undersigned trustees the following lots in the then county of St. Louis now city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: Lot 21 and 22 in block 8, of a subdivision known as "Aubert Place," a plat of which is of record in the Recorder's office of the present city of St. Louis, said lots, each having a front of 60 feet on "Fountain Park," and the whole bounded on the north by lot 6, on the east by lot 23, on the south by "Fountain Park," on the west by lot 20 of said block, having an aggregate front of 120 feet, which conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of a certain note in said deed described; and whereas said note is long past due and wholly unpaid; now, at the request of the legal holder of the same, and in accordance with the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will, on

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1881, proceed to sell the lots above described, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the said city of St. Louis, Missouri, for cash, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. of that day, for the payment of said note and expenses.

GEORGE W. CLINE,
WM. C. JAMISON,
Trustees.

93V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by a certain deed of trust, dated May 13, 1880, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of St. Louis in book 629, page No. 482, there was conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots 26, 27 and 28, in block 1, Charles Larned's addition to the city of St. Louis and in city block 2253, having an aggregate front of 84 feet 1½ inches on the north line of Gratiot street by a depth of 120 feet to an alley, which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein described; and whereas one of said notes described in said deed has become due and remains unpaid, and the taxes upon said property have not been paid as provided in said deed. Now therefore, in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the holder of said notes, the undersigned trustee will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in St. Louis, Missouri, offer said property for sale, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

JNO. M. GILKESON, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Talbot Smith and Mary J., his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated September 1, A. D. 1876, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the county (now city) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book No. 557, page 179, did convey to the undersigned trustee the following described piece or parcel of ground, with the house and other improvements thereon, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: The northern one-half of lot numbered eleven (11) in block numbered twenty-four hundred and forty-three (2443) of the said city of St. Louis, according to the recorded plat thereof, said portion of said lot hereby conveyed having a front on the east line of Thirteenth street of twenty-five (25) feet by a depth eastwardly of one hundred and fifty feet (150) more or less to a public alley twenty (20) feet wide, bounded on the west by Thirteenth street, north by lot No. 12 of said block, east by said alley and south by the southern half of said lot No. 11, and being house No. 68 of the houses built and numbered by the St. Louis Mutual House Building Company No. 3, together with the share of stock of said company numbered one hundred and five (105), which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain bond or obligatory executed by said Talbot Smith to the said St. Louis Mutual House Building Company, No. 3, in the sum of one thousand and sixty-two 40-100 dollars ($1,062 40-100), bearing even date with said deed of trust, and with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum. The conditions of said bond are that said Talbot Smith shall pay or cause to be paid to said company the sum of two dollars, for the monthly contribution or instalment on said share of stock and the further sum of eight 50 dollars, being the monthly rent or interest specified in said bond, and should also pay all taxes and insurance on said property. And whereas default has been made in the payment of said monthly rent or interest and the dues, instalments and assessments, and the same have remained due and unpaid for the space of more than one month since they became due and payable; and whereas the said Talbot Smith has been dead for more than nine months. Now, therefore, in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the said company, to whom said indebtedness is due and payable, I, the undersigned trustee, will, on

THURSDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 30, 1881. 9D

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and William H. Glasgow is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 31 in city block No. 2212 of the city of St. Louis, and also being in block 5 of Market street and Cuteau avenue addition to said city, said lot having a front of 25 feet on Cozzens avenue by a depth of

And I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF DECEMBER 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 30, 1881. 11D

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Catherine M. Taomas is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Nineteenth street in city block 2536, 17 feet 4 inches in front or width, and 110 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 27 in Chambers' addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 17, 1881. 39W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Maggie J. Burge, unknown children of Theodore W. Burge and Maggie J. Burge, James M. Carpenter, trustee, Henry Haarstick, Charles D. Green, jr., trustee, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 3. A lot of ground on Osage street in city block 2569, 25 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 2 in City Commons.

And I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 30, 1881. 10D

Administrators' Notices.

BY order of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, made on the 26th day of October, 1881, the undersigned will on Thursday, the 8th day of December, 1881, between the hours of eight o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following assets of the estate of Francis Griesedieck, deceased, to-wit:

Lot No. 2 in city block No. 2212 of the city of St. Louis, fronting seventy-five feet on Caroline street in said city.

EDWARD P. JOHNSON,
Special Commissioner.

9Z

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mary F. Barrett is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Perry avenue, 50 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length, being lot 13 in block 3 in Barrett's addition to said city.

And I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 30, 1881. 14D

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Catharine Mylar and Thomas Mylar are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 31 in city block No. 2212 of the city of St. Louis, and also being in block 5 of Market street and Cuteau avenue addition to said city, said lot having a front of 25 feet on Cozzens avenue by a depth of

And I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF DECEMBER 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 30, 1881. 71D

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Peter Delore, Edmund Delore, James Delore, Sarah Euge, John Euge, Mary Forder, Charles Forder, Mary B. Hall, Charles E. Pourcelli, trustee, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in Carondelet commons fields, in survey 35, township 44, range 7, containing four and 69-100 acres, and bounded on the north by a road, on the east by the estate of one Beckerie, on the south by that of one Steffens, on the west by that of one Delore and others.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 19, 1881. 8Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Annie Dolan, Mary T. Dolan, Edward C. Kehr, Julia Dolan, Frank Lunt, John W. O'Connell, Edward C. Kehr, trustee, and M. B. Jonas, guardian ad litem for Mary T. Dolan, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Eighth street in city block 420, 20 feet in front or width, and 127 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one O'Laughlin, on the east by an alley, on the south by real estate of one Chenoi, on the west by Eighth street.

And I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 30, 1881. 71D

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Michael Lehoux and City of St. Louis are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 3 A lot of ground on Osage street in city block 2569, 25 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 2 in City Commons.

And I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 30, 1881. 14D

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Catharine Mylar and Thomas Mylar are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 31 in city block No. 2212 of the city of St. Louis, and also being in block 5 of Market street and Cuteau avenue addition to said city, said lot having a front of 25 feet on Cozzens avenue by a depth of

And I will, on

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I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in Carondelet commons fields, in survey 35, township 44, range 7, containing four and 69-100 acres, and bounded on the north by a road, on the east by the estate of one Beckerie, on the south by that of one Steffens, on the west by that of one Delore and others.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

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St. Louis, Mo., November 19, 1881. 8Z

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I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Eighth street in city block 420, 20 feet in front or width, and 127 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one O'Laughlin, on the east by an alley, on the south by real estate of one Chenoi, on the west by Eighth street.

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I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Bayard avenue, 60 feet in front or width, and 180 feet in length or depth, being lot 6, in block 5, in Aubert Place addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 19, 1881. 5Z

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I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in block 2269 of said city, being 25 feet in front by 50 feet deep, and that said lot is further described as being W. part of lot 11, in block 2, in Dillon's Addition (continued) to the city of St. Louis aforesaid.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 19, 1881. 2Z

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Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, November 19, 1881 2Z

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I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Eighth street in city block 253, 16 feet in front or width and 85 feet 6 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Donohoe, on the east by an alley, on the south by real estate of one Donohoe and others, on the west by Eighth street.

And I will, on

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ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 19, 1881. 5Z

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FOREIGN.

The Record of The Day in the Old World.

Irish Agitation Continues—Notes From the Continent.

Italy.

LONDON, December 6.—The Vienna correspondent of the Standard vouches for the authenticity of the following: Some time back Russia sounded Italy in regard to joint action against Austria. Italy received the proposals favorably, and preparations were actually begun to repeat the events of '66, with the exception that Russia was to play the part which Prussia then performed, but the scheme became known to the Austrian and German Governments, and Bismarck accordingly arranged the Dantzic interview. When Italy perceived that the Austro-German alliance would be able to withstand an Austro-Russian conflict, she resolved to attain her ends with the help of Austria. Italy, believing that Austria cherished important designs in the east of Europe, and would consent to the transfer of Trentino, or some other part of Italia Irredenta, in order not to be disturbed in the East, instructed Count de Robilant, the Italian Ambassador at Vienna, to suggest an interview between King Humbert and the Emperor Francis Joseph as a preliminary to an alliance. The Italian Minister, who accompanied King Humbert to Vienna, broached the Trentino subject, but without success.

WHAT IT MEANS.

ROME, December 6.—The report of the Budget Committee on the estimates of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs state king Humbert's visit to Vienna and signature of the treaty of commerce with France signify no less than the peace of Europe and security of Italy.

England.

LONDON, December 6.—The purifying house of the Birkenhead Gas Works exploded this morning. There was no loss of life, but the explosion caused a great panic, hundreds of persons rushing into the street.

WILL MEET.

LONDON, December 6.—The Times in an editorial says that the Czar and the Emperor Francis Joseph will certainly meet.

Ireland.

LONDON, December 6.—It is stated that John Dillon, M. P., will be released from prison.

RETIRED.

LONDON, December 6.—Dempsey, proprietor of the Ulster Examiner and Northern Star, has retired from the contest in the election for member of Parliament for Londonderry to fill the vacancy caused by the promotion of Hugh Law to be Lord Chancellor of Ireland. This action is in obedience to a voice from Kilmainham.

South Africa.

CAPE TOWN, December 6.—The failure of McKenzie & Co., contractors, is announced. Liabilities £400,000.

Canada.

OTTAWA, December 6.—The water was let out of the Rideau Canal to-day.

Burglarizing a Post-Office.

CHICAGO, December 6.—The post-office at Desplaines, Ill., was robbed last night by four men, who took the train for Chicago at Hanson. The conductor was notified and upon arriving at Elgin locked the rear door of the coach in which the robbers were, but when the policemen entered they carelessly allowed two of the robbers to escape. Of the two captured one had several hundred dollars' worth of postage stamps and the other had a complete kit of burglar's tools. The extent of the robbery is not yet known, but it is believed to be very considerable.

AN INSANE HORSE.

A strange case of hydrophobia in a horse has been discovered at Fifty-first street. The animal, an old family horse, has suddenly become insane and savage, biting at everything within reach, kicking his stable to pieces and knocking himself savagely against the bars until he is one mass of bloody bruises. He is to be killed. The cause of his madness is not known.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 6.—For Tennessee, Ohio Valley and Lower Lake Region, cloudy, rainy weather, southerly veering to westerly winds, stationary or higher temperature, falling followed by rising barometer. For Upper Lake Region, cloudy, rainy weather, warm southwest veering to colder northwest winds, followed by rising barometer. For Upper Mississippi and Missouri Valleys, cloudy weather, light rain or snow, followed by clearing weather, winds veering to colder northwesterly, higher barometer. Cautionary signals continue at Oswego, Section 6, Rochester, Buffalo, Erie, Cleveland, Section 5, Sandusky, Toledo, Detroit, section 4, Port Huron, Alpena, Mackinac City, Grand Haven, Section 3, Milwaukee, Section 1 and Escanaba.

MOLLIE MAGUIRES.

Some of the Gang on Trial for a Murder.

PITTSBURG, December 6.—The trial of the Mollie Maguires for the murder of Maurice Healy, the Dunbar furnace man, last June, commenced this morning at Uniontown, Pa.

Wall Street Gossip.

NEW YORK, December 6.—Stock market opened weak and ½@¾ lower and speculation since continued heavy, prices at this hour showing a decline of ¼@1, the entire list participating therein. Memphis and Charleston opened at an advance of 1 per cent, but has since declined 1½. Speculation as a rule is rather dull. The best commission houses are annoyed by the continuance of a market which does not permit them to advise either purchases or sales. It is generally thought that this state of things will continue as long as the Stock Exchange can make money worth 1-16 any afternoon. It is reported that under the reorganization of the Marietta and Cincinnati Road the first mortgage bondholders will receive a new bond with principal and interest and back interest guaranteed by the Baltimore and Ohio Company.

The New Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, December 6.—It is stated that the President will send in the names of Frelinghuysen and Brewster for Secretary of State and Attorney General respectively to-morrow. Other Cabinet nominations will be made later. The speaker has not yet had time to give thought to the formation of committees, and assignments of chairmanship in newspapers is of no interest speculation. In the House members of committees are not promoted according to service on committee, as in the Senate, and therefore there is no basis for speculation. The speaker uses his own judgment and pleasure in distributing committee honors.

Chicago Defaulters.

CHICAGO, December 6.—Yesterday evening warrants were issued for the arrest of Wm. R. Larrabee, late School Treasurer of Lake View, and Edmond Jarrett, ex Treasurer of the Hyde Park and Lake school district. Larrabee was indicted for failing to turn over $25,000 held by him and Jarrett for the alleged defalcation of $60,000.

Death of Gen. Kilpatrick.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 6.—Information has been received here of the death of Gen. Kilpatrick, Minister to Chili. He died at Santiago, Sunday last.

The Gould Party.

BOSTON, December 6.—The Gould party were chosen directors of the New York and New England Railroad to-day.

Murders, Shooting and Casualties.

LOUISVILLE, KY., December 6.—Specials to the Courier Journal: Winchester.—The first through train from Huntington passed down the road to-day. It consisted of fourteen car loads of Coalburg coal and a passenger coach. Trains will now run through from Huntington to Louisville on regular time. Forty car loads of Straight Creek coal will arrive here this week.

Pine Hill.—James Robinson was accidentally shot in the thigh to-day by his cousin, Geo. Inman. The wound is not serious. Inman is blind but has a possion for pistols.

Fort Sterling.—Geo. Clay and Sam McMillan, both of the Smithville suburbs, engaged in a shooting match last night. McMillan was dangerously shot in the shoulder.

Russellville—The north bound freight train was wrecked at the South Union to day. Engineer Cain and one brakeman were hurt, though not seriously.

Mount Vernon.—In a difficulty over six dollars in money at Reedville in this county, yesterday, an old man named Roberts was stabbed six times and instantly killed by a young man named King. The murderer has not been arrested.

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
213 N. Third St., St. Louis,
dealers in

U. S. Bonds,	State Bonds,
County Bonds,	Municipal Bonds,
Railroad Bonds,	Township Bonds,

And securities of every description.
Public sales made on 'Change.
Special attention given to securities dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange.

MONEY.

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities, Etc

NEW YORK, December 6.—Money 6. Prime mercantile 6@7. Bar silver 112½. Exchange steady; 80¾ long, 81¼ sight. Governments quiet and generally firm. States dull. Railroads irregular. Stocks—Since 11 o'clock market dull and irregular; changes merely fractional. 6s extended 101; 5s 102½; 4½s 114½; 4s 118½; Pacific 6s '95 127.

Rock Island	134	Mar. & Cin. 1st prfd.	16½
Panama	135	second prfd.	8
Fort Wayne	126	St., C. R. & N.	89
Pittsburg	156	St. L. & K. C.	44½
Illinois Central	142½	prfd	94
C., B. & Q.	138½	W., St. L. & Pacific	41
Chicago & Alton	136	prfd	80½
prfd	145	Hannibal & St. Joseph	95½
N. Y. Central	137	prfd	103½
Harlem	215	St. L. & San Fran.	45
Lake Shore	120½	prfd	65½
Canada Southern	80	1st prfd	100
Michigan Central	91	C., C., I. & N. O.	80
Erie	44½	Kansas & Texas	33½
prfd	93½	Union Pacific	115½
Northwestern	126½	Central Pacific	91
prfd	140	Texas Pacific	43
St. Paul	106½	Northern Pacific	39½
prfd	119	prfd	73
Del. & Lack	127½	Louisville & Nash	103½
Morris & Essex	139½	Nashville & Chat	85
Del. & Hudson E. Div.	107½	L. & N. A.	74
N. J. Central	95	Houston & Texas	91
Reading	70	Denver & R. Grande	70½
Ohio	20½	St. Paul & Omaha	38½
prfd	37	prfd	100½
Chesapeake & Ohio	27	Buffalo, Pittsburg & W	45½
first prfd	38½	Memphis & C	70½
second prfd	24½	Western Union	84½
Mobile & Ohio	56½	Pacific Mail	45
Steve'd & Col	91½	Adams	143
C., C. & I. C.	20½	Fargo	135
Ohio Central	2[illegible]	American	97
Erie & Western	43½	United States	77
Peoria, D. & E.	39	Quicksilver	13½
Ont. & Western	30½	prfd	60
Ind., B. & W.	50		

*Bid. †Offered. ‡Ex div.

R. R. MAGNUS,
BROKER IN
COTTON
GRAIN AND PROVISIONS,
223 Chestnut St. St. Louis.
CORRESPONDENTS—Sawyer, Wallace & Co., Callender & Henderson, New York; J. B. Hobbs & Co., Chicago; S. H. Buck & Co., New Orleans; Moly-eux, Tavies, & Co., Liverpool.

EWING HILL & CO.
(Members New York Cotton Exchange),
BROKERS IN
COTTON
Grain and Provisions.
N. W. COR. MAIN AND CHESTNUT
Contracts for "Future Delivery" executed promptly in all leading markets.

COMMERCE

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION.

FLOUR—Receipts 6,707 brls. Stock on December 1, 75,488 brls. Market quiet but steady. We quote: Family at $6@7 10; choice $6 50@6 50; fancy $6 15@6 30; XXX $5 70@5 80; XX $5 30@5 45; X $5 05@5 15; superfine $4 65@4 75; fine $4 30@4 45; favorite brands 18@30c higher; patents $7 50@8 50.

WHEAT—Receipts 8,403 sacks, 3,600 bu. Weaker. Futures irregular, but generally lower on unfavorable advices, closing at declines of ⅜@⅞. Grades scarce in milling demand; all well sustained except the speculative grade; No. 2 red sold at $1 35¾@1 35 cash; $1 31¾ Dec., later $1 35 bid. Jan. at $1 37¼@1 37½, closing at $1 37¼. Feb. at $1 41¾@1 40¾, closing at $1 40¾ asked; March at $1 45, later $1 43¾ old; May at $1 43¾@1 45¾. No. 3 red at $1 30; No. 4 at $1 19; No. 2 Mediterranean at $1 38@1 38¾; 3 do at $1 32. All else neglected.

CORN—Receipts 54,600 bu. Lower. Futures active at irregular prices, but weakness generally prevailing as outside influences were depressing; closed ⅛@¼ lower, except May. Grades in order and shipping request, with an active movement to rejected at the reduced prices. No. 2 mixed sold at 63¾@63¾ cash, but 63 the best bid at close; December at 63¾@63¾, closing at 63 bid; January at 64½@64¾ to 64¾@64¾, closing at 64¾; February at 65¾@65¾; March at 66¾@66¾; May at 68¾@68¾ to 67⅞@68, closing at 68¾; No. 2 white-mixed sold cash at 67 E. side, 68 in E., 68¾@68 this side; rejected do at 66 in E., 67 this side; rejected at 59¾@59, closing at latter this and E. side; for no-grade 50 bid.

OATS—Receipts 1,488 sks, 4,800 bu. Easier for cash, though the supply was still small, but buyers not so keen in their inquiries. Futures entirely nominal, as buyers and sellers were apart in their views. No. 2 sold at 46¾@46¾ cash, closing at 46¾ regular; December salable at 46¾; January at 47¾; February at 47¾; May at 49¾; No. 2 white at 48 in St. L.; rejected at 46.

RYE—Receipts 43 sks, 500 bu. Lower, but more doing at the decline; sellers more inclined to let go and order buyers freely meeting them. No. 2 sold at 97 in C., 97¼ in St. L., for rejected 92 bid.

BARLEY—Receipts 5,259 sks, 34,090 bu. Very dull, but unchanged. We quote as follows: Rejected 75@80; medium 85@90; prime do $1; choice $1 05@1 10; fancy $1 12½@1 15; Can Canada $1 10@1 25; California $1 25@1 30.

HAY—Receipts 161 tons. Unchanged in price; choice wanted, but all else dull. Sales, this side—prime to choice prairie $13 50@15; mixed $16; prime timothy $19 50; East track—prime to strictly prime timothy $15@17.

MILLFEED—Bran in demand and firm; sacked sold at 98 del and 95 at mill.

PROVISIONS—An unfavorable turn in other markets had something of a depressing effect, but only perceptible in a portion of the product. Standard mess pork was quotable at $17 15, and salable at $16 90 Jan., $17 35 Feb., $17 50 March; heavy at $17 25; hard side at $16 90. Prime steam lard nominal at 11 cash; for Feb. 11½ bid. Loose dry salt quotable at 6.20@ 30 for shoulders, 8 80@8 90 for long clear, 8.80@85 for clear ribs, 9.10@¼ for short clear, according to age and clear ribs sold at 8.85, but aged meats were not offering, though in demand and ready sale; boxed shoulders sold at 8.35, long clear at 8¾@.90, clear ribs, at 9, short clear at 9¼. Packed bacon shoulders moved quietly at 7¾@8, clear ribs at 10.10, (loose at 9.85,) short clear at 10¼@45, loose at 10¼. S. C. hams 11½@13¾ summer make. Tallow 7@7½, according to quality. Breakfast bacon 12¾@13½. Grease 4½@5½ for brown, 5½@6c for yellow, 6@7½c for white. Beef—Extra mess $13 00 per brl; family $7 25 per half brl; dried 11½@13c per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $4 50@5 00 per doz. Salt—Domestic $1 50 per brl. Ground alum —— per sack.

HIGHWINES—Steady. Sales, 220 brls at $1 16.

CHICAGO, December 6.—Flour quiet and steady; choice $6 57@7; fancy $7 40@7 65. Commeal firmer at $3 60@3 70. Corn steady; mixed 76@77; yellow 80@81; white 81. Oats firmer at 56@57. Bran quiet at $1 10@1 12½. Hay quiet; prime $25@27; choice $22@24. Pork jobbing at $17 87½@18. D. S. shoulders firm at 7. Bacon steady at 8¼, 10¼@¾. Lard quiet; refined tes 11¾. Hams easy at 12@13. Whisky steady at $1 17. Exchange on New York —— discount, par; sight ——. Cotton—Net receipts 2,400 bales, gross 8,785.

LEAD—Steady. Soft Missouri selling in a small way at $4 85; hard worth $4 75@4 80.

Closing Prices—3:15 P. M.

ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT—Dec. $1 35¼ asked; Jan. $1 37½ bid; Feb. $1 40¾; March $1 42¾ bid; May $1 45¼ bid. CORN—December 63 bid; Jan. 64¼; Feb. 65¼; March 66¾; May 68¾. No. 2 white-mixed—Dec. 69 bid; Jan. 67¾ bid; Feb. 68 bid; May 73¾ bid. OATS—Dec. 46¾ bid; Jan. 46¾ bid; Feb. 47¾ bid; May 49¾.

CHICAGO.

WHEAT—Jan. $1 28¾@1¾; Feb. $1 29@¾. CORN—Dec. 60¾; Jan. 60¾@⅝; Feb. 61 bid; May 66; June 65¾. OATS—Dec. 44¾ bid; Jan. 44¾ bid; Feb. 44¾ bid; May 46 bid. PORK—Dec. new $16 85; Jan. $17 02½; Feb. $17 22½@25; March $17 45; April $17 65 bid. LARD—Dec. new 11.10 asked; Jan. 11¾@.15; Feb. 11.27½@.30; March 11 45; April 11 55@57½; May 11.65. SHORT-RIBS—Jan. 8.70 bid; Feb. 8.92½; March 9.05 bid; April 9.22½.

BALTIMORE.

WHEAT—Dec. $1 38½; Jan. $1 41½; Feb. $1 44¾; March $1 47. CORN—Dec. 68¾; Jan. 70¾@¾; Feb. 72½@¾.

NEW YORK

WHEAT—Dec. $1 41½; Jan. $1 41½; Feb. $1 47⅛. CORN—Dec. 70½; Jan. 72½; Feb. 74; May 75⅞.

MILWAUKEE.

WHEAT—Dec. $1 30¾; Jan. $1 28¾; Feb. $1 29¼.

Cotton.

Spots unchanged at 11¾c for middling, with an active demand, 2,922 bales selling. New York dull and 1-16c lower at 12 1-16c. Liverpool dull and easy at 1 16d decline. New Orleans quiet at 11¾c. Galveston firm at 11¾c.

NEW YORK.

Futures closed steady. December 11.96; January 12.15; February 12.34; March 12.53; April 12.68; May 12.80; June 12.90; July 13.01; August 13.11; September 12.41. Sales 104,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands 6⅝; Orleans 6¾d; sales 7,000 bales. Futures closed steady; December ——d; December and January 6 19 32d; January and February 6⅝d; February and March 6 11-16d; March and April 6 21-32d; April and May 6¾d; May and June 6 25 32d; June and July 6⅞; July and August 6,29-32d; August and September ——d.

LIVE STOCK.

CATTLE—The demand for butcher steers of decent quality fair and the light supply not adequate. All classes of buyers were in attendance, but only local speculators, butchers and interior shippers exhibited any desire to operate. Total supply light and mainly of common to medium butcher stock, which was dull of disposal at mean prices. Shipping steers, but few droves offered and may be called dull. Fair fleshed stockers and feeding steers in demand and scarce. Good fresh milch cows in demand. Common dull. Scalawag stuff dull. Quiting quotations slow.

HOGS—As the supply was scant, prices on packing grades were higher, say 5@10c per 100 lbs. The range paid was from $6 00@6 30; good heavy and select bring $6 25@6 50. Light shipping slow and unchanged. The packing demand was fair. Culls $4 50@5 50.

SHEEP—The demand for good and fancy muttons active. Offerings light and mainly of common. Lambs scarce. Values steady.

Common to medium $3 00@3 25; fair to good $3 40@4 00; good to prime $4 10@4 40; fancy $4 50@4 65; stock sheep $2 00@2 75; Texan sheep $2 50@4 00.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, December 6.—Flour—Receipts 24,000 brls; sales 12,000; dull and unchanged. Wheat ½@¾c lower and heavy; moderate speculative trade; sales 80,000 bu No. 2 red December at $1 41@⅝; 128,000 January at $1 43⅝@1 44⅜; 224,000 February at $1 46⅜@1 47⅛. Corn about ½c lower, moderate trade; mixed Western spot 66@71½; futures 71½@75½; sales 30,000 bu. Oats without any important change; Western 45@54; sales 110,000 bu. Beef quiet and about steady. Pork dull and weak; new mess $18 25@18 50; old $17 25@17 50. Lard heavy at 10.50@.07½c lower; steam rendered at 11.25. Butter firm and in demand; Western 12@42. Cheese quiet at 3@12¾. Sugar dull and nominal. Molasses quiet. Petroleum quiet and dull. Rice in fair inquiry. Coffee unchanged and dull. Freights quiet and steady. Spirits of turpentine steady at 55@55½. Rosin quiet at $2 20@25. Tallow dull at 7¾. Western eggs firm; 29@30 for fresh.

NEW ORLEANS, December 6.—Flour quiet and steady; choice $6 87@7; fancy $7 40@7 65. Commeal firmer at $3 60@3 70. Corn steady; mixed 76@77; yellow 80@81; white 81. Oats firmer at 56@57. Bran quiet at $1 10@1 12½. Hay quiet; prime $25@27; choice $22@24. Pork jobbing at $17 87½@18. D. S. shoulders firm at 7. Bacon steady at 8¼, 10¼@¾. Lard quiet; refined tes 11¾. Hams easy at 12@13. Whisky steady at $1 17. Exchange on New York —— discount, par; sight ——. Cotton—Net receipts 2,400 bales, gross 8,785.

W. F. LAMBE & CO.,
Plumbers,
Gas and Steam Fitters,
and Sewer Builders.
NO. 813 MARKET STREET

REAL ESTATE.

JOHN MAGUIRE,
Real Estate and House Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public.
Houses, lots and stores for rent, lease, sale or exchange in different parts of the city. Money loaned on real estate.
819 Walnut st., Office last 6th and 7th.

WANTED—ROOMS.

BY gentleman and wife, rooms and board; private family preferred; between Twentieth and Garrison and Pine and Washington avenue. Reference given and required. R 46, this office.

ROOM RENTING AGENCY—Wanted Rooms in all parts of the city to rent. Address Jas. R. Lumberman, 719 Chestnut street.

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms, with board, for two persons and child; price not over $35 per month. References given and required. Address, with full particulars, N. 47, this office.

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; limit, Fifteenth street west, Washington avenue and Olive street; over business house preferred; small family. Address M. 68, this office.

WANTED—Two unfurnished or furnished rooms with or without board, for man and wife. Parties must own house. References exchanged. Address T. this office.

EDUCATIONAL.

EDWIN L. McDOWELL,
ELOCUTIONIST.
Foster's School, Sixteenth and Pine.
Write for circular.

JOHNSON'S Commercial College, 210-212 N. Third st.; open day and night all the year. Write for circulars.

MARTIN'S Shorthand Institute removed to 618 Olive street, second floor. Trial week free. Get circulars.

MARTIN'S Short-hand Institute, 1306 Clark avenue. Trial week free. Get circulars.

ST. LOUIS SCHOOL OF ORATORY, 210 N. Third st. L. N. Beers, principal. Write for circular. Open day and night.

REMOVALS.

MARTIN' Shorthand Institute removed to 618 Olive street, second floor.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED—
A PLATE PRINTER,
For Wedding and Card Work.
Stationery Department.
E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.

WANTED—A mechanical organette, cheap for cash. Address, stating price, R. 41, this office.

MRS. LAUREE DE KNEUETT, Spiritual Medium; natural clairvoyant test and guide for business; at 14 3 Morgan street.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

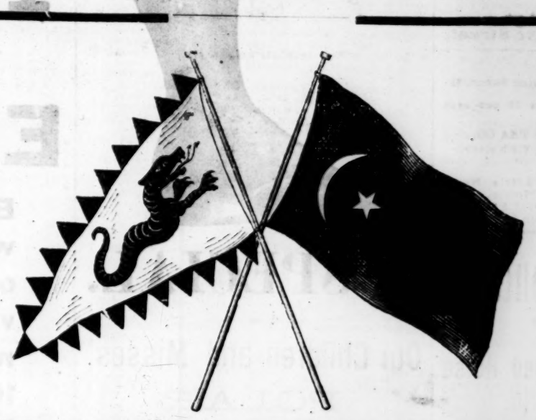
TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by their certain deed of trust dated October 27, 1879, and recorded in book 417, page 419, of the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, Mortimer R. Flint and wife conveyed to the undersigned, trustee, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: A lot of ground situated in city block No. 1014 of said city, to-wit: Beginning thirty feet west of the point where the south line of Locust street crosses the west line of Ewing avenue, thence westwardly along the south line of Locust street twenty-nine feet and nine inches to the east line of the property owned by Beverly Jackson, and now by Russell; thence south along the east line of said Jackson lot one hundred and thirty-four feet and eight inches to an alley; thence eastwardly along the north line of said alley twenty-nine feet and nine inches to a point thirty feet west of the west line of Ewing avenue; thence northwardly and parallel to Ewing avenue one hundred and thirty-four feet and eight inches to the place of beginning, which said conveyance was made to secure the payment of a certain negotiable promissory note in said conveyance described, and which said note has long since become due and now remains unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note and in conformity with the provisions of said deed, at the east front door of the Court house, in the city of St. Louis,

THURSDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

I will proceed to sell the said real estate at public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the conditions of said conveyance and defray the costs and expenses of said trust.

CHESTER H. KRUM,
Trustee.

St. Louis, December 6, 1881. 450



DIRECT FROM CONSTANTINOPLE.

J. Kennard & Sons,
420 AND 422 NORTH FOURTH STREET,
Have just received the Largest Importation of Foreign Carpets, Rugs and Mats ever brought West, embracing the following Celebrated Qualities:
KHORASSAN, CASHMERE.
BULGARIAN, GHIORDES,
DAGHESTAN, KOULAS,
ALLWALLA, MIGRA,
MERZIPORE, MELAS.
Call and See These Novelties.

AMUSEMENTS.

POPE'S STEELE MACKAYE & CO.
Every evening. Wednesday and Saturday Matinees.
STEELE MACKAYE CO
In the Great National Comedy Drama, by STEELE MACKAYE and Hon. A. W. TOURGEE, entitled:
A FOOL'S ERRAND.
Great Plantation Scene.
50c——COLORED JUBILEE SINGERS——50
Monday, December 12—The Great Comedian, Mr. JOHN S. CLARKE.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
Overwhelming success of the
"WORLD,"
"The Grandest Realistic Spectacular Drama Ever Known."
THE RAFT IN MID-OCEAN.
The Infernal Machine, The Last Drop of Water, Lunatic Asylum, The Passenger Elevator, and the Admirable Acting of BROOKS & DICKSON'S Powerful Company.
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

OLYMPIC THEATER.
Grand Triumph of BARLOW, WILSON, PRIMROSE AND WEST'S
MAMMOTH MINSTRELS
Houses crowded. Standing room only. Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.
Sunday, December 11—Goodwin and Weathersby in Hobbies.

PEOPLE'S THEATER
Corner Sixth and Walnut streets.
Week commencing Sunday, December 4. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday at 2 p. m., the Distinguished Irish Comedian and Vocalist,
MR. JOSEPH MURPHY,
In the Favorite Irish Comedy-Drama,
KERRY GOW.
A company of unusual excellence.
Sunday, December 11—The Rogers Comedy Co.—Minnie Palmer and Mr. R. E. Graham in the Delicious Idyl: MY SWEETHEART.

THE NATATORIUM
ROLLER SKATING RINK,
Corner Nineteenth and Pine,
GOODELL AND SMITH,
The Champion Roller-Skaters,
Will make their first appearance at the Rink on Tuesday night, Dec. 6; also Thursday and Saturday nights, and Saturday Matinee, Dec. 6, 8 and 10

ART EMBROIDERY
Mrs. M. E Coburn, of Boston, will be at the New Southern Hotel with a full line of
ARTISTIC EMBROIDERIES,
On TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, DEC. 6 and 7, consisting in part of PORTIERES, TABLE COVERS, TIDIES, ETC, both commenced and finished.
This is an excellent opportunity for ladies to purchase Holiday Gifts.

THE POLITE ART OF DANCING.
M. Xaupi's Academy of Dancing, Waltzing and Personal Deportment.
2337 OLIVE ST.
SECOND TERM
Will commence Friday, December 9, at 3:30 p. m. and Saturday, 10, at 10 a. m., for ladies, misses and masters. Gentlemen's class, Tuesday and Friday at 7:30 p. m.

CLOCKS
Every possible Design, for Parlor, Office, Saloon or Chamber.
Price from $1.50 to $300.00.
Warranted Good Timepieces.
Mermod, Jaccard & Co
COR. FOURTH AND LOCUST.

DIED.

AKHURST—WM. C. AKHURST, aged 25 years and 8 months, at Pine Bluff, Ark., December 4.

Due notice of the funeral will be given.

CHISHOLM—On Wednesday evening, December 5, MARY, beloved wife of A. M. Chisholm, Esq., 1225 Chambers street.

Remains will be taken to Canada for interment.

Hamilton and Toronto papers please copy.

RYAN—At the residence of his father, John Ryan, 7164 Chouteau avenue, December 4, JOHN A. RYAN, aged 42 years.

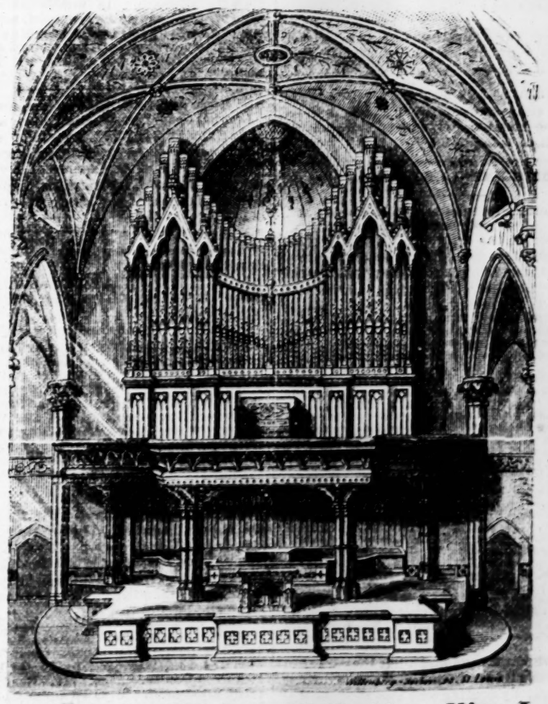
Funeral Wednesday, 9 a. m., from Church of the Holy Angels.

IN MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT OF Bateson, Bowling & Co.—Notice is hereby given that A. N. Craig, assignee of Bateson, Bowling & Co., has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court City of St. Louis a statement of the accounts of his trust to the October term, 1881, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court in Room No. 5, on Monday, the 12th day of December, 1881, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

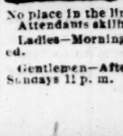
SEAL. CHARLES F. VOGEL,
Clerk Circuit Court City of St. Louis.

HOLIDAY GIFTS. ELEGANT PRESENTS
FURNITURE CO
Thousands of Appropriate Articles.
SCARRITT
Greatest Variety! Lowest Prices!
NEW Warerooms 609 to 613 N. Fourth St.

UNDER THE PALMS,
By a Chorus of 150 Voices at
SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH
Tuesday and Friday Evenings, Dec. 6 and 9.



Tuesday and Friday Evenings, Dec. 6 and 9.
Solo parts by Mrs. F. W. Peebles, Miss L. Cozzens, Dr. P. H. Cronin, Edward Dierkes. Prof. E. M. Bowman, Conductor. The church will be decorated with plants and flowers.



TO Lovers of Comfort: Special attention is called to the completeness of the new and elegant Olive street baths. Turkish, electric, shampoo, Roman and medicated baths generally, given on principles purely hygienic. No place in the line equal to it west of New York. Attendants skillful and obliging.
Ladies—Mornings, Sundays and holidays excepted.
Gentlemen—Afternoons and evenings till 9 o'clock. Sundays 11 p. m.
L. P. THOMAS, Proprietor.

BOOKS.

BOOKS—The finest and cheapest holiday gift books in the city at Archer's, 315 North Sixth street.

WANTED—You to buy any book you want at lowest price from them. Miller, 719 Olive street, room No. 3.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL—Office of Drs. Hodgen and Mudd removed to 500 Jefferson avenue, south of Washington avenue.

Anthracite Coal.

Best Lehigh and Wilkesbarre, Indiana Block, Big Muddy, Blossburg and Piedmont Blacksmith Coals.

J. J. SYLVESTER, Agt.,
416 Olive Street.

11 Lbs.

Clarified Sugar, $1.

10 lbs Granulated Sugar, $1.

Teas and Coffees 10 per cent lower than can be bought elsewhere.

ST. LOUIS TEA CO.,
106 North Fifth street.

SADDLE ROCK OYSTERS, Little Neck Clams, Clam Chowder, also Meats, Fish and Game, served to order at MILFORD'S, 114 N. Fifth. Separate dining-room for ladies.

Benton Bellefontaine RAILWAY

Is Now the Best Equipped Horse Railroad in the World.

The road bed is what is known in Europe as "heavy ballast," which prevents any jostling of the rail.

The rails are steel, heavy, firm, and as smooth as glass, which guarantees speed, comfort and safety to passengers.

To reach any locality in the north and northwestern portions of St. Louis, take the Red Cars on Washington Avenue.

ASTONISHING.

Stop and look at the window and see the display of Diamonds, Watches, Chains, Bracelets and other fine goods, and inquire the price of any article that strikes your fancy, and you will be astonished to find how low the prices are for such fine goods at

I. G. MOSS (Red Front),
Jeweler and Broker, 208 North Fourth Street.

☞ Every article warranted as represented or money refunded.

LOCAL NEWS.

D. CRAWFORD & CO.'s great toy show is now under way. This house shows a magnificent stock of toys and Christmas goods generally on their second floor, cheapest in the city. Buy at once while the assortment is complete, and avoid the rush of the latter days.

NEXT to beautiful teeth a delicate complexion is the great female attraction. Pozzoni's Complexion Powder gives it.

BOSTON ART FURNITURE.

In St. Louis at Boston Prices—No Extra Charge for Freight.

Absolutely the most attractive stock of artistic furniture we have ever shown for bed-rooms, dining-rooms, parlors; holiday goods and wedding presents, in brass, mahogany, ebony, maple, walnut and cocobola wood.

GUERNSEY, JONES & CO.,
500 North Fourth street.

Eminent Dr. W. C. Cavenagh,

Memphis, Tenn., writes: For weak digestion, consumption, general debility and want of appetite, I cheerfully recommend Colden's Liebig's Liquid Extract of Beef and Tonic Invigorator. (Remember the name, Colden's; take no other.)

PRIVATE matters skilfully treated and medicine sent to any address. Dr. Dinsbeer, 415 N. Seventh st.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles St., St. Louis. A regular graduate, oldest office in U. S. for cure of private matters, venereal diseases, etc.

DEALERS IN WOODEN WARE can find in the reliable dry goods store of B. Nugent & Bro. a house that is willing they should enjoy their own business and make all they can out of it.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
912 Olive street. Set of teeth only $8.

A DELICACY. Whole Ox Tongue canned by the St. Louis Beef Canning Company,

DRUNKENNESS and morphine habit cured. Book sent free; 414 N. Seventh. Dr. Cordell.

MORRISON RENSHAW, NOTARY,
Room 4, Northeast cor. Olive and Sixth streets.

TOLU and Tar Gum Drops for coughs and colds, only genuine, at Catlin's, Sixth and Washington avenue.

TINWARE DEALERS need not buy dry goods from their competitors in the tin business, so long as the reliable dry goods store of B. Nugent & Bro. is in full blast.

THE BANQUET BOARD.

A Complimentary Reunion in Honor of Mr. O. W. Ruggles.

A number of the friends of O. W. Ruggles have arranged to give him a complimentary banquet at the Lindell to-night, prior to his departure from the city. The affair will take place in the ladies' grand parlor, which is being handsomely ornamented. The table will be a miracle of art. On the center will be an immense floral locomotive, with all appurtenances complete. On the tender the letters "O. W. R." will be done in white flowers. At either end of the board a large floral horse-shoe will be set up, one inscribed "M. P." (Missouri Pacific), the other "M. C." (Michigan Central). The banquet will be entirely informal and will partake of the nature of a reunion of old friends. The gentlemen who are going to the banquet and who will sit down at the table are Messrs. S. D. Barlow, J. W. Wallace, Wm. Welker, C. H. Billings, E. L. Dudley, M. Sweeney, S. Frink, J. J. Rogers, Wm. A. Kendall, W. S. Cuddy, J. H. Morley, W. R. Donaldson, Thos. Thoroughman, B. Pike, C. E. Norton, Chas. E. Ware, Jas. McNichol, John D. Rankin, Jos. A. Robertson, D. C. Knox, Chas. Scudder, W. H. Smith, Chas. Wagner, A. W. Gifford, of San Antonio, W. H. Nave, Chas. Evans, S. C. Clubb, France Chandler, A. S. Ackerson, C. B. Kinnan, Chas. M. Elleard, Henry Ames, Gen. A. Beckwith, of this city, Judge C. Beckwith and W. Colbrook, of Chicago, are also expected.

LAMP DEALERS can find what they want in the dry goods line without patronizing their competitors, by dealing with the reliable dry goods store of B. NUGENT & BRO.

For Safe Keeping.

Deputy U. S. Marshal Torrens placed John F. Carroll, John Morgan, Thomas Mantooth and P. M. King in jail for safe keeping. He is on the way to Michigan City Penitentiary with the prisoners, who were convicted in the Indian Territory.

FOR general debility and prostration, Hop Bitters will do wonders. Prove it by trial.

JOHN S. LAMAR, a patrolman in the Third Police District, died of consumption last night, at his late residence, No. 3622 Mills street. The remains will be taken to Kentucky for interment.

WRITE to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, No. 233 Western avenue, Lynn, Mass., for pamphlets relative to the curative properties of her Vegetable Compound in all female complaints.

A SPECIAL.

Our Children and Misses'

POLAR

School Bootee

They are made of the Best Oil Goat with Heavy Double Sole Extended. They are the Best and Most Sensible Winter Shoe on the Market. Look Stylish and Fit Perfect.

PRICES LOW.

J. G. BRANDT,

504 and 506 Franklin Ave.

A New Comparison of Poisons.

From the London Times.

Comparative experiments with different poisons have often been made by injecting a given quantity of each into the veins of animals and noting the effects. M. Richet has recently tried another method (which offers some advantage, viz., poisoning the medium in which the animal breathes. If a fish be put in a poisonous solution it dies sooner or later according to the concentration of the poison. M. Richet adopts as the "limit of toxicity" the maximum quantity of poison (referred to one litre of water) allowing a fish to live more than forty-eight hours. This limit he has determined for various metals, always using the same acid radical, viz., chlorides. The limit of toxicity was calculated not per weight of chloride but per weight of combined metal. The figures show that there is no precise relation between the automatic weight of a substance and its poisonous power. Copper is 600 times as poisonous as strontium, though its atomic weight is less. Lithium, with an atomic weight of only the twentieth of that of barium, is three times as poisonous, etc. Even with metals of the same family no relation between the two things was discoverable. Cadmium (112) is only about half as poisonous as zinc (65); lithium (17) is seventy times as poisonous as sodium (23), etc. Nor could any relation be made out between the chemical function of a body and its toxical power. Thus potassium and sodium, the chemical properties of which are so similar, have very unequal toxicity; one gramme of potassium is nearly 250 times as poisonous as one gramme of sodium. M. Richet means to prosecute the subject further.

QUEENSWARE MERCHANTS can find just what they want in the dry goods line, without buying it in a crockery store, by calling at the reliable dry goods store of B. Nugent & Bro.

Deserted by an Opera Singer.

Boston Special to Chicago Times.

In the Supreme Court at Cambridge today James M. Osgood, of Somerville, sued for a divorce from his wife, Emma A. Osgood, the well-known concert singer, on the ground of desertion. The libelee, it is claimed, deserted her husband in 1875, going to Europe, and he testified that he did all a man could to get her back. A letter sent by her from Europe was put in the case, in which she said she had lost all affection for him; that she was more comfortable with Stella than with him, and that she and Stella had agreed to live always together; that when they parted, three years before, he well knew her feelings toward him, and that she loved her art better than anything else in the world. She hoped he would be happy and find some one to care for him, and told him he would be as unhappy in her society as she would be in his. The husband further said that he had always had an objection to his wife appearing in public as a concert singer. She, as well as himself, was a member of a church, and he did not think it proper for her to travel about the country singing, and he had protested against it. The court reserved its decision.

From the Missouri Republican, Nov. 6.

Dealing exclusively in diamonds and transacting business without the aid of salesmen, one visit to Mr. Gregg's office assures the customer that where the expense of a vast establishment is saved, sales can be made profitable to the dealer at far less cost to the purchaser.

A large and well selected stock of precious stones constantly on hand. Mounting diamonds a specialty.

RAYMOND GREGG,
Office: 15 Equitable Building, Sixth and Locust streets.

It's a sign of rain when a dog lies on his back with his legs toward the sky; when a hog is seen running with a stick in its mouth; when geese hold a nominating convention just before day; when guinea fowls all cry "pot-rack! pot-rack!" and get under the porch; when ducks, after oiling themselves, throw water over their backs; when, in the morning, the clouds are moving south and southeast, and when the sun sets completely obscured by a cloud.

Buy no Holiday Present Without Seeing Dr. Scott's beautiful Electric Hair and Flesh Brushes. *They always benefit the well*, and marvelously cure Headaches, Neuralgia, Dandruff, Falling Hair, Baldness, Rheumatism, etc. Price refunded if not as represented. At Drug and Fancy Stores.

Guiteau is doing what he can to help Mr. Beecher out. His attack must have the effect of raising up friends for Beecher.—Chicago Times. Yes, Mr. Beecher is a truly good man. Mrs. Tilton must have been greatly in error. Guiteau, who was a member of Mr. Beecher's church, should let him alone.

ROLLER SKATES.

All Kinds at Simmons Hardware Company.

Thirty-five "business men" have joined Managing Editor Burke in the New Orleans consolidated newspaper enterprise. With thirty-five "businessmen" to give him hints as to how a great newspaper should be conducted, Mr. Burke will be perfectly happy.

FURNITURE DEALERS, out of pure self-respect, would not buy any dry goods from a house that was underselling them on rocking-chairs, so long as the reliable dry goods store of B. Nugent & Bro. holds forth.

THIS DAY AND EVENING!

Being the occasion of our opening, we call the attention of ladies visiting our establishment to the exhaustless variety of useful articles for gentlemen. Reception from 8:30 a. m. till 10 p. m. Electric light constantly illuminating our Art Parlor.

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,

FIFTH AND OLIVE.

TRADE MARK.

CAUTION!

The wonderful achievements and success of **Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar** has caused the issue of counterfeits and deceptive and *dangerous* mixtures bearing parts of its compound name or Trade-Mark device. Be not deceived by these vile subterfuges, but obtain **"Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar"** *by its full name*; and also observe the above **EXACT** Trade-Mark device on the wrapper enclosing each bottle, *without which none is genuine.*

For Sale by all Druggists.

HALE'S HONEY
— OF —
HOREHOUND & TAR!

The Great National Specific for the Speedy Cure of

COUGHS, COLDS, INFLUENZA, SORE THROATS, *LUNG and all BRONCHIAL COMPLAINTS.*

The Honey of the Plant *Horehound* SOOTHES and SCATTERS all irritations and inflammations, and the Tar Balm *Abies Balsamea* CLEANSES and HEALS the throat and air passages leading to the lungs. FIVE additional ingredients keep the organs cool, moist, and in healthful action.

A Cough may be fitly termed the preliminary stage of Consumption, a malady of which HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR is the surest known preventive. Therefore, delay not a moment to take this CERTAIN SPECIFIC. CHILDREN derive great benefit from its soothing properties, when suffering with Croup and Whooping Cough. *PRICES:—50c. and $1.* Large Size Cheapest.

C. N. CRITTENTON, Sole Prop'r, New York.

PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS
CURE IN ONE MINUTE.

THE BIG "4."

CUBAN STOCK. CUBAN WORK.

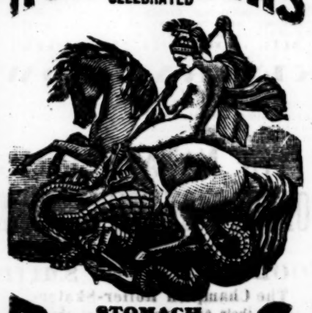
"4" "Equal to any 10 Cent Cigar." "4"

4 FOR 25 CENTS.

JOE CLARKE,

414 Washington Avenue.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS



In Hosts of Families

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is as much regarded as a household necessity as sugar or coffee. The reason of this is that years of experience have proved it to be perfectly reliable in those cases of emergency where a prompt and convenient remedy is demanded. Constipation, liver complaint, dyspepsia, indigestion and other troubles are overcome by it.

For sale by Druggists and Dealers, to whom apply for Hostetter's Almanac for 1882.

OVERCOATS, ULSTERS, ULSTERETTES.

Self-lined, Wool-lined and Silk-lined, made to order in the most perfect style from $20, $25, $30, $35 and $40 and $50.

Nicoll the Tailor

PIONEER OF MODERATE PRICES.

9 South Fourth and 708 Olive St.

Samples and rules for self-measurement sent everywhere. Branch stores in principal cities.

LINDELL HOTEL.

Refitted, Redecorated and Refurnished.

Cafe and Restaurant opened on Thursday, November 3. Regular Dinner 12 to 3. Popular Prices

Pianos & ORGANS.

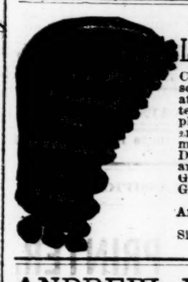
Our Guarantee MEANS Just what it says.

A Perfect INSTRUMENT or no sale.

$300	**Pianos** at $15., $20. &c., **per month. Organs** at $5. and $10.	$60.
$350	We have no cheap, medium and high price Pianos, of different makes, graded **to suit** the **Pockets** of buyers. **We keep only the best.—THE CHASE** and sell at lower rates than any other **first-class** Piano can be sold for. **We have but one price,** according to style and finish. Less 5 per cent for cash.	$80.
$400.	Parties **relying on our judgment** may return anything purchased of us if it does not come up to our description. **This has been our guarantee** for **over 50 years.**	$90.
$450.	Pianos & Organs **TUNED & repaired. Special** rates **on yearly** contracts.	$100.
$500.	Our illustrated price list of musical merchandise, **sent free.** It will give you a great amount of useful information.	$125.
$550		$150.

Peters' Music Store

307 North Fifth Street, St. Louis. The old Reliable House, Estab'd 1839.



AT F. DE DONATO'S

Ladies' Hair Bazaar

Can be found the largest assortment of the various style at the Reduced Prices. Water Waves, with a complete line of Hair Goods at a splendid assortment of the Newest Designs of Hair Ornaments and combs in Steel, Cut Jet, Garnet, Rubber, Silver, Gold, etc.

Also a full line of Toilet Articles.

F. DE DONATO'S,
Sixth and Olive streets.
(Opposite Barr's.)

ANDREW F. BROWN,
UNDERTAKER.
BOARDING, SALE & LIVERY STABLE
Nos. 101 to 107 S. Eleventh St.,
CORNER OF WALNUT.

I am now prepared to deal with my friends and the public on the most reasonable terms, and respectfully invite their attention. The best quality of metallic and wooden caskets constantly on hand.

ANDREW McALLISTER,
COMPOSITION ROOFER.

Orders promptly attended to, Work guaranteed. Prices low. Office northwest corner Sixth and Pine streets.

PROFESSIONAL.

PHYSICIAN AND ASTROLOGER, a graduate of both sciences, great prophet, interpreter and reader of planets, who understands the science of the Persian Astrologers and Magi. He has no equal in telling past, present and future, curing diseases, causing speedy marriages, bringing the separated together, giving good luck, removing evil influences, family troubles, drinking, etc. His powers are unequaled; foretells your very thoughts, gives perfect satisfaction, which is proved by thousands who daily and eagerly visit him. Send five three-cent stamps for Guide. DR. ALLEON, 910 N. Tenth street, St. Louis.

ELECTION NOTICES.

THE annual election for president, vice-president, five directors, treasurer and secretary of the St. Louis Club will be held at the Club House, 1532 Washington ave., St. Louis, Mo., on Saturday, December 17, 1881. Polls will be open from 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. By order of the Board of Directors.

JOHN T. DAVIS,
President.

The weather indications for to-day are cloudy; local rains.

HIGH CLASS NOVELTIES

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

We are now displaying in every department articles which are conspicuous for their beauty and richness, any of which will make a SENSIBLE and PRACTICAL PRESENT for the approaching holidays. We invite gentlemen of critical taste, who are particular about their wearing apparel, to inspect our offerings, as we feel assured that the care displayed in selecting our stock will enable us to meet their views in every instance. Our SMOKING JACKETS and DRESSING ROBES are marvels of elegance, and well worthy of the attention of admirers of artistic garments.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,

NORTHEAST CORNER FIFTH AND PINE.

Silks. Satins.

UNDERWEAR. HOSIERY.

Velvets. Plushes.

HOLIDAY DRY GOODS.

WM. F. CROW & CO.,

601 and 603 N. Fourth St., Cor. Fourth and Washington Ave

Doing a strictly legitimate Dry Goods Business, have made unusual exertion to have their stock in splendid order for the Holiday Season. Having always made it a cardinal point in our business to reduce prices in all departments during the Christmas Holidays, we have to that end made a Sweeping Reduction

In Black Silk and Satin Brocades.
In Plain Black and Brocade Velvets.
In Black Black Silks and Satins.
In Plain Colored Silks and Satins.
In French, English and American Dress Goods.
In Black French Cashmeres and Tricots.
In Lupin's Colored French Cashmeres and Camel Hair.
In Lupin's Black and Colored Armures and Biaritz.
In Black Silk Chain Henrietta and Crepe Cloths.
In French Camel Hair and Broche Shawls.
In English Velvet Beaver and Cloth Shawls.
In Plain Black and Fur-Backed Beaver Cloakings.
In English and American Colored Beaver Cloakings.
In Ladies' and Gents' Silk and Alpaca Umbrellas.
In Kid, Dog, Castor and Buck Gloves.
Reductions in all Notions and Fancy Goods.
Reductions in all Housekeeping Goods.
Reductions in all Goods, Useful and Ornamental for the Holidays, at

WM. F. CROW & CO.,

Corner Fourth and Washington Avenue.

TOYS! TOYS!

AND

Holiday Goods!

Price List on Application.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.,

Washington Ave. and Fifth St.

ALEXANDER'S DRUG STORE,

NORTHWEST COR. FIFTH AND OLIVE STS.

PURE MEDICINES, FINE PERFUMERY,
Sponges, Mirrors, Hair Brushes, Combs, Soap and other Fancy Toilet Articles.
ALEXANDER'S UNRIVALED COLOGNE WATER.

Prescriptions Accurately Prepared by Competent Apothecaries under the supervision of

M. W. ALEXANDER,

Graduate Philadelphia College of Pharmacy.

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Dena Sander and Adam Sander are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Angelrodt street in city block 1183, 27 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 120 feet in length or depth, being lot 19 in block 33 in Farrar's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 12, 1881. 16W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Alvin Fox, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Guilford street in city block 1877, 55 feet in front or width, and 132 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 12 in block 3 in Darby's addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Guilford street in city block 1877, 37 feet 1 inch in front or width, and 132 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 13 in block 3 in Darby's addition to said city.

And I will on

FRIDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 12, 1881. 12W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Charles E. Giraldin is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Arsenal street in city block 1492, 25 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 2 in City Commons.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Arsenal street in city block 1492, 25 feet in front or width, and 131 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being lot 2 in block 2 in City Commons.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described undivided one-half interest of the above named defendants in and to the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 12, 1881. 13W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Playfair G. Ault, Edwin M. Ault, Alvin Fox, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Guilford street in city block 1877, 55 feet in front or width, and 132 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 12 in block 3 in Darby's addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Guilford street in city block 1877, 37 feet 1 inch in front or width, and 132 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 13 in block 3 in Darby's addition to said city.

And I will on

FRIDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 12, 1881. 12W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Thomas Brady, Charles R. Lewis, Daniel E. Young and Eber Young, composing the firm of Lewis, Young & Co., R. L. McCally, trustee, and Annie Shanley are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on O'Fallon street in city block 2309, 17 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being the east part of lot 11 in block 5 in A. Biddle's addition to said city, in survey 1438.

No. 2. A lot of ground on O'Fallon street in city block 2309, 7 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being part of lot 11 in block 5 in A. Biddle's addition to said city, in survey 1438, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Clemens, on the east by that of one Shanley, on the south by O'Fallon street, on the west by real estate of one Sullivan.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 12, 1881. 14W

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Richard Graham Frost, John M. Frost, Louisa Frost Eva Frost, James R. Frost, Caroline Frost, Lillie Frost, Daniel M. Frost, John Waddell and John F. Lee trustees of Jane Molesworth, Jane Molesworth, Mary Hirschberg, Francis D. Hirschberg, Lewis W. Molesworth, B. F. Webster and F. G. Flanagan are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Mullanphy street, in city block 2313, 20 feet in front or width and 74 feet 9½ inches in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city in survey 734, and bounded on the north and east by the line of subdivision, on the south by the real estate of one Sheridan and others, on the west by Mullanphy street.

No. 2 A lot of ground on Eighteenth street, in city block 2323, 20 feet in front or width and 159 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and south by the real estate of said defendants, on the east by an alley, on the west by Eighteenth street.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Eighteenth in city block 2313, 20 feet in front or width and 158 feet 5 inches in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the line of subdivision, on the east by Mullanphy street, on the south by the real estate of said defendants, on the west by Eighteenth street.

No. 5. A lot of ground on a proposed alley in city block 2323, 20 feet in front or width and 74 feet 9 inches in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city in survey 1430, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Graham, on the east by the line of the block, on the south by the real estate of said defendants and others, on the west by an alley.

No. 6. A lot of ground on a proposed street in city block 2323, 30 feet in front or width, and 74 feet 9 inches in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city in survey 1430, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Clary and others, on the east and south by the lines of said block, on the west by Howard street.

No. 7. A lot of ground on Eighteenth street in city block 2324, 30 feet in front or width and 342 feet 1 inch in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the real estate of said defendant, on the east by Eighteenth street, on the south by the line of said block, on the west by Howard street.

No 8 A lot of ground on Eighteenth street in city block 2324, 20 feet in front or width and 342 feet 1 inch in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and south by the real estate of said defendants, on the east by Eighteenth street, on the west by an alley.

No. 9. A lot of ground on Eighteenth street in city block 2314, 30 feet in front or width and 342 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the line of subdivision, on the east by Eighteenth street, on the south by the real estate of said defendants, on the west by Mullanphy street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 21, 1881. 24Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special pluries execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John Speed Cowan John R. Shepley and Charles Parsons, executors and trustees under the will of William M. McPherson, deceased, William M. McPherson, Jr., Laura M. McPherson, Sophia McPherson, Page McPherson, Michael Chartrand, Felix F. Chartrand, Antoine T. Chartrand, Joseph A. Chartrand, Paschal F. Chartrand, Thomas J. Chartrand, Joseph A. Chartrand, guardian of Louis F. Chartrand, minor, Thomas J. Chartrand, minor, Edward B. Hogan, Alice C. Hogan, Mathew Hodkinson, Jr., Nannie C. Hodkinson, John Coleman, Loria Coleman, Samuel V. Niles, Britton A. Hill, Robert Hilton, Brainard M. Million, Montgomery Blair, Thomas Williman, William Godfrey, Edward B. Cowan, Samuel N. Holliday, John H. Morse, cestui que trust, Henry Stollbrink, trustee, Francis G. Flanagan, cestui que trust, and Benjamin P. Webster, trustee, Mary E. Young and William Young, her husband, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the northern two-thirds of the north half of the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot or tract of land consisting of nine and eighty-seven (9 87-100) hundredths acres, and being in section 9, township 44, range 7, addition to said city, being bounded on the north by St. Louis Commons addition to said city, on the east by Mississippi River, on the south by the section line, and on the west by Carondelet avenue.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the northern two-thirds of the north half of the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said pluries execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 19, 1881. 6Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry L. Patterson, William D. Griswold and M. A. Wolff are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to wit:

A lot of ground on Washington avenue, in city block 520, 34 feet 6 inches in front or width and 133 feet 4 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by Christy avenue, on the east by real estate of one Allen, on the south by Washington avenue, on the west by real estate of one Barrett.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 21, 1881. 17Z

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Richard J. Howard is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 1: Three lots of ground on Clay street in city block 3124, each 25 feet in front or width, and 140 feet in length or depth, being lots 3, 4 and 5 in block 23 in survey 3.

Number 2: Five lots of ground on Van Buren street in city block 3124, each 25 feet in front or width, and 140 feet in length or depth, being lots 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24 in block 23 in survey 3.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 10 1881. 5W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry C. E. Bremser is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Three lots of ground on Oregon avenue in city block 1634, each 25 feet in front or width, and 127 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being lots 44, 45 and 46 in Kerr's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1881. 27W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Charles Stewart, Henry Rosenfeld, Morris Mandle, trustee, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in city block 1372, containing two and 35-100 acres, and being the north half of block 26 in City Commons.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, November 15, 1881. 20W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Elizabeth McDonald, Bernard Murphy, trustee, John McDonald, James McDonald, Francis McDonald, Mary Ann McDonald and Thomas McDonald, Miles Spies, guardian ad litem for the said James McDonald, Francis McDonald, Mary Ann McDonald and Thomas McDonald, minor defendants, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A certain parcel of land situate in survey No. 2085, township No. 44, range No. 6, and bounded as follows: North by line of said survey, on the east by land now or formerly of Polk, on the south by said survey line, and on the west by land now or formerly of Sire.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15 1881. 22W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mathew J. Doyle, Nathan D. Allen, W. D. Griswold and Huntington Smith are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 1. A lot of ground in Sublette avenue, 100 feet in front or width, and 140 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 2 in Mount St. Louis addition to said city.

Number 2. A lot of ground on Gratiot avenue, 100 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth, being lot 8 in block 2, in Mount St. Louis addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, November 23, 1881. 35Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Frederick Vasel is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 2. A lot of ground on Grove street in city block 1939, 25 feet in front or width and 88 feet in length or depth, being lot 11 in block 4 in Bailey's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 23, 1881. 37Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Julius Well is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Convent street, in city block 2269, 25 feet in front or width, and 136 feet in length or depth, being lot 7, block 4, in Moulton's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, November 15, 1881. 26W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph Jecko and Ernst L. Hospes are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Third street in city block 1782, 37 feet 4 inches in front or width, and 122 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 7 in block 2 in St. Ange addition to said city.

No 2. Five lots of ground on Third street in city block 1782, each 25 feet in front or width, and 122 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lots 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 in block 2 in St. Ange addition to said city.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Park avenue in city block 1782, 154 feet 6 inches in front or width, and in length or depth 234 feet 4 inches in the one part, and 217 feet 4 inches in the other part, being part of lot 18, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Laberque, on the east by block 2166, on the south by Park avenue, on the west by real estate of one Roe.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15 1881. 29W

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Ellen Field and John Field are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 1: Three lots of ground on Clay street in city block 3124, each 25 feet in front or width, and 140 feet in length or depth, being lots 3, 4 and 5 in block 23 in survey 3.

Number 2: Five lots of ground on Van Buren street in city block 3124, each 25 feet in front or width, and 140 feet in length or depth, being lots 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24 in block 23 in survey 3.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 21, 1881. 28Z

SHERIFF'S SALE UNDER DEED OF TRUST.—Whereas, George Katzung and Magdalena, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the 22d day of November, 1875, and recorded in the records of deeds of the (former) county of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 540, page 29, conveyed to Edmund F. Schreiner, as trustee, a tract or parcel of land situated in the county of St. Louis in the State of Missouri, in said deed described as follows, to-wit: Being a certain parcel of land in a subdivision of U. S. Surveys 1457, 1197 and 1393, a plat of which subdivision is of record in the office of the Recorder of St. Louis county, the land hereby conveyed being a part of lot No. three of said subdivision, beginning sixty-nine ⅔ yards from the northwest corner of said lot No 3, on the line dividing lots No. 2 and 3, thence south forty-two ½ degrees west two hundred and nine yard. to a stake, thence north forty-eight degrees west sixty nine ⅔ yards to the center of a road dividing lots Nos. 3 and 4, thence along said road south forty-two ½ degrees west to the southwest corner of lot No. 3, thence along the line between lots 3 and 6 to the line of survey — thence with the line of survey — to the southeast corner of lot No. 2 of said subdivision, thence along the line between lots two and three to the beginning, containing 41 acres, being all of lot No 3 except three acres owned by Mathias Rodenbaugh by reason of same property acquired by said Wm Lieser of L. Michel, by trustee, by deed dated June 12 1875, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of St. Louis county in book 625, page 5; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein mentioned; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the two of said notes last becoming due, and the same remain wholly unpaid; and whereas the said Edmund F. Scareimer has removed out of the State of Missouri and is unable to execute the trust created by said deed; and whereas, after said default and removal the Circuit Court of St. Louis County, Missouri, on the 14th day of November, 1881, upon the petition of William Lieser, the legal holder of said notes last mentioned, made an order appointing the undersigned Sheriff of St. Louis county, Missouri, trustee in said deed of trust, with all the rights, powers and authority possessed by said original trustee, Edmund F. Schreiner; now therefore, I, the said Sheriff, as such trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said notes remaining unpaid, and by virtue of said order of court and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, will, on

SATURDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis (formerly in the county of St. Louis), State of Missouri, proceed to sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described property for the purpose of said trust.

ROBERT SCHNECKO,
Sheriff of St. Louis County, as Trustee.

St. Louis county, November 25, 1881. 66Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Kate Connelly and Peter Connelly, minors, and Charles H. Chapin, guardian ad litem for Kate Connelly and Peter Connelly, minors, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Three lots of ground on Seventeenth street in city block 1242, each 25 feet in front or width, and 128 feet in length or depth, being lots 4, 5 and 6 in block 5 in West Bremen addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 10, 1881. 4W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Jacob John is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 1. A lot of ground in Sublette avenue, 100 feet in front or width, and 140 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 2 in Mount St. Louis addition to said city.

Number 2. A lot of ground on Gratiot avenue, 100 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth, being lot 8 in block 2, in Mount St. Louis addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, November 23, 1881. 35Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Frederick Vasel is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 2. A lot of ground on Grove street in city block 1939, 25 feet in front or width and 88 feet in length or depth, being lot 11 in block 4 in Bailey's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 23, 1881. 37Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Elizabeth McDonald, Bernard Murphy, trustee, John McDonald, James McDonald, Francis McDonald, Mary Ann McDonald and Thomas McDonald, Miles Spies, guardian ad litem for the said James McDonald, Francis McDonald, Mary Ann McDonald and Thomas McDonald, minor defendants, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A certain parcel of land situate in survey No. 2085, township No. 44, range No. 6, and bounded as follows: North by line of said survey, on the east by land now or formerly of Polk, on the south by said survey line, and on the west by land now or formerly of Sire.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15 1881. 22W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mathew J. Doyle, Nathan D. Allen, W. D. Griswold and Huntington Smith are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Third street in city block 1782, 37 feet 4 inches in front or width, and 122 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 7 in block 2 in St. Ange addition to said city.

No 2. Five lots of ground on Third street in city block 1782, each 25 feet in front or width, and 122 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lots 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 in block 2 in St. Ange addition to said city.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Park avenue in city block 1782, 154 feet 6 inches in front or width, and in length or depth 234 feet 4 inches in the one part, and 217 feet 4 inches in the other part, being part of lot 18, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Laberque, on the east by block 2166, on the south by Park avenue, on the west by real estate of one Roe.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15 1881. 29W

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Mary P. Roberts and against William V. M. Rielly,

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to wit:

Lot in city block 1367, beginning in the east line of Grand avenue, 101 feet north of north line of Shenandoah street, thence north on said east line 200 feet, thence east 265 feet 4½ inches.

Lot in city block 1364, beginning in the southwest corner of said lot, thence north on east line of Vander Berg avenue 301 feet, thence east on south line of land of John M. Rice 265 feet, thence south on west line of Arkansas avenue 176 feet, thence west and parallel to Shenandoah street 57 feet 6 inches, thence south 125 feet, thence west 207 feet 6 inches to the place of beginning.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 10, 1881. 5W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Bridget M. Ivory, Nathan D. Allen, Huntington Smith are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

The undivided one-half interest in a lot of ground on Eigh

St. Louis Post-Dispatch. Tuesday, December 6, 1881.---Supplement.

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Helena Weizenecker, Joseph Weizenecker, Elizabeth A. Auer, Andrew Auer, Augustus Trorlicht, Emma Bclsaller, —Boisselier, Edward Trorlicht, John H. Trorlicht, Florence Roedler, Oliver Roedler, Eugene Roedler, Charles H. Roedler, Christopher J. Schuler, trustee of heirs of Peter Weizenecker, and Charles H. Chapin guardian ad litem for Florence, Oliver and Eugene Roedler minors, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to wit:

No. 1. Two lots of ground on Rappahannock street, in city block 1442 each 50 feet in front or width, and 632 feet 4 inches in length or depth, being in Weizenecker's addition to said city, and bounded as follows: The one on the north by Pawhattan street, on the east by Arkansas avenue, on the south by Rappahannock street, on the west by the real estate of one Roedler and others; the other on the north by Pawhattan street, on the east by the real estate of one Trorlicht, on the south by Rappahannock street, on the west by proposed Vandeberg avenue.

No. 2. A lot of ground on proposed Vandeberg avenue, in city block 1442, 50 feet in front or width and 320 feet in length or depth, being in Weizenecker's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Trorlicht and others, on the east by Arkansas avenue, on the south by proposed Vandeberg avenue, on the west by proposed Vandeberg avenue.

No. 3. A lot of ground on proposed Vandeberg avenue, in city block 1442, 50 feet in front or width and 255 feet in length or depth, being in Weizenecker's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by Pawhattan street, on the east by Vandeberg avenue, on the south by Rappahannock street, on the west by real estate of one Roedler and others.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Grand avenue in city block 1445, 30 feet in front or width and 262 feet 6¾ inches in length or depth, being in Weizenecker's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by Powhattan street, on the east by Vandeberg avenue, on the south by real estate of one Trorlicht and others, on the west by Grand avenue.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., November 18, 1881. 54W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Charles Henry Wiese, Fred Wiedeker and Nicholas Schuler are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Gravois road, 55 feet in front or width and 128 feet in length or depth, being in township 44 range 6, survey 3217 and bounded on the north by real estate of one Mueller, on the east by Gravois road, on the south and west by real estate of one Ude.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., November 24, 1881. 42W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Margaret A. Gibbs, Della Gibbs, Huntington Smith are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Seventeenth avenue, 49 feet 6 inches in front or width and 130 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 10 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Seventeenth avenue, 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 11 in block 10 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Eighteenth avenue, 49 feet 7 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 11 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Eighteenth avenue, each 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 15 feet in length or depth, being lots 2, 5, 8, 9, 13, 38, 39 and 40 in block 11 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 5. Three lots of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3129, each 25 feet in front or width, and 147 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lots 5, 6 and 7 in block 47 in survey 4

No. 6. A lot of ground on Eighth street, in city block 3102, 25 feet in front or width, and 140 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 20 in Ivory's addition to said city.

No. 7. A lot of ground on Eighth street, in city block 3102, 26 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 20 in survey 4.

No. 8. Three lots of ground on Eighth street, in city block 3102, each 25 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth, being lots 2, 11 and 12 in block 20 in survey 4.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., November 17, 1881. 52W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and James Booth, William J. Howard, M. B. O'Reilly, trustee, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on John avenue, in city block 2474, 50 feet in front or width, and 120 feet in length or depth, being lot 12 in block 40 in Bryan's second addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, N vember 17, 1881. 36W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Isaac C. Anderson, Murray Anderson and John W. Kerr are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Hebert street, 31 feet 2 inches in front or width, and 90 feet in length or depth, being the north part of lot 6 in block 27 in Lowan's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., November 18, 1881. 51W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Abraham Herbel is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Seventeenth avenue, 49 feet 6 inches in front or width and 130 feet in length or depth, being lot 11 in block 10 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Seventeenth avenue, 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 11 in block 10 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Eighteenth avenue, 49 feet 7 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 11 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 4. Eight lots of ground on Eighteenth avenue, each 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 15 feet in length or depth, being lots 2, 5, 8, 9, 13, 38, 39 and 40 in block 11 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 5. Three lots of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3129, each 25 feet in front or width, and 147 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lots 5, 6 and 7 in block 47 in survey 4

No. 6. A lot of ground on Eighth street, in city block 3102, 25 feet in front or width, and 140 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 20 in Ivory's addition to said city.

No. 7. A lot of ground on Eighth street, in city block 3102, 26 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 20 in survey 4.

No. 8. Three lots of ground on Eighth street, in city block 3102, each 25 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth, being lots 2, 11 and 12 in block 20 in survey 4.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., November 17, 1881. 52W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John De Haan is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot or parcel of ground on Clagett avenue of said city, containing 810-100 acres, and bounded on the west part of blocks No. 39, No. 40, and No. 41 of Vine Grove place or addition to said city of St. Louis.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis. Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., November 18, 1881. 57W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Daniel Able, Clifton W. Able, Charles B. Able, Mary B. Able and Samuel T. Able, acting as guardian ad litem for Florence, Oliver and Eugene Roedler minors, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 1: A lot of ground on Twentieth street in city block 1247 81 feet in front or width, and 127 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 8 in West Bremen addition to said city.

Number 2: A lot of ground on Sophia street in city block 1467 north 42 feet 8 inches in front or width, and 124 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being in block 25 of survey 4 as represented on the plat of said survey on record in the Recorder's office of the then county of St. Louis, being now in city block No. 3110 of said city of St. Louis.

In trust to secure the payment of a certain note in said deed of trust described; and whereas said deed of trust provided that in case of the death or absence from the State, or other disability or refusal to act of the said R. W. Bailey, the Sheriff of the city of St. Louis should thereupon become the successor of said R. W. Bailey in the title of said property, and that the same should be fully vested in said Sheriff for the purpose mentioned in said deed of trust; and whereas since the execution of said deed of trust said R. W. Bailey has died. Now, therefore, under the provisions of said deed of trust and at the request of the holder of said note, the undersigned, Isaac M. Mason, Sheriff of the city of St. Louis, acting as trustee, will proceed to sell the above described property, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

THURSDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

or the purposes of said trust.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, acting as Trustee.
COLLINS & JAMISON, Attorneys, 322 Pine st.
St. Louis, November 17, 1881. 67W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Hannah M. Osgood William B. Osgood, William C. McKee, Thomas P. Davison, Ann Davison, Martha Cowan, Eugene Parmer, and Henry Hitchcock, administrator of the estate of J. P. Davison, deceased, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. Seven lots of ground on Ninth street, in city block 2809, each 30 feet 10½ inches in front or width, and 150 feet in length or depth, being lots 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18 and 19 in block 45 in South St. Louis Suburbs addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Ninth street in city block 2809, 26 feet 9¼ inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 20 in block 45 in South St. Louis Suburbs addition to said city.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Tenth street in city block 2809 26 feet 10½ inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 45 in South St. Louis Suburbs addition to said city.

No. 4 Nine lots of ground on Tenth street, each 30 feet 10½ inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 in block 45 in South St. Louis Suburbs addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, November 23, 1881. 43Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mary Freund is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on St. Charles road, 25 feet in front or width and 130 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being the east half of lot 6 in block 1 in Prairie Place addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Victoria street, 25 feet in front or width and 13. feet in length or depth, being the east half of lot 7 in block 1 in Prairie Place Addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., November 18, 1881. 52W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and William R. Pye and Huntington Smith are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on St. Charles road, 25 feet in front or width and 130 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being the east half of lot 6 in block 1 in Prairie Place addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Victoria street, 25 feet in front or width and 13. feet in length or depth, being the east half of lot 7 in block 1 in Prairie Place Addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., November 18, 1881. 52W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and James W. Pattison, Francis P. Packer, Juliet P. Kline, George Kline, John Packer, Joseph Dormitzer, Charles Taussig, trustee, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bills, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 2. A lot of ground on Daggett avenue. 150 feet 7 inches in front or width and 164 feet 9 inches in length or depth, being the west part of lot 1 in block 17 in Fairmount addition to said city.

No. 3 A lot of ground on Wilson avenue, 19) feet in front or width and 165 feet in length or depth, being lot 3 in block 17 in Fairmount addition to said city.

No 4 A lot of ground on Daggett avenue, 154 feet 6 inches in front or width and 165 feet in length or depth, being the east part of lot 5 in block 17 in Fairmount addition to said city.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Wilson avenue 196 feet 10 inches in front or width and 165 feet 1 inch in length or depth, being the east part of lot 8 in block 18 in Fairmount addition to said city and bounded on the north by real estate of said defendants Patterson, Packer and Kline, on the east by real estate of one Hereford, on the south by Wilson avenue, on the west by real estate of one Pattison.

No. 6 A lot of ground on Daggett avenue 247 feet in front or width and 165 feet inch in length or depth being the west part of lot 1 in block 19 in Fairmount addition to said city.

No. 7. A lot of ground on Daggett avenue, 180 feet in front or width and 165 feet 1 inch in length or depth being the west part of lot 2 in block 19 in Fairmount addition to said city.

No. 8. A lot of ground on Wilson avenue, 180 feet in front or width and 165 feet 1 inch in length or depth, being the west part of lot 2 in block 19 in Fairmount addition to said city.

No. 13. A lot of ground on Wilson avenue, 50 feet 1½ inches in front or width and 165 feet 1 inch in length or depth, being the west part of lot 2 in block 18 in Fairmount addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one J. W. Pattison, on the east by that of said defendants J. W. Pattison, Francis P. Packer and Juliet P. Kline, on the south by Wilson avenue, on the west by real estate of one Gates.

No. 14. A lot of ground on Wilson avenue, 50 feet 2 inches in front or width, and 165 feet 1 inch in length or depth, being the west part of lot 3 in block 18 in Fairmount addition to said city, and bounded on the north and east by the estate of one Pattison and others, on the south by Wilson avenue, on the west by real estate of said defendants James W. Pattison, Francis P. Packer and Juliet P. Kline.

No. 15. A lot of ground on Daggett avenue 150 feet in front or width, and 164 feet 1¾ inches in length or depth, being the west part of lot 1 in block 18 in Fairmount addition to said city, and bounded on the north by Daggett avenue, on the east by real estate of one Pattison and others, on the south by that of one Gates, on the west by that of one Early.

No. 16. A lot of ground on Daggett avenue, 100 feet 1½ inches in front or width, and 165 feet 1¾ inches in length or depth, being the east part of lot 1 in block 18 in Fairmount addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., November 21, 1881. 17Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John D. Perry, Elmo Perry, Ella Perry, Lillie Perry, Ida Perry, Mary Perry, Lucy Perry, Ada Perry, Jessie Perry, Edgar Perry, Frank Perry, Charles Perry, Willie Perry, Lizzie Perry, Ethel Perry, Ernest Perry, Harry Perry, Ralph Perry, Clarence Perry, Alice